

Miss Eva Booth And Her Home

Up in Chappaqua, that dreamy little Quaker hamlet whose chief claim to fame rests on the fact that Horace Greeley made it his home for many years before he died, they are talking of the departure of Miss Eva Booth, commander of the Salvation Army in the United States, with her wonderful collection of dogs.

Ever since Miss Booth settled there a little more than a year ago, with her dogs, her man secretary, her female amanuensis a housekeeper and one or two other servants, the quiet folks of that restful little community have been talking about her.

Her dogs, her eight hundred dollar saddle horse, her bright red riding jacket, her male attendant have all proved rich morsels for the local gossip, for Chappaqua never has anything really sensational to talk about and simple things are magnified into important incidents in its daily life. The dogs have been pronounced a village nuisance by some of her neighbors.

They never have any scandals in Chappaqua or any violations of the common law as it is understood in other parts of the world. The nearest approach to a scandal in the village occurred several years ago, when some of the villagers, thinking that it would be a nice thing to have a little music, introduced chorals at the Sunday services in the Quaker meeting house on the main road. For two hundred years the good Quakers had met in the venerable edifice and communed in quiet, the men on one side and the women on the other, with only the songs of the birds on the trees outside to disturb their meditations. The wrath of generations of dead Quakers that had worshipped there arose in protest at this sacrilege and the village was divided into two camps, the one in favor of the music, the other in opposition. The latter finally prevailed upon their simple brethren to accept the innovation with good grace and a scandal was averted.

In a lapse from its normal pastoral mood the citizens of Chappaqua seven or eight years ago thought it would be becoming of their importance on the map to have a jail and a chief of police, although there really was no use for it. The village trustees were criticised as extravagant when they built a lockup for \$100. The chief of police was placed on a commission basis. He resigned after several

weeks of it, because there was nothing coming to direct it was costing him something to maintain the dignity suddenly thrust upon him. The jail is there yet, but its locks are rusty and its rafters mantled with dust and cobwebs which the enterprising spiders have been weaving undisturbed ever since it was built.

Has Many Dogs. Miss Booth chose Chappaqua as her home because of its peaceful environment and the gentle ways of its inhabitants.

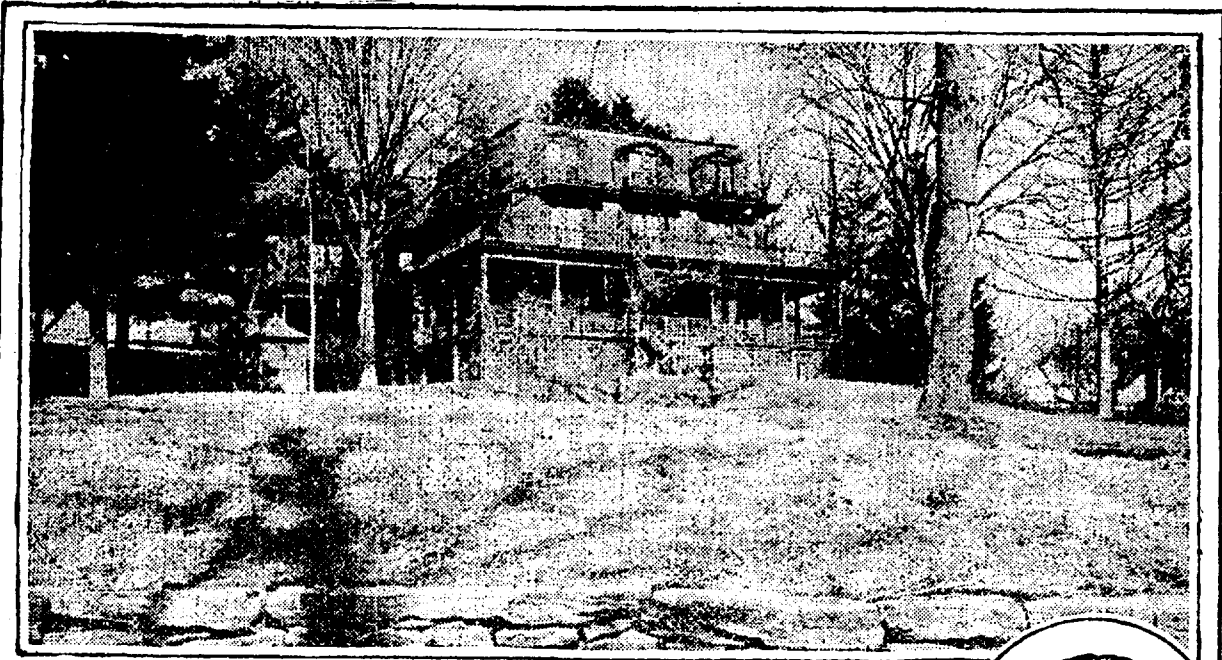
Miss Booth comes to the city every morning to direct the great philanthropic work of which she is the head, and it is evening before she returns. But her dogs are there all the time, and the Quakers say that they wish that they were any place else in Westchester county, preferably Pleasantville, just below. There is a feeling of jealousy between Chappaqua and Pleasantville, and the citizens of the former take pleasure in shifting over to the latter whatever is disagreeable within their own precincts. There is a wide difference in the estimate of the number of dogs on Miss Booth's place. Some native statisticians say that they number as high as sixty, while others contend that there are not more than fifteen or twenty. Most of them are collies—handsome, sleek looking canines, with fine bushy hair.

The house occupied by the commander of the army is known as the Miller homestead. It is located on the main road to the west of the railroad track where the land begins to rise toward Chappaqua mountain. It is a large, old fashioned three story country house with broad porches traversing the front of it and a large veranda extending across the rear of it also. It sits on the crest of a gentle hill, with sloping lawns spreading out in front of it, reaching down to the stone wall at the side of the road. To the east side toward the railroad is a large barn painted a dark red with green trimmings, in keeping with the homestead. Sixty-five acres go with the house, but Miss Booth makes little or no use of it. She thought it would be a good place for her dogs.

The approach of a passing wagon or lone pedestrian has been a signal for the dogs to charge down to the edge of the stone wall, the citizens of Chappaqua say. The horses of the village, like its inhabitants, are of a

American Commander of the Salvation Army, Her Dogs and Her Servants, in Peaceful Environment of New York Village, are Perpetual Wonderment to Simple Folk in Dreamy Spot Which Was Long the Home of Horace Greeley

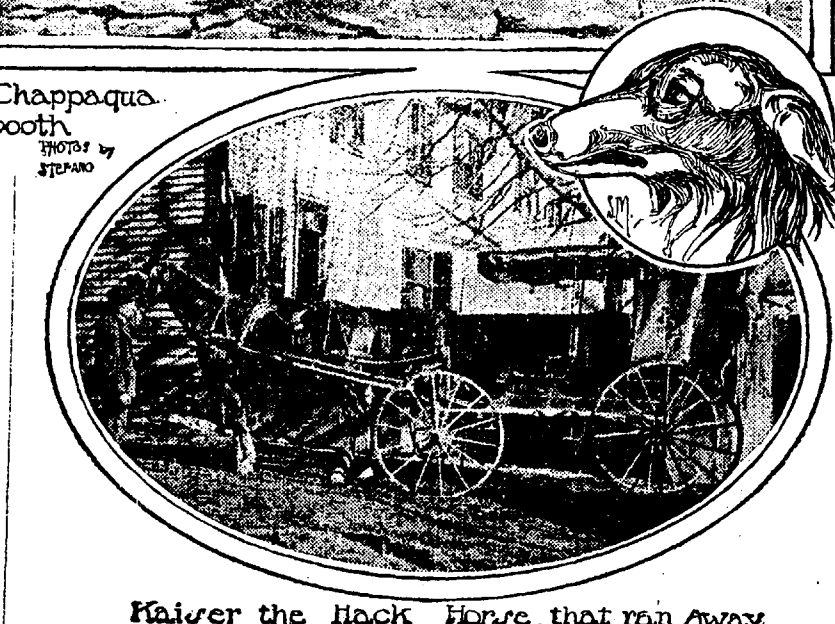
HOME OF MISS BOOTH AT CHAPPAQUA, QUIANT LITTLE QUAKER HAMLET NEAR NEW YORK CITY.



Miller Homestead at Chappaqua. Occupied by Miss Eva Booth.

positive, contemplative, quiet bent, sensitive to every jarring noise. They have formed an aversion to the Booth dogs and the Booth dogs have no use for them.

One day the dogs attempted to jump from the wall onto the backs of their masters and came down to run away, however, did the temper of the Chappaquans get riled. When the temper of the Chappaquans awakes to the aggressive stage it is an epoch in history, for the philosophy of the Quaker teaches him that nothing is gained by getting mad. Runaways are as rare as cuss words in Chappaqua. "Gene" Donahue, driver of one of the local hacks, who, although not a born Quaker, has acquired the quiet manners of the town folks in his long residence there, was driving Kaiser, the pet of the local hackneys, past the



Kaiser the Hack Horse that ran away.

THIRD CHURCH ELECTS.

Officers Chosen by Third Presbyterian Congregation.

The congregation of the Third Presbyterian church held its regular annual congregational business meeting in the study hall of the church Friday evening. The meeting was very well attended and great enthusiasm was manifested. Officers were elected as follows:

Board of Elders—Messrs. M. B. Knouse, J. H. McConnell and E. E. Ramsey.
Board of Deacons—Messrs. C. C. Lichtenwalter, W. A. Beattie, J. A. Norton and C. J. Colmey.
Board of Trustees—W. A. Diffenderfer, E. G. Shulze and Clinton R. Wilson.

Vice President of Congregation—F. P. Wilt.
Reports of various organizations and societies were heard, and the report of the treasurer was especially gratifying.

HAVE YOU MISSED THE MARK?

A gentleman had a son whom he wished to get into the police force of New York city. In due time the young man was summoned to pass the re-

quired physical examination. He passed successfully every test but one. Every policeman on the New York city force must be at least 5 feet 8 inches tall. This young man, when measured, was found to be 5 feet 7 1/4 inches high. He did not miss the mark by a foot, nor by an inch, but by one little half-inch. Yet that was enough to throw him out. The question with him is not, "How far have you departed from the line of truth or purity?" but "Have you missed the mark?" "All have sinned and come short of the glory of God."

It is related of General Grant that he sat with a group of friends in a hotel lobby. An eminent statesman said, "Gentlemen, I want to tell you a good story—I believe there are no ladies about." General Grant instantly broke in, "No, sir, there are no ladies here, but you will please to remember that there are gentlemen here." Covered with shame the man of impure speech hastened to change the drift of the conversation. Why should not gentlemen be respected as well as ladies? Impure language cannot be much more objectionable to a lady than it is to a real gentleman.

It is thought that the game of whist was first played in the time of King Henry VIII, of England.

Gifted Woman Who is American Commander of the Salvation Army.



EVA BOOTH.

SOME LEGENDS OF IRELAND'S PATRON SAINT

The Day Celebrated in the U. S.

Popular Misconception is That March 17 is Day of His Birth as Question of Printing Snakes Out of Ireland.

Almost any person who is asked the reason for celebrating March 17 will say that it is the anniversary of the occasion on which St. Patrick drove the snakes out of Ireland. It is told that he is wrong he will hazard the assertion that it is in honor of the saint's birth. There is no authentic record of the miracle by which St. Patrick drove the reptiles from the shores of Erin. It is stated quite reliably that he died March 17, 493.

By way of digression it may be stated that the old English calendars celebrated on March 17 quite as remarkable an occurrence. The day was supposed to mark the entrance of Noah into the ark. Opposite the date was always placed the words "Introtus Noe in arcam."

But to return to St. Patrick. With the coming of the day when the shamrock is flaunted in the buttonholes of the saint are revived. All of them are less interesting, and many of them are unfamiliar to the general public. It is safe to say that the life of no one of the early fathers of the church formed a more fruitful field for anecdote. In numerous ancient volumes his name is coupled with biographies, sketches and reports of miracles, the chronicles of those writers usually concluding with the observation, "Thus was God glorified, and in him Patrick." But in this mass of semi-mythology there is a good deal of truth.

Views of Various Writers.

The various writers discuss the question of the saint's merits in a very serious way. One goes into the subject at length, and seeks to prove that St. Patrick was a Scotchman. Another asserts in the most dictatorial manner that the holy man was a Frenchman. Still another, a sort of seventeenth century exponent of "higher criticism," offers what he calls evidence to show that the worker of miracles was an entirely mythical personage, whom the church canonized in order to manufacture a patron saint with the reputation of a wonder-worker.

All the old legends and traditions are delightfully homely. Notwithstanding the transcendent gifts ascribed, their hero is always essentially human. In one account, perhaps the most authentic, since portions of it appear in every biography, it is related that when but sixteen years old, the future saint was captured by pirates and sold into slavery in Ireland for seven years. He was then employed as a keeper of swine on the top of a very high mountain. While idly watching his drove he meditated deeply on the condition of the people and the necessity of doing a little missionary work among them. It was on this mountain, according

to one of his biographers, that young Patrick first came into contact with the devil, and the remarkable manifestation which followed convinced him that he was some day to be the champion of the people against all evil. One night while sleeping near his drove the devil came rolling down the mountain in the guise of a great stone, and attempted to crush the lad. Springing to one side, the future saint cried at the top of his voice, "Hellas! Hellas!" At the same moment, although not due for many hours, the sun rose and shed its rays over the scene, putting to flight the evil one. As soon as the devil disappeared the sun faded away, and night came on again.

Making Fire Out of Snow.

The miracles ascribed to St. Patrick are related with variations by the different writers. All agree that this and that miracle was performed, but the time and place, and other details are altered. One of the most remarkable of these wonders occurred on a stormy morning when, with his little band of converts, St. Patrick stood on a bleak mountain with no means at hand to make a fire. Snow was falling, and a chilling, howling wind swept across the hills. St. Patrick ordered snow heaped into a pile, and when a sufficient quantity was collected he breathed upon the frozen mass. In an instant a blaze sprang up and the snow continued to burn as long as the party remained in the vicinity.

The following allusion is made to this miracle in a poem written by some wag in the early part of the present century:

St. Patrick, as in legends told,
The morning being very cold,
In order to assuage the weather,
Collected bits of ice together;
Then gently breathed upon the pyre,
When every fragment blazed on fire.
Ah! If the saint had been so kind
As to have left the gift behind
To such a love-lorn wretch as me,
Who daily struggles to be free,
I'd be content—content with part,
I'd only ask to thaw the heart.
The frozen heart of Polly Roe.

Patrick left Ireland when a young man and went to Rome. He studied a good deal in different parts of Europe. When he had become famous for his piety, Pope Celestine ordained him to be missionary to Ireland, and he returned to the island. He was ill-received at first and he had some difficulty in effecting a landing, as the people along the shore took him and his comrades to be pirates. The saint convinced the natives of his pacific intentions and he was allowed to come ashore, where he rewarded their confidence by saving their souls. His worst enemies he found to be the Druids, whom he had established their gloomy worship over a large part of the island. They backed up their

priest craft with mummery and magic, and Patrick's struggle with them frequently developed into a rivalry as to which could do the most marvelous things. At last the sect found that the saint was too much for them, and they had to abandon their tenets in despair.

Expelling the Reptiles.

Colgan, the antiquarian, gives an interesting story of the most famous miracle, that of ridding Ireland of snakes. According to Colgan, the saint procured an immense drum and walked about the country beating a thunderous tattoo. Snakes of all sorts, charmed by the rude music, fell in behind the drummer by the thousands and tens of thousands and squirmed along in his wake. St. Patrick was well on his way to the sea, when an unusually energetic blow knocked a hole in the head of the drum. The snakes then stopped following Patrick and started to return to their former haunts, when an angel opportunely appeared and mended the drum instantly. The saint then resumed his pounding, and again the snakes followed quietly in his rear.

The reptiles were all led into the sea and drowned. Only one escaped, and he was chosen for special punishment. St. Patrick took him and confined him in the gloomy depths of Lake Dilveen, in the Galtee mountains of Tipperary. The saint agreed to determine the fate of the snake on Monday, but for some reason forgot to return to the lake again. They say in Tipperary even to this day that every Monday the snake comes to the surface of the lake and wails out in the richest old Irish, "It's a long, long Monday, Patrick."

In 1831 James Cleland, a landed Irish gentleman, with an inquisitive turn of mind, thought he would find out whether or not snakes would flourish on the island. Accordingly he imported six good, healthy specimens of non-venomous reptiles. Not long after that a countryman going along the road saw one of the snakes, and he captured it. He thought it was a fish, and he took it to a neighboring gentleman of learning to ascertain what it might be doing on dry land. When informed that it was a snake he made a great outcry and told all his friends. A sensation was the result.

A Great Sensation.

Mr. Cleland wisely kept silent about the matter and allowed others to account for the presence of the reptiles in the community. The "kissing bug" furor of a few years ago was nothing compared with the discovery of the snake. Sermons were preached on the subject, and many of the timid argued that it was a forerunner of the millennium. Old records were con-

Booth house several days ago when a squad of the collies dashed down to the stone wall and began to snap and snarl at the horse.

Kaiser has been in service about Chappaqua for ten years and has a spotless reputation for sobriety of manner and freedom of guile. But the dogs plainly worried him. Donahue tried to drive them back with his whip, but it was no avail. He had a woman passenger in his hack and he was alarmed for her safety. Tortured to the point of desperation, the horse suddenly bolted. Before Donahue could realize it, the poor beast was scampering along the road at break-neck speed, its tail tossing in the air with apprehension and its long ears taut and upright. Donahue is a skillful driver and it was all he could do to hold the distressed animal in check. Kaiser ran the fastest half mile ever recorded in Chappaqua.

"I'm madder than I ken tell," said Donahue on reaching the railroad station. "Durn ef I don't go an' see the squire about a warrant for them dogs. They're a gol darned nuisance."

The whole village was agitated over the incident. But the peace loving Quakers didn't want to see any scandal caused by the episode in which Kaiser made his record run. Peaceful methods to get rid of the nuisance, they argued, should be employed. Donahue did not apply for a warrant. Some think that it was because Miss Booth's forthcoming departure was announced. Apparently the latter learned of the antics of her collies, as for several weeks they have been kept more or less confined to the barn.

Because of the annoyance to which the residents say they have been subjected by the dogs, it is said the owners of the house do not care to renew the lease on it after May 1, when it expires. Miss Booth has decided to move to New Rochelle, it was stated in Chappaqua yesterday. Miss Miller, one of the owners of the house, was there Friday last looking over the condition of the property.

Hyatt Crosson, who keeps a saddlery shop on the road opposite the Booth homestead, said:

"The dogs have never annoyed me. They are a quiet lot. Miss Booth has got rid of a great many of them and has nothing like sixty, or forty, or even twenty in them there. I was

over to the house on Monday last and I saw only a few of the dogs. Miss Booth is to leave in May. I don't know why. She lives in the house with her two foster children, who address her as 'mother.' She has a man secretary, Mr. Griffin; Miss Page, a woman private secretary, a housekeeper, and a servant for general housework. She is a very fine woman. The people around here have exaggerated the number of her dogs."

Hackman Donahue contradicts Mr. Crosson and says there are more than twenty dogs on the property. He has counted them and knows what he is talking about, he says. Mr. Crosson says that many of the dogs were sent to Miss Booth by friends who asked her to keep them for her. They are valuable dogs, he adds, but she did not buy them.

On fine mornings Miss Booth goes horseback riding arrayed in a vivid red hunting jacket, which can be seen a great distance along the road, and is in marked contrast to the simple attire she wears on other occasions. The horse she rides is one of the handsomest animals in the country for miles around. It came from Canada, and is reported among the villagers to have cost \$300.

Chappaqua has no dog license law, so that Miss Booth has to pay nothing to the village for the privilege of keeping her pets on the estate. When a reporter visited the place two of the dogs were hovering around the lawn in front. Another collie was pacing up and down the front stoop entrance, which was barred by a gate, and gave the impression of a lion strolling up and down in its cage. Chappaquans say the presence of the dogs gives to the house protection from tramps and thieves and renders it impenetrable to inquisitive visitors.

An English firm received this letter from some one on the Gold Coast: "Dear Sir—I am with much affectionate to Write you this letter to say that I have seen your name in Magazine, so try your best and send me your Catalogue and so therefore you must hope me, and send me the catalogue. When you receive this letter send me as quickly as you can, I don't forget me, and I also too. I have nothing to say again. I wish best compliments to yours. I am yours faithfully, &c."

sulted and sufficient data were collected to confirm the credulous in the belief that it was about time for Gabriel to blow his trumpet.

Finally one man offered a sum of money for every snake captured. A hunt was immediately instituted, and the result was that four other snakes were captured near where the first one was discovered. The sixth snake was never caught, and it is not known what became of it. Mr. Cleland, therefore, did not have a chance to see a fair trial of his experiment. He at least did not care to repeat it.

The following reason is given for the wearing of the shamrock on St. Patrick's day: When the missionary first began to preach to the islanders he found great difficulty in making them understand the doctrine of the trinity. In a flash of inspiration he exhibited to them a sprig of common trefoil, thus showing how easy it was

for three to emanate from one. The word "shamrock" does not come from the Irish language. It is a corruption of the Arabic "shamrakh," meaning the trefoil plant.

Tradition has it that St. Patrick taught the Irish the art of distilling liquor, and that he originated that fiery beverage known as "poten." This is denied by many biographers, who assert that he was a strict advocate of abstinence from strong drink. An account of his death, written two hundred years ago, does not indicate that the good saint was so much opposed to the use of liquor. This writer says that while on his deathbed St. Patrick was deeply touched by the lamentations of his followers. He tried to comfort them, and with his last breath, whispered to those nearest him, "Take a drop of something for my sake."

"The Wearing of the Green"



O Paddy dear, and did you hear the news that's going round?
The Shamrock is forbid by laws to grow on Irish ground;
St. Patrick's day no more we'll keep; his colors can't be seen;
For there's a bloody law again 'gainst the wearing of the green.
I met with Napper Tandy, and he took me by the hand,
And he said: "How's poor old Ireland, and how does she stand;
She's the most distressful country that ever yet was seen;
They're hanging men and women for the wearing of the green."

Oh, if the colors we must wear is England's cruel red,
Shure Ireland's sons will never forget the blood they have shed.
You may take the Shamrock from your hat and cast it on the sod,
But 'twill take root and flourish there, though under foot 'tis trod.
When law can stop the blades of grass from growing as they grow,
And when the leaves in summer time their verdure dare not show,
Then I will change the color I wear in my caubeen;
But till that day, please God, I'll stick to wearing of the green.
But if at last our color should be torn from Ireland's heart,
Her sons with shame and sorrow from the dear old Isle will part.

I've heard a whisper of a country that lies beyond the sea,
Where rich and poor stand equal in the light of freedom's day;
O Erin, must we leave you, driven by tyrant's hand?
Must we ask a mother's blessing from a strange and distant land?
Where the cruel cross of England shall never more be seen,
And where, please God, we'll live and die still wearing of the Green.
—Dion Boucicault.

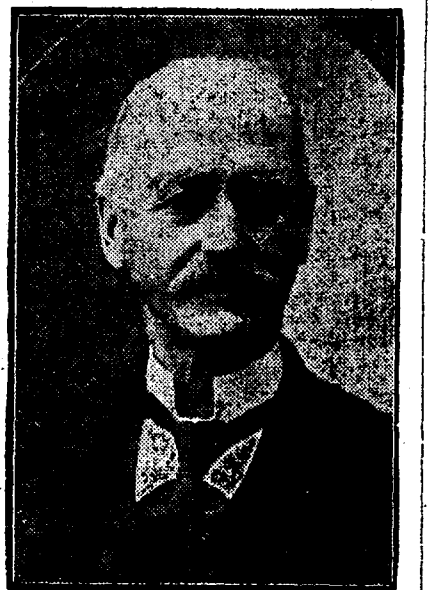
HON. G. B. LAWRENCE HAS PASSED AWAY

Former Representative in State Legislature is No More.

WAS LONG PROMINENT

Pioneer Allen County Citizen Expired Friday Night at His Home Near Abolt.

Hon. George B. Lawrence, a pioneer resident of Lafayette township, and a former representative from Allen county in the state legislature, died at 10:50 o'clock Friday night at his home near Abolt, after an extended illness. Death was due to Bright's



HON. GEORGE B. LAWRENCE, Pioneer Citizen and Former Representative in the State Legislature, Who Died Friday Night.

disease, from which the patient had long been a sufferer, and his condition was rendered additionally grave a few weeks ago when the patient sustained an attack of paralysis. It had been realized for some time that his recovery was impossible, and friends could only minister as best they might through the illness which marked the closing weeks of Mr. Lawrence's long and useful life.

The deceased was 71 years of age and was one of the widely known and highly respected citizens of the county, who had been prominent in its affairs for many years. He was a native of Ohio, born May 1, 1835, upon his father's farm in Wayne county. His parents were Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lawrence, who were Pennsylvanians by birth, and the young man was reared to the sturdy life of the farmer.

Came to Indiana in 1863.

Mr. Lawrence came to Indiana in 1863, settling upon the farm in Lafayette township, near Abolt, where the remainder of his life was spent. Here, during the earlier years, he shared fully the toil and the hardships incident to the clearing and development of his farm and the establishing of his family of a most comfortable and pleasant country home. Mr. Lawrence was a man of marked character and lofty integrity, a representative of the sturdy, honest, industrious and thoroughly useful citizenship which develops the best in life. He possessed a wide acquaintance and was held in universal esteem.

Politically, he was a democrat, and he was twice honored by the people of this county by election as a representative to the state legislature in 1898 and 1902, and in public office he served with marked fidelity and credit. For fourteen years, also, he held the position of actuary of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance association of Allen county.

Early in life he affiliated with the Lutheran church, and on removing to Indiana he united with the Monson Chapel Methodist Episcopal church in Lafayette township, of which he remained a member until his death. During the last two years of his illness, Mr. Lawrence derived infinite comfort and solace from his religious convictions.

His Family Ties. Mr. Lawrence was united in marriage in Ohio, November 22, 1854, to Miss Elizabeth Getzky, and to this union were born five children—three sons and two daughters. Of these, one son and the daughters preceded the father in death. The two remaining sons, John and Grover Lawrence, reside upon the old homestead. The loving wife and seven grandchildren also survive to mourn his loss.

Of his family there remain four brothers and one sister—John J. and David Lawrence, of Lafayette township; Milo Lawrence, of Whitley county; Mrs. Melissa Rice, of Pleasant township, and Amos Lawrence, of Fort Wayne.

Funeral services Monday morning at 10 o'clock from the residence and later from the Monson Chapel Methodist Episcopal church, interment at Glenwood cemetery, Roanoke.

EFFICACIOUS JUST THE SAME.

Several years ago a physician was called to prescribe for a young woman. He ordered the mother to apply a plaster to the patient's chest. The following day he called to see if his advice had been followed, and, finding the patient about the house, was complimenting his good judgment, when the old lady informed him that, as there was no chest in the house she had pasted the plaster on a bandbox.

WHERE HE FOUND HIM.

Diogenes, lantern in hand, entered the village drug store.

"Say, have you anything that will cure a cold?" asked.

"No, sir, I have not," answered the mill compiler.

"Give me your hand," exclaimed Diogenes, dropping his lantern. "I have just found an honest man."

WRECK VICTIM WAS RESIDENT OF CITY

FRED LIMCOOLEY'S RELATIVES IN FORT WAYNE.

Man Killed in Rio Grande Collision Member of Well Known Family Here.

Fred Limcooley, one of the victims of the Rio Grande wreck near Pueblo, Col., Friday, was during his boyhood a resident of Fort Wayne and his father, Henry Limcooley, is employed at W. E. Harden's foundry at the foot of Barr street.

He was born at Indianapolis and lived here after he was two years old until he was ten when he moved west and had since lived in Denver. At the time of his death he was proprietor of a restaurant at Denver and he leaves a wife and one daughter about seven years old.

The father had not read of the wreck and did not know his son had been killed until notified by a member of the Southern staff. He expressed no doubt about the identity of the dead man and said although he had lived in the west himself for a number of years he had never heard of any person bearing the same name.

Limcooley was a grandson of Fred Limcooley, formerly chief of the city police force, whose widow is still living in the city. He was a nephew of L. E. Limcooley, who conducts a grocery at Calhoun and Fontaine streets, and Mrs. George Bergmann, whose husband is a grocer at 2302 Hanna street.

UNCLES LIVE HERE.

Engineer Grant Kelker, who escaped injury by jumping, is a son of John Kelker, until recently master mechanic of the Rio Grande at Pueblo, Col., and a nephew of Anthony and S. S. Kelker, of this city. Two brothers and a brother-in-law, Jack Van Cleve, of Terre Haute, and a nephew, Charlie Menefee, of Decatur, Ill., all met death on railroads. His father, John Kelker, is now living in Los Angeles, Cal.

THE CHILD OF A KING.

It is said that a gentleman, riding along the road one morning, heard some one singing. He stopped to listen and caught the words, "I'm the child of a king." Riding on, he came upon the singer—an Irishman, with a pipe in his pocket and a pick in his hands. On the hillside was a dirty, torn tent; near by was a rickety spring wagon, and up among the bushes was roped a poor, bony, hungry-looking horse. The rider was a skeptic. He never permitted an opportunity to pass without making a thrust at any form of religious worship. Seeing the Irishman, he said to himself, "Now, isn't he a pretty-looking child of a king? How foolish religion can make a man! Then, aloud, if such is the case why are you not better fixed? How is it that you, a prince, are wandering about as poor as a beggar?" The Irishman went on with his digging, while he continued his song:

"My father's own son, the Savior of Once wandered o'er earth as the poorest of them, he is reigning forever on high. And will give us a home in the sweet by and by."

The skeptic was surprised at the answer and evident rebuke, but continued: "And this is the home of a king! Look at that old wagon—and just look at that old tent." The Irishman began the fourth verse:

"A tent or a cottage, why should I care? They're building a place for me over there. Though exiled from home, yet still I may sing. 'All glory to God, I'm a child of a king.'"

WHERE HAPPINESS IS FOUND.

Happiness is never found by searching, but finds its own resting place where it abides. How much of your time and mine has been wasted in searching for happiness! We have sought it in a thousand avenues, and yet, though we could almost have it in sight—our hands stretched out to grasp it—yet it has eluded us like the wind of the wings of the fable. The truth is, the very search for happiness renders it invisible and intangible. The slightest taint of selfishness in us drives it far away. I know the power that makes happiness abide in our hearts, and when there, the home, the fireside, are radiant with beauty where it abides. The spirit which, in entire forgetfulness of self, seeks the good of others, is the only means of making happiness our friend and companion. Let no question of this arise in your heart, but recall to your mind the happiest people you know, and you will find that, without exception, they are those who have contributed most to the happiness of others. It is true in the family, in society, in the world at large, and, above all, the church, that the happiest people are those who contribute most to the happiness of others—and it is contributed very slightly by wealth or any of our environment. Atlantic Constitution.

THE RIGHT HEART.

Two little girls were sitting near a brook in the woods. "It scolds and scolds," said one. "It scolds and scolds. I wish it would keep quiet."

"Why, sister, it is not scolding, it is singing," said the other. "The leaves are falling from the trees. How bare and ugly they look!" cried the first speaker. "Oh, but it is so pleasant to gather the leaves," was the reply; "and then see more of the sky and the sun shine on us better." The other frowned angrily and said, "Your ears and eyes must be made different from mine."

The difference was not in the ears and eyes, but in the heart. If the heart is right the brook will sing, not scold; the sky will look bright, and through the bare branches God's love will shine.—Selected.

THE RIGHT HEART.

While leaving the breakfast table Friday morning, William Twiford, a veteran soldier at Goshen, dropped dead from heart disease. He was 73 years of age.

START PETITION TO SAVE SHERRICK

Friends Working to Secure Signatures to a Prayer for Pardon.

MANY SIGNING PAPER

Friends in All Parts of the State Engaged in the Effort—News of the Hoosier State.

Indianapolis, March 17.—Signatures to a monster petition to Governor Hanly to pardon David E. Sherrick, former auditor of state, now in the Marion county jail, awaiting sentence to the penitentiary for embezzlement, are being obtained here and in all parts of the state. It is being signed by nearly every person to whom it is presented and there are hundreds of requests for permission to sign. One sheet is headed by the name of John Mitchell, president of the Mine Workers.

TRUSTEE MADE DEFENDANT.

Former Official in Madison County is Alleged to Be Short.

Anderson, Ind., March 17.—William T. Baker, former trustee of Monroe township, Madison county, and also sureties to his bond during the period of his office, have been made defendants in a suit for the recovery of \$10,000 alleged to have been township funds appropriated to his use, and also illegally paid out in the conduct of the township affairs while entrusted to him. Bondsmen included as defendants are William F. Baker, Rudolph Zimmerman, S. G. Phillips, A. Perdue, E. P. McMahon, A. B. Lee, Peter Schwinn, J. C. Condo, J. F. Brennenman and J. S. Shannon.

WILL RETURN TO PRISON.

Frankfort, Ind., March 17.—Sheriff John W. Haggard has returned from New Orleans, where he went to get Rufus Woods and return him to the prison at Jeffersonville. One of the men sentenced to this county for a term of from two to fourteen years for attempting to commit a felony. Woods is the man who escaped from Sheriff Haggard on a Monon train near Indianapolis last October, jumping through a window while the train was running fifty miles an hour, and disappearing.

INSURANCE CONCERNS BARRED.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 17.—Warren Bigler, auditor of state, has written to the officers of two insurance companies informing them that they will not be re-licensed to do business in Indiana. As the licenses under which these companies have been doing business expired March 1, 1906, no agent of either company now has the right to solicit business. One of these organizations is the Knights of Honor, home office at St. Louis, and the other is the order of Patriarchs, Benton Harbor, Mich.

NO EVIDENCE OF A STRUGGLE.

New Albany, Ind., March 17.—In the trial today of Rev. U. G. Sutherland charged with killing his wife, Mrs. Laura Whittingill testified to seeing Sutherland drive away from his barn two hours before Mrs. Sutherland testified to finding the body of Mrs. Sutherland in a room of the house. Sutherland's house with the other tied around her neck and the other tied to a transom. There was no evidence of a struggle. A rope swing had been taken from the barn and it was this rope that was tied around the dead woman's neck.

TO THE PEOPLE OF ALLEN COUNTY.

I am a candidate for the nomination of judge of the Allen circuit court, subject to the decision of the democrats of the county, to be made at their primaries in the wards and townships of the county and in their county convention. The primaries are to be held on Friday, the first day of June, and the county convention to be held on the second day of June, 1906. It is unnecessary to state that I have been judge for many years; you are aware of the fact. During the period of my service I may say, with due sense of truth and propriety, that I have endeavored to discharge the duties of the office with the single thought of promoting justice and serving the people, without distinction to the best of my ability. It is for the people to say how well, or indifferently I have succeeded.

The duties required of me at this time prevent me from seeing many of the people to personally ask their support. The people, and especially the democrats of the county, know that I would be very glad to call upon each democrat and voter at their homes to solicit their support. I am a firm believer in local self-government—in the capacity of the people to govern themselves. I believe, too, that judges should be elected by the people.

I ask the democrats to attend the primaries, and I ask each individual democrat to make an effort to get out as large a vote as possible so that there may be a full expression as to the choice of candidates. I am a democrat to feel that this is a personal appeal to him to do his whole duty to his party and to his country, that fit and capable candidates may be presented to the people of the county.

EDWARD O'ROURKE.

WILL OF MISS ANTHONY.

Estate of \$10,000 is Left to Cause of Women Suffrage.

Rochester, N. Y., March 17.—The will of Miss Susan Anthony was offered for probate today. The estate amounts to about \$10,000, all of which is left to the cause of woman's suffrage. Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw, of Philadelphia, and Lucy E. Anthony, of Philadelphia, and Mary S. Anthony, of New York, are named as trustees. The Anthony homestead is in Mary Anthony's name. By the terms of the will, the Mary Anthony will not receive anything from the estate.

ARCH-PRIEST OF ANARCHY IS DEAD

JOHANN MOST'S LIFE ENDS IN CINCINNATI.

Most Noted Agitator of American Propagandists Dies After Brief Illness.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 17.—Herr Johann Most, the anarchist, died in this city at noon today of erysipelas. Herr Most came to this city on Monday on the invitation of friends and has been the guest of Adolph Kraus, of Cutter street. He was to have delivered an address in Chicago on Wednesday night, but on account of the illness he was unable to do so. He was obliged to cancel his engagement, although the attack was not regarded as serious. Up to a few hours before his death his physician expressed confidence that his patient would soon recover.

Herr Most was delirious much of the time during his last few days, suffering greatly, but occasionally repeating parts of his most famous speeches, using the German language, with which he was naturally most familiar. During the larger part of last night he was unconscious, but during the morning he regained consciousness for a short time and at 9 o'clock seemed much more cheerful and apparently was suffering little pain. Later he again became unconscious and gradually his strength left him, and soon after noon he died. With him the anarchist movement in this city, who had been working for him during his sickness. No plans have yet been made for the funeral, the friends in this city awaiting word from his wife, to whom a message was at once sent.

REACTIONARIES ONLY CHECKED.

Witte's Enemies Have Not Yet Been Decisively Beaten.

St. Petersburg, March 17.—There is already evidence that only a check and not a defeat has been administered to the reactionaries who are conducting the anti-semitic agitation. Premier Witte, after he had secured a decision of the cabinet to suppress the agitation, knowing the audacity of his opponents, took the precaution privately to ask the Jewish leaders to notify him instantly whenever the Jewish inhabitants of any locality were threatened, in order to place him in a position to insist that measures be taken to protect them. The Jewish leaders, however, now charge that the reactionary clique, with the connivance of sympathetic local government officials, are boldly arranging to block such warnings. 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WITTE FIGHTING PLOT TO MASSACRE

Reactionaries Striving to
Foment a Slaughter of
Russian Jews.

TREPOFF A PLOTTER

Czar's Empire Believed to be on Eve
of Apalling Butcheries and
Fresh Uprising.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—At today's session of the cabinet, Premier Witte, who was warmly supported by Prince Alexis Obolensky, procurator general of the holy synod and Count John Tolstol, minister of education, insisted on the suppression of the organization known as the league of the Russian people, through which the agitation of the reactionary "Black Hundreds" is propagated.

It is reported that he was forced to arrive at this decision, but this is not absolutely confirmed. The police prefect, M. Von Derlaunitz, was summoned to the meeting and asked to explain how it happened that the publication of the proclamation calling for the extermination of the Jews was printed in the official printing office attached to his department. The prefect denied having any personal knowledge of the printing.

However, it was established that there was a constant accumulation of evidence that the plot to procure a counter revolution in the hope of sweeping away the reforms outlined in the manifesto of October 30, had its origin in a court cabal.

The conspiracy includes General Trepoft, commander of the palace; General Count Ignatieff, M. Stukinsky, former chief adjutant of the interior department; Count Sheremeteff, a noted reactionary, and General Prince Putiatin, who are said to be utterly reckless of the consequences.

Plan to Provoke Riots and Massacres. The plan is to procure a counter revolution in the hope of sweeping away the reforms outlined in the manifesto of October 30, had its origin in a court cabal. The conspiracy includes General Trepoft, commander of the palace; General Count Ignatieff, M. Stukinsky, former chief adjutant of the interior department; Count Sheremeteff, a noted reactionary, and General Prince Putiatin, who are said to be utterly reckless of the consequences.

The complexity of interior minister Durnovo in the conspiracy is not proved, although suspected. Premier Witte and the liberal section of the cabinet will be compelled to fight the conspiracy and consequently a break in the ministry is not regarded as improbable.

Fifty Thousand are Armed. It is understood that fifty thousand members of the "Black Hundred" in St. Petersburg are armed, but it is not believed, in view of the warning they have received, that the conspirators will attempt to provoke a massacre at the capital.

The authorities here, however, are in sympathy with the conspirators and the danger of an outbreak about Easter is regarded as very real.

In the meantime, on the other side, the proletarian organizations which were ruthlessly crushed by the government's repression measures, are trying to organize another general strike. Negotiations are proceeding with the telegraph and railroad employees, whose co-operation is regarded as vital to this end. The socialists of Finland have promised their support. Some rioting has already occurred at Moscow and in the vicinity.

The Strana (country) says that M. Durnovo has telegraphed to the governors of ten provinces in Poland not to proclaim the elections until further orders.

ARMY OFFICERS RESIGN.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—The rumor that the officers of a regiment of the guards had met and resigned in a body on receiving orders recently to go to the Baltic provinces and participate in the pacification of the country was confirmed today. The officers belonged to the first regiment of artillery of the guards.

DIES NEAR ROANOKE.

(Huntington Herald.) Jonathan Stump died at the home of his son, Elmer, two miles east of Roanoke, Tuesday morning of a complication of diseases induced by his age, which was eighty-one Monday. Mr. Stump came to the vicinity of his home, which was over the line in Allen county, in 1848, and had been identified with the activities of his community ever since. He was married three times, the last wife dying on November 26. Four sons, Alpha, whose home is in Missouri; Elmer, Jesse and Eli, who live near Roanoke, and two daughters, Mrs. Christian Ambler and Mrs. Washington Bolinger, both of Allen county, survive him. He has a brother, Samuel Stump, living in Mexico, Ind. The funeral will be held in the Beech Grove Christian church, the cortege leaving the late residence at 10 o'clock Thursday morning. Burial will be at the Kelsey cemetery. Mr. Stump was a member of the German Baptist church in Clear Creek township, and the services will be conducted by Rev. Dorsey Hodgden.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Real Estate or Personal Security.
C. E. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7, Base Block.

Grafton Bokhart, 81 years of age, and a veteran of the Mexican war, died Monday evening at his home in Liberty Center, Wells county.

INDIANA SALOONS SHOW AN INCREASE

Have Steadily Grown in
Number for Several
Years.

MORE PLACES "DRY"

Investigation of DeKalb County's
Books Show Small Results—
Indiana Gossip.

Indianapolis, March 14.—Completed saloon statistics for the year 1905 just finished by Joseph H. Stubbs, chief of the Indiana bureau of statistics, show that while the total increase in the number of saloons in the state over 1904 is 98, the increase of the number in the cities of the state is 118. In 1905 there were 3,781 saloons in cities as compared with 3,663 the year before. The number of saloons in the state has steadily increased during all the years with one exception, of which this bureau has any record. In 1897 the number was 3,022; 1898, 3,529; 1899, 4,014; 1900, 4,392; 1901, 4,695; 1902, 4,704; 1903, 4,835; 1904, 5,163; 1905, 5,261.

In 1904 there were 134 incorporated towns in the state without saloons. In 1905 the following were added to this "dry" list: Advance, Alamo, Ambla, Bloomingsdale, Boswell, Brook, Brookston, Carmel, Chalmers, Dugger, Earl Park, Elizabeth, Fairview Park, Gaston, Georgetown, Greens Fork, Hebron, Kempton, Keystone, Lagrange, Monroe, Parker, Poneto, Riverside City, Roann, Salem, State Line, Tennyson, Wallace, West Harrison and West Terre Haute.

But the following "dry" towns became "wet" in 1905: Coffey, Dillsboro, Ladoga, Lapaz, Lapel, Lyons, Matthews, North Manchester, Sulphur Springs and West Lebanon.

With these additions to and subtractions from the list of "dry" towns in 1904 it will be seen that the number in 1905 shows a net increase of 22, making the total number 156.

The financial return from the liquor licenses issued increased from \$1,332,175 in 1904 to \$1,363,925 in 1905. These totals were derived from two sources—the amount paid into the school fund as the state tax and the amount paid into the city and town treasuries as the city and town tax. The state license collected by the counties is \$100.

In cities the maximum city license is \$250 and in towns the maximum city license is \$150. Fifty-four of the 85 cities have paid the license fee at the maximum, \$250, and 118 of the incorporated towns have made the town license, \$150, the maximum. Of the total amount paid in during 1904 \$516,300 was turned into the common school fund and \$516,885 was turned into the city and town treasuries. In 1905 the common school revenues received \$526,100 and the \$327,325 went into the city and town treasuries.

WILL FOUND RAILROAD CITY.

New York Central to Have Big Shops
and Town Near Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, March 14.—Options were today closed on 2,400 acres of ground adjoining Indianapolis on the south at a cost of \$650,000. Six hundred and forty acres will be used by the New York Central system, including the Big Four, Lake Erie and Western and Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railways for general central repair shops to employ 3,000 men. The other land will be used for a model railroad city. The contract calls for two miles of sewers, pipe systems, streets and sidewalks this year. The New York Central system has appropriated \$3,500,000 for the work and will spend \$1,000,000 this year. The town will be platted and incorporated under the name of Beech Grove. There is a capacity for 40,000 in the yards. The deal was closed through the firm of John Wocher & Bro. The present shops of the roads will be used for divisional running repair shops.

FOUND FEW SIGNS OF GRAFT.

DeKalb County Investigation Resulted
in Little.

Auburn, Ind., March 14.—The expert examination of the county books, which has been in progress here for the last sixty days, was completed yesterday and last night Expert J. E. Coombs and his three assistants submitted their report to the county commissioners.

The examination was without much gain, as the investigation, extending over a period of nine years, disclosed an alleged shortage of only \$810. Of this, about \$600 consists of disputed claims, the same as exist in every other county in the state, and possibly a little more than \$200 of the shortage is due to clerical errors made in the handling of millions of dollars during the nine years the investigation covered.

HARRY S. CHESTER DEAD.

Elkhart, Ind., March 14.—Harry S. Chester, former county clerk, democratic politician and a poet of some fame, died today.

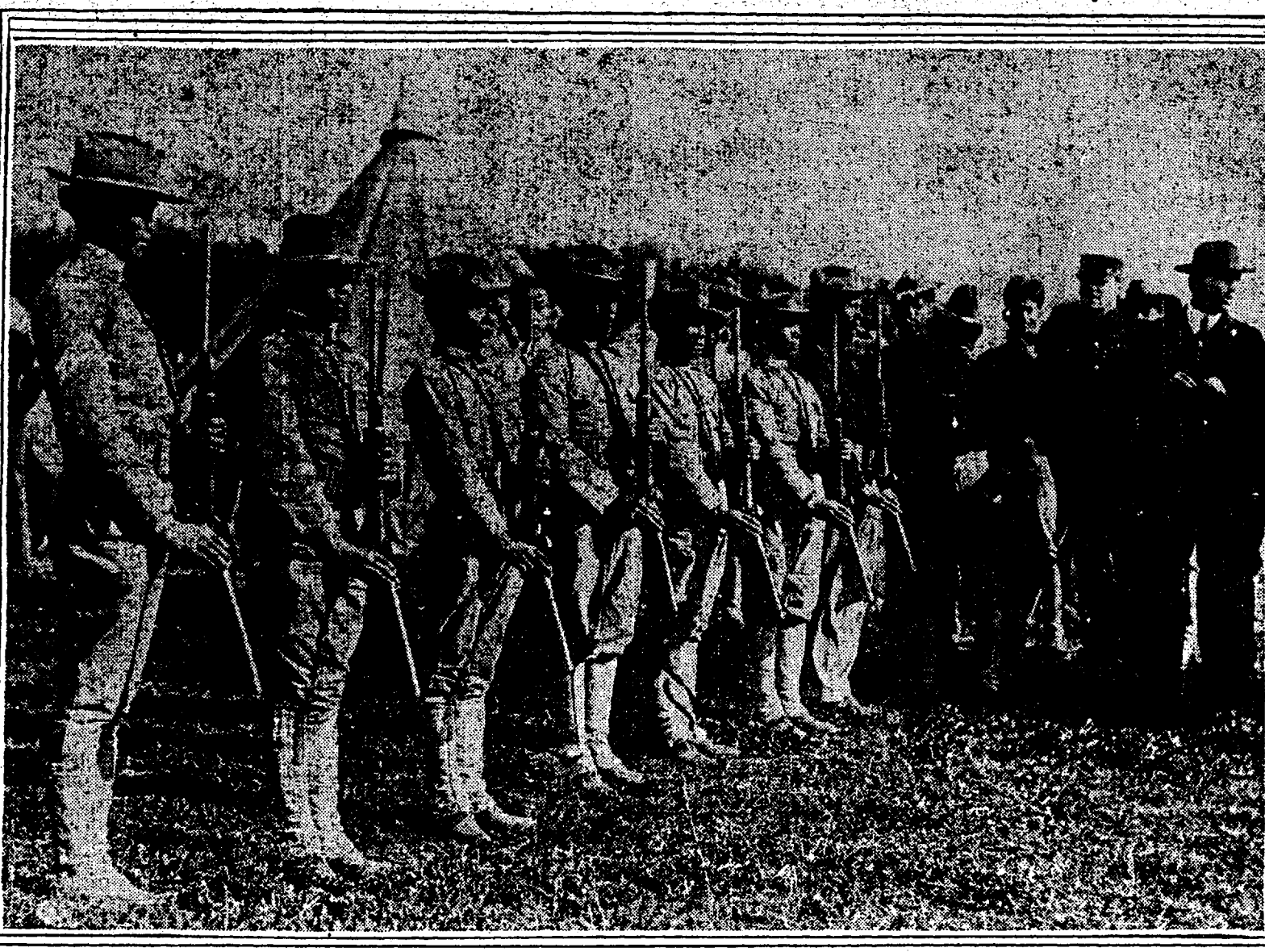
WAS FIRST CLERK OF WABASH.

Wabash, Ind., March 14.—James N. Amos died today. He was the first clerk of Wabash.

For headache, constipation, etc., Dade's Little Liver Pills are best. They cleanse and tonic the liver. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

Unassigned circulars printed in red ink were sent through the mails to prominent citizens of Valparaiso. They call for a special grand jury to investigate the grafters, of which the writer alleges there are many. References that are both ugly and libelous are made to a couple of public officials.

FORCE OF PHILIPPINE CONSTABULARY WHO SAW THE BATTLE AGAINST MOROS.



RAYNER WARNS

THE RAILROADS

MARYLAND SENATOR SPEAKS
ON RATE BILL.

Upholds Hepburn Measure and Says
People Will Sooner or Later
Compel Relief.

Washington, March 14.—At the beginning of its session today the senate passed a bill authorizing Rear Admiral C. H. Davis, U. S. N., to accept gifts tendered him by the British and Russian governments.

On motion of Mr. Culbertson the following resolution was adopted: "That the secretary of war is hereby directed to send to the senate copies of reports and other communications between the war department and any officials in the Philippine islands respecting the recent attack by troops of the United States on Mount Data."

The resolution was adopted without comment or division.

After further discussion the bill was laid aside and Mr. Rayner addressed the senate in support of the railroad rate bill.

Mr. Rayner's Address. Mr. Rayner announced his adherence to the rate bill as it passed the house. After stating that the power to regulate commerce among the states is the greatest power conferred upon congress by the constitution, Mr. Rayner entered immediately upon the consideration of the various branches of his subject.

He gave very little time to the questions of rebates and unreasonable rates, saying that the former may be regulated under the Elkins law and that there is comparatively little complaint regarding the latter. However, that there are some exceptions in the matter of rates and declared that wherever the charge is greater than it should be, the country is without legal remedy. He expressed the opinion that discrimination is the real issue. "If," he said, "an accurate railroad discrimination map of the United States were published today there is hardly any one who could be made to believe that it truly represents the actual situation. It would be derided by the public as the product and hallucination of a diseased intellect. We know, for instance, that the rate on certain lines of merchandise from Chicago to Denver is nearly three times as much as the rate on precisely the same line of merchandise from New York to San Francisco. We know that the rate upon first class freight from New England to the Gulf is less than the rate from Chicago to the same terminals, although the distance is more than 500 miles greater."

Some Paradoxes. "We know that it costs less to ship goods the entire distance across the continent than it does to ship the same goods one third the distance, and that when goods are destined from Boston to Salt Lake City they are carried to California and back again to Salt Lake City in order to obtain the cheap rate; and knowing these things, we must realize that such a condition of affairs at least requires supervision upon the part of some tribunal outside of any beyond the railroads that are simply building up their own revenue and profits."

Discussing what he declared to be the impotency of the interstate commerce commission under the present law to enforce rate making decrees, Mr. Rayner said: "We may scheme and forge and fashion," he said, "but it is not within the realm of human ingenuity to formulate any plan except the rate making power that will remedy the defect and supply the omission."

He contended that there is no doubt of the power of congress to set a commission with the power to establish rates, basing his conclusion upon decisions of the supreme court.

Reference was made to the claim that the enactment of the proposed legislation would demoralize the railroad system and the business interests of the country and in that connection Mr. Rayner said he would admit that it would be a great pity to destroy the equilibrium or destroy the proper balance of Messrs. Vanderbilt, Morgan, Gould and Harriman."

He added, "things are in such fine shape around this table that it would be a shame for any uninvited guest to break in the harmony of the scene and turn it into a Belshazzar's feast."

RAYNER WARNS THE RAILROADS

We must not suppose that these gentlemen are indulging in any luxuries as they are sitting around this table. They are not regaling themselves in midwinter with tropical fruit from Florida groves or California vineyards, transported in the Armour company's refrigerator cars; on the contrary, their meal is a very frugal one. They have been hard-working individuals during all of their lives, and now, after years of incessant toil and labor, at the moment when they have acquired a bare competency and are earning a fair amount of wages to keep themselves and their dependent families from want and destitution, it is a heartless and a cruel deed, I know, to unsettle their equilibrium or to deprive them of their hard-earned savings. It was sad enough, anyway, this whole scene, as it presented itself to the committee.

A Pathetic Picture. "It was pathetic to observe this solemn procession of railroad counsel: Mr. Morowitz, of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe; Mr. Bond, of the Baltimore and Ohio; Mr. Hines, of the Atlantic Coast line; Mr. Mather, of the Rock Island; and Mr. Peck, of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, all arrayed in their mourning weeds, with their long, funeral briefs exhorting the committee not to take any step that would bring havoc and ruin upon their clients, who have already made so many sacrifices of unselfish devotion to the interests of the public. The calamities that are in store for us as portrayed by these eminent members of the profession are something too dreadful to contemplate with complacency. Joseph never prophesied the plagues of Egypt with the accuracy and precision that you do not possess yourselves of the vain delusion

that your railroads exist for the sole benefit of your stockholders and officers, and that the people have no rights that it is your duty to regard. If you fail to take some such advice as this, then I believe you will rue the day.

"I have no fear that the hour will ever come when ignorance and anarchy will prevail in this country; that thought does not disturb me. What I fear is an economic uprising of the intelligent and substantial property interests of the country against monopoly and unlawful combinations of centralized wealth. Avoid this strife. Anarchy and socialism can be regulated by law and put down by force. Intelligence, that is spreading upon the wings of lightning, can never be cowed and defeated."

WIRELESS TO TELL OF FLIGHT TO POLE.



Walter Wellman

New York, March 14.—Walter Wellman, who is to make another dash toward the pole, this time in a dirigible balloon with automobile sledges and a metallic boat aboard, for use in the event of accidents or untoward weather, has arrived here from France.

He has come to arrange for the construction of his automobile sledges and agree upon the selection of the five men who are to accompany him on the expedition, one of whom is to be appointed by the weather bureau in Washington.

Mr. Wellman has made some changes in the capacities of his dirigible balloon.

Lewis Godard, of Paris, is building it under Santos Dumont's supervision. "We have decided to make it 184 feet long and 53 1/2 feet in diameter. The balloon envelope will weigh 1,200 pounds and will be of three thicknesses—two of cotton and one of silk, reinforced by rubber. It will stand a pressure of one thousand pounds to the square yard, greatly more than we will need, and will have a coefficient of five to one.

Motive power will be provided by three engines, supplying in all eighty horse power. These will yield a speed of ten to twenty miles an hour. The bag will receive 225,000 cubic feet of gas, and when inflated will have a lifting power of 18,000 pounds, including the weight of the machine, which will be 7,500 pounds, and that will leave 5,500 for the five men, the instruments, 650 pounds of gasoline, four automobile sledges weighing 210 pounds each, a metallic boat and equipment. The balloon will cost \$75,000 and we will have it equipped with wireless telegraph."

Announcing that his interests are identified with the railroads, Mr. Rayner advised the railroad managers to accept the pending legislation lest the people take the question in their own hands, organize a political party that will be irresistible, and will in the end enact far more stringent provisions.

"The interstate commerce commission will not dare," he said, "to take any step that will depreciate the property of the people, or that will cause any extreme changes in railroad management or policy. The business interests of the country would not submit to such action, and the courts would not sanction or tolerate it."

"I would therefore advise the railroads, as their friends, to withdraw their agents and their counsel and their representatives from the scene of conflict and let the conflict cease. Let a truce go up between the people and the corporate interests of the country; let the corporate interests make some concessions to the rights of the public. You depend upon the people for your livelihood and your profits absolutely and entirely. Now, take the word of your confidence and do not possess yourselves of the vain delusion

that your railroads exist for the sole benefit of your stockholders and officers, and that the people have no rights that it is your duty to regard. If you fail to take some such advice as this, then I believe you will rue the day.

"I have no fear that the hour will ever come when ignorance and anarchy will prevail in this country; that thought does not disturb me. What I fear is an economic uprising of the intelligent and substantial property interests of the country against monopoly and unlawful combinations of centralized wealth. Avoid this strife. Anarchy and socialism can be regulated by law and put down by force. Intelligence, that is spreading upon the wings of lightning, can never be cowed and defeated."

IN THE HOUSE.

Congressman Babcock Denounces the
House Statehood Bill.

Washington, March 14.—When the house met today the name of the late representative, George E. Castor, of Pennsylvania, was added to the list to be eulogized in the house at the Sunday session arranged for April 18.

The legislative bill was laid before the house and Mr. Babcock, of Wisconsin, took the floor for a speech on statehood. He said the house bill was one of the greatest legislative outrages ever enacted; that the senate had properly amended the bill and he favored the senate amendment.

BRITISH KING

GOES TO BOTTOM

VESSEL SINKS AND TWENTY-
EIGHT MEN ARE LOST.

Remainder of Crew of Fifty-Six are
Rescued—No Passengers
Were Aboard.

Boston, March 14.—The Phoenix line steamer British King foundered at sea last Sunday and only 28 out of the 56 on board are known to have been saved. News of the disaster was brought to this port today by the Ley line steamer Bostonian from Manchester. The British King was bound for Antwerp from New York.

The Bostonian had on board only seventeen of the survivors. The eleven others known to have escaped were picked up by the German bark steamer Mannheim, Hamburg for New York.

After the 13 men had been taken off by the Bostonian, darkness set in and it was necessary to postpone further work of rescue on account of high seas until the rising of the moon. Before the moon showed, however, the British King went to the bottom and in the opinion of the rescuers 28 persons went down with her.

The fact that the leak was not discovered for many hours was the immediate cause of the ships loss. The British King left New York last Tuesday. She carried a general cargo and 150 head of cattle.

HAD NO PASSENGERS ABOARD.

New York, March 14.—Sanderson & Son, the New York agents of the company, which operates the steamer British King, said today that there were no passengers on board the steamer, which was wrecked last Sunday.

The steamer British King was built at New Castle in 1881. She registered 4,717 tons gross and 3,042 tons net. Her dimensions were 405 feet beam and 27.9 feet depth of hold. She was owned by the British Ship Owners company, (limited), of Liverpool.

The tar that is contained in Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar is harmless. It is not coal tar, but is obtained from the pine trees of our own native forests. Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar is the best remedy for colds because it acts on the bowels—thus expelling all colds from the system. Bee's is the original Laxative Honey and Tar, and is best for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, lung and bronchial affections. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

Henry Schultheiss, a well known gardener at Gaiters, was struck by a lightning bolt on Saturday evening and so badly hurt that death ensued Tuesday morning.

ANTI-INJUNCTION BILL DENOUNCED

Labor Leaders Say Gilbert
Measure is Worst that
Ever Happened.

CAUSES A SENSATION

President of Seamen's Union Says it
Means Tyranny—Gompers
Also Against It.

Washington, March 14.—President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, and J. P. Funch, president of the Seamen's union, caused a furor today before the house committee on judiciary during the hearing of anti-injunction bills by denouncing the Gilbert anti-injunction bill, which is said to have been drawn by Mr. Garfield, chief of the bureau of corporations and to have the endorsement of President Roosevelt.

Of the president's reported endorsement of the Gilbert bill, Mr. Funch said: "If he understands this bill and then gives it his endorsement, he is an enemy growing out of labor standing under adverse conditions for a better life. Nay, he would be an enemy to human liberty. We do not believe, will not believe it."

The Gilbert bill grants courts sitting in equity absolute jurisdiction in all cases growing out of labor troubles. The equity process in labor suits is violently opposed by the labor leaders.

MAKE LIBRARIES

THEIR SPECIALTY

THIEVES OPERATE AT WABASH
AND HUNTINGTON.

Recent Robbery in Fort Wayne Appears to Have Been but One
Link in a Chain.

Evidence is accumulating that the recent robbery of the Fort Wayne public library, in which thieves got away with about \$35 in cash, was not an isolated case of burglary, but merely a link in a chain of thievery by skilled specialists who are giving special attention to the library industry.

The Fort Wayne library was robbed, on Sunday night, March 11. Twenty-four hours previously the city library at Wabash was burglarized in almost the same manner and the cash drawer was rifled of \$18. On Sunday night the public library at Huntington was robbed of about \$25. The operations combined in such rapid succession and conducted along lines that were almost identical make it evident that some industrious thief who is making a specialty of public libraries has passed through this section of the country upon rather a successful robbing expedition. There was ample time after the robbery at Huntington for the thief to come to Fort Wayne and carry away with his job in this city during the same night.

FOLLOWING THE BABY HOME.

I was once called, as is often the case, to attend the funeral of a little child in a family who were entire strangers to me, and who were not accustomed to attend any church.

It was an only child, and I shall never forget the rapt look with which the mother, who was heart-broken by the death of her baby, drank in the sweet words of Jesus about little children, which I read as I stood beside the little white coffin. As I was about to go away after the service, she asked me if I would come and see her the next day.

I did so, and she said to me, "I have never known much about religion. I have never gone to church much, even as a child, but God has taken my little baby, and I feel that it is heaven, and I want to pray for me that I may follow my baby home." She became a very useful Christian.—Dr. L. A. Banks, in Epworth Herald.

A HEROINE.

An eight-year-old child, with a cut in her hand, was brought to the physician. It was necessary for the doctor to take a few stitches with a surgeon's needle. While the physician was making preparations the little girl swung her feet nervously against the chair and was gently admonished by her mother.

"That will do no harm," said the doctor, kindly, "as long as you hold your hand still," adding with a glance at the strained, anxious face of the child, "you may cry as much as you like."

"All right, that would be better. What can you sing?"

"I can sing 'Give, give, give, the little stream.' Do you know that?"

"That's beautiful," said the doctor. "I want to hear that whole of it."

All the while the little girl's fingers were sewing up the wound, the sweet, childish voice sounded bravely through the room, and the only tears shed on the occasion came from the eyes of the mother.

A WATCH COMPASS.

Many a boy who owns a watch thinks he knows all about it. He has the number fixed in his memory in case it is stolen, and could probably pick it out from among fifty other watches with his eyes shut. But how many boys know that a watch is a compass, and will tell north from south as accurately as it will tell the time of day? Stanley, the explorer, did not know it until he had groped his way through the dark continent and met a Belgian sailor on the coast. If you point the hour hand to the sun, the south is exactly half way between the hour and the numeral XII on the dial. Suppose, for instance, it is four o'clock. Point the indicating IV to the sun, and II on the watch is exactly south. If it is eight o'clock, point the hour indicating VIII to the sun, and the numeral X on the dial is south. No boy need get lost if he carries a watch.

SUBJECTS OF INTEREST TO
AGRICULTURISTS DISCUSSED
BY ABLE AND PRACTICAL
WRITERS.

INTERESTING TOPICS FOR THE FARM AND HOME

PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE IN
STOCK RAISING AND GEN-
ERAL ITEMS OF INTEREST
TO THE BREEDER.

WAIT FOR PASTURES TO GROW

Mistake to Turn Animals Out Too Early in Spring.

In the spring, about the time the grass starts, when the appetite of animals falls and hay and grain become distasteful, is the time that requires special care on the part of the dairyman for his cows, if he desires to keep them in such condition that the milk will not drop off. If the cows are allowed to run at large, where they can get a taste of the green grass, they will not eat hay well and there is not sufficient nutrition in the grass to maintain bodily vigor and furnish material from which to make milk at the same time.

Where there is silage for the cows the longing for green feed is not strong, and the cows do not show the effect of the time between hay and grass so distinctly. But silos are not yet so common as they should be, and the keeper of cows must overcome the difficulty in some other way.

When warm days come and the long coat of winter hair becomes oppressive, when the appetite falls and the milk flow falls off—this is the time that the skillful dairyman has an opportunity to show what is in him to the best advantage. In early spring

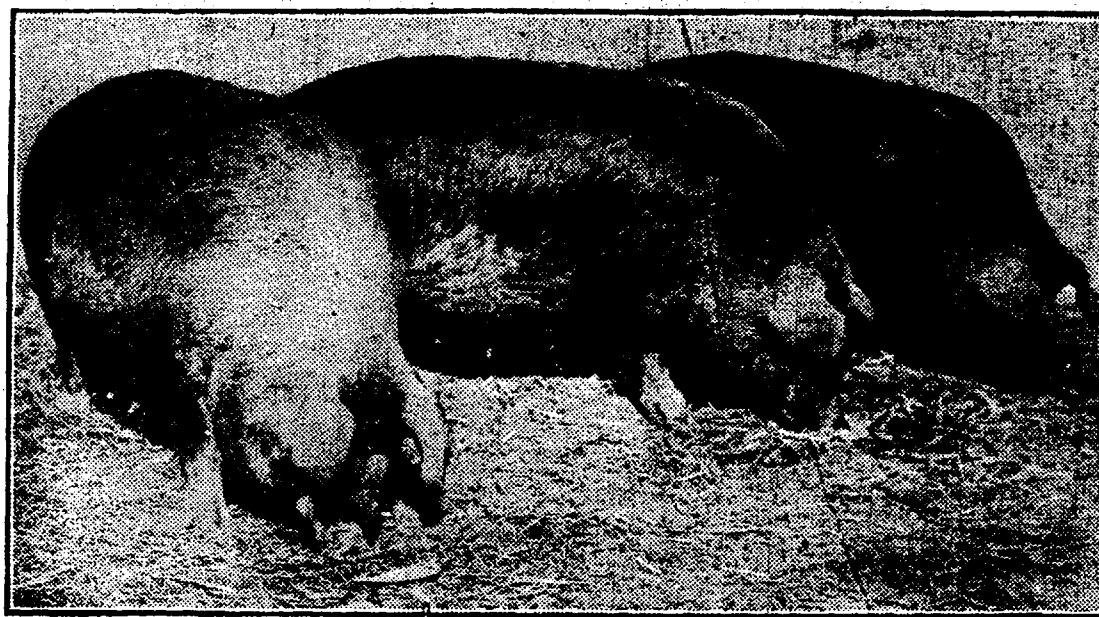
WHAT WILL YOU PLANT?

Some Pointers on the Best Varieties of Apple Trees.

(Elwood Tatum, Iowa.)
The nursery will soon be giving up its young stock and the question of varieties to plant is, as always, a perplexing one to the beginner. "Try all things, hold fast to that which is good," is advice that appeals to the apple-grower with great force. Ever on the lookout for improvement, yet loath to give up his old friends that have so many good qualities, he can say to Ben Davis, "With all thy faults I love thee still." For has not Ben Davis been good to him? Has he not regularly filled his bins with large, nicely colored, smooth, salable fruit? To be sure, he knows that the fruit is not considered the very best in quality, but it pleases the cook and makes the money move. I think we had better hold fast to Ben.

Another old favorite with me is the White Pippin. It bears well almost every year. The fruit is medium to large, keeps well, and is of good quality, both for cooking and eating. Its color, being green to white, is slightly against it.

The Black Annette is another that we are trying, and the more we try it,



Illinois Mortgage Raisers.

PROFIT IN TURKEY RAISING.

Pays Better Than Any Other Kind of Livestock.

There is no other kind of live stock that will return so large a profit to the successful producer as will poultry, and no kind of poultry is more profitable than turkeys when handled properly. The fact that turkeys will from the time that they are six weeks old till winter sets in, gain the greater part of their entire living from bugs, grasshoppers and waste grain that they pick up in their wanderings over the range, assures their existence through this period at little or no cost to the grower. In other words, they may be termed self-sustaining foragers where they have sufficient range.

The chance for profit in the production of turkeys is gradually improving as a result of a more general use of the best. They are now used not only for roasting, but to an increasing extent as cold cuts for sandwiches and for salads, and large numbers of poulters are used for broilers. Late hatched poulters do well for this purpose, and while there cannot be much opportunity for growing poulters to maturity when they are hatched late in the season, they may be sold for broilers at a good profit. No dish is more valued in our large cities at the present time than broiled poulters.

Turkeys that are hatched early in the spring should grow to weight in fourteen to twenty pounds by Thanksgiving week. These weights are often exceeded by the best growers, but as they are the most popular and the most readily produced, they are suggested as the most advisable. The average yield of turkey hens is from eighteen to thirty eggs, each of which can usually be counted on to produce a living poult. The question of profit from keeping turkeys simply resolves itself into the ability of the grower to bring them to a marketable size. This can readily be done if care and attention be given to all the requirements for success.

Six standard varieties are more or less grown in this country, viz: bronze, Narragansett, buff, slate, white and black. The main differences are in size and color of plumage. The bronze and the Narragansett are the largest, the buff and slate are the medium, and the black and white the smallest. Of late so much improvement in size has been made up to contend for third position, some of them having passed the thirty-pound mark. The same statement may be made of the blacks, as they have greatly improved during the past few years.

In addition to the foregoing there is non-standard varieties known as the Bourbon Reds. They might well claim the position now held by the buff turkeys, being quite like them and more largely grown for market than the buffs.

DON'T CROWD THE HOG.

While corn is the principal hog feed and very essential when finishing him for market, it is sure that we should at particular times feed it very judiciously, especially when we commence to feed corn now in the fall. Many then add it to their hogs to start them up in a hurry, while they have perhaps been having very little feed, which is a fatal mistake. Young hogs that have been crowded or have been on the other hand fed very sparingly, should be fed very carefully when starting them out on new corn.

It has been observed in times of crop failures in the western corn districts, when the hogs were bought up in a half starved condition and shipped back east into the land of plenty and put onto a corn diet, that they almost invariably commenced to die, and the fatality was usually very great. But was usually attributed to contracting the disease from the stock cars in which they were transported. Many are inclined to the belief that the hog of today has not as strong a constitution as the hog of years ago, when he was marketed at the age of 2 and 3 years. Now he is marketed at 1 year and less from his date of farrowing. The crowding process he is put through to get him to early maturity makes him tender, and when all else is gone, like a big, tender, overgrown plant.

ASHES FOR TREES.

The chemists tell us that there are about five pounds of potash in 100 pounds of wood ashes. Anyone knowing the value of ashes to a fruit orchard should not permit a bushel of ashes to be wasted. Ashes are not only beneficial as a fertilizer to fruit trees, but they will prolong the lives of trees. Where old peach trees were on the way to the graveyard they have been revived and made to put on new life by the application of a hundred bushels of unsifted wood ashes per acre. Ashes are especially beneficial to loose, sandy soils.

Unfortunately the road to success is a mud road and has not been thoroughly worked, and it has thorns and briars by the wayside.

WANT A GOOD BROOD SOW?

Some Pointers on the Selection of the Right Kind.

In making my selections of a young gilt for a brood sow I look back to her ancestors and observe closely the particular traits of the family. If any of the past generations are shy-breeders and the gilt is not an extraordinary individual, I condemn her at once. On the other hand, should she be of a very prolific family and not be of a shuncky type, she is given a trial. I prefer a gilt of good length without coarseness. To sum the same up in a few words, select those that have a motherly look and of a quiet disposition. Size with finish is desired, and we must be careful not to be carried away with the pretty little dumplings. But I do not advocate the selection of gilts that are of a loose and rangy appearance. Without spring of rib and with a back that drops from the shoulders and hips. The back should be arched a trifle and have good width and continue arched when in farrow. Good mother carries with it a good suckler.

In making gilts of my ideal type I prefer to use a boar with a trifle more compactness, with as much style and action as can be bundled up into his skin.

I am opposed to severe crosses, such as using a rough boar on a small, fine brood sow. It is best, on account of blood lines, that young sows should be mated to old boars, and the older sows should be mated with a younger male. My experience and observation of these lines have been this: That as a rule a young male will not secure as large a litter, hence the pigs grow large, and young sows bred to young boars will have trouble more frequently than when mated with an older male. The litter from an old hog usually are larger, hence the pigs are smaller when farrowed.

Above all things breeders should avoid all extremes in type to be mated, and if the mating runs back to the same blood lines three or four generations, so much the better, providing there is no violent defect in the specimens crossed. Should this be the case it will intensify the defect.

To secure success in mating breeding animals, make no violent outcrosses of individuals. This will give uniformity in the general appearance that is so much desired by all.

O. S. WEST.



Young Toulouse Gander. These birds grow to 20 and 25 pounds when very fat.

DON'T SAW OFF THE HORNS.

It is more humane to dehorn calves by the use of caustic potash when the horns are just starting than to use the saw on the horns after they have developed. Also, the task is easier at the earlier period. The operation with caustic potash should be made before the calf is nine days old. The better time is when the calf is from two to five days old. The hair should be clipped away from around the horns. A stick of caustic potash should be rolled in paper, with one end of the caustic bare. This should be slightly moistened and the tips of the horns rubbed for about fifteen seconds, or until the potash has made a slight impression on the tip of the horn. The treatment should be given two, three or four times, according to the age of the animal and the size of the horns, about five minutes being allowed to elapse between the applications. If a little blood appears in the center of the horn it will then be necessary only to give a slight rubbing with the potash. We advise all of our readers who have calves to adopt this method, rather than to wait till the animals grow, and have to use the more painful method. It is believed that the caustic potash method is nearly or quite painless.

If your barn doors slide between the sill and a plank bridge be careful not to let the space at the bottom get so wide that the horses are apt to get their feet caught there when going out or coming in. Good hard wood planks will not wear off as fast as softer material here.

NOW FOR THE HOT BEDS.

You Can Have Earlier Vegetables Than Your Neighbors.

(N. G. Saxton.)

In February I prepare several boxes in which to sow seed for early tomato, eggplant, cabbage and other plants, filling them with moderately rich, sandy soil after placing a layer of broken brick in the bottom for drainage. When planting time comes I have a warm place for two weeks and by that time the soil is thoroughly warmed through. After the seeds are planted the boxes are set in the south window of a warm room and the soil is kept moist and free from rubbish which might cause the soil to become mouldy.

When the plants are a few inches tall they are transplanted to induce stocky growth, and as soon as the weather permits, the more hardy ones are transferred to the cold frames. When planting time comes I have a nice lot of vigorous plants ready to be set out, and any surplus I may have is sold or given to the neighbors.

As soon as the land is in condition to be worked it is plowed deeply and thoroughly harrowed. It must be made fine and mellow to give the best results, and we keep the harrow going until the soil is in the best possible condition. Most of the manure is hauled out in the fall, from thirty to fifty-two horse wagon loads being applied to an acre, besides a heavy dressing of ashes for several kinds of vegetables.

Usually my first vegetables ready for the table are young onions from sets planted in the fall and covered with coarse stable litter. When the beds are uncovered in March the onions make rapid growth and are ready for use in about three weeks. They, with the radishes, beets and lettuce grown under sash bring in a great many dollars weeks ahead of any other garden truck, and are out of the way in time to plant the ground to a later crop.

The first seed to be planted in the open ground is peas, which stand considerable cold without injury. Beginning about the twentieth of March I plant every two weeks until July and so have peas all summer, though the later ones do not always do so well as the early crop. They must be planted deep and the ground should be rich and well drained. If the plants show signs of mildew spray them several times. I plant in double rows with four foot supports between. The very low growing varieties have never yielded satisfactorily for me, some of them scarcely paying the cost of sowing and planting. So I quit planting them, preferring a larger sort that does not bear quite so early, but gives a good yield.

Beets, radishes and lettuce must be grown extra early to obtain profitable prices unless they can be sold to regular customers. After my earliest plantings are disposed of I raise quite enough to supply our table and the chickens, planting beans in their place. Mohawk and Speckled Valentine are my favorite snap beans, but some of my customers prefer the yellow dotted varieties, so I grow a few Yellow Six Weeks for them. I plant as soon as danger from frost is past, in rows two and a half feet apart. Sometimes I get them in the ground before it is thoroughly warmed and the beans rot, but to have them extra early is necessary to take some risk, and I think it is worth the trouble when I get \$1.50 to \$2 a bushel for them.

The tenth of July is about as early as I can get tomatoes on the market, but even then they bring high prices for two weeks, or until the main crop begins to come in. Plants must be started in the house, transplanted several times to make them vigorous and stocky, and when setting them out the roots should be disturbed as little as possible. A clay loam is the best soil and it should be well enriched with manure and ashes. Put a shovelful of well rotted manure in each hill.

EASY TO FIX THE ROOF.

If the roofs leak in the farm building, slake some lime in a close box. When done save it. To every six quarts of this lime add one gallon of water and one quart of rock salt. Boil and skim clean. To every five gallons of this, add slowly three-quarters of a pound of potash and four quarts of fine sand. Apply with a paint or whitewash brush. This paint wash looks as good as oil paint, and is as durable as slate; besides, it is fire-proof, lasts long, costs a trifle.

USE TORCH TO KILL BUGS.

Many Experiments Prove It Is Not Always Successful.

During the past year experiments have been made in a large number of states with the use of the ordinary plumber's torch for the destruction of injurious insects on their food plants. Most of these experiments have been in a preliminary way. In some cases the use of a torch was fairly successful, while in others it was practically a failure.

Professor Pettit, of Michigan, found it possible to kill the San Jose Scale, but the same results may be obtained much more cheaply in other ways. Professor Craig, of New York, found it would kill the insect, but was impractical for large trees, since several hours would be required for each. He also found that the buds and bark, particularly on thin barked trees, were injured by the blast.

Experiments in Virginia and Maryland were unsuccessful, as the heat not only failed to kill all the scales, but injured the trees. A practical test at Richview, Ill., under the direction of the state authorities, also demonstrated that the torch is not available as a substitute for an insecticide spray in the treatment of the San Jose scale or for any general treatment of orchard trees.

Professor Stedman, of Missouri, finds the torch useful against the harlequin cabbage bug, and it has been used for that purpose in Texas a number of years and with considerable success, although lately it has fallen into disuse because of the amount of work required to go over a cabbage plant with it.

In tests made by two of Professor Forbes' assistants in Illinois during

SOW MORE BLUE GRASS.

It Makes the Finest Pasture, but Needs Attention.

Don't break up your good blue grass pastures. Missouri farmers say that a first-class blue grass pasture is broken up and put through a rotation of crops will take from ten to twenty years to get as good a blue grass pasture in its place. Henry Wallace says that he has never been able to secure a good pasture of blue grass on any land that has ever been broken up as he could by seeding it on a wild prairie and pasturing closely until the blue grass gets a good hold.

Blue grass pasture properly handled will increase in value from year to year, and he often advised farmers not to break up their blue grass pastures or suffer them to be broken up until their youngest grandchild is twenty-one years old. They will not, however, get the full benefit out of blue grass pastures if they merely pasture them and let them alone; nor will they if they pasture them too closely. They should study the nature of blue grass and its nutritive requirements.

It has two periods of growth, one in the spring and one in the fall. It takes a rest about the first or middle of July and is not ready to begin work again until the fall rains come. The farmer who pastures blue grass into the ground these two months can't well kill it, but he can seriously injure it. It is almost impossible to kill out a once thoroughly set blue grass sod on land to which it is adapted.

The grub worms may get into it and kill every spear of grass standing, till you can strip the sod off like you would a carpet off the floor, but there is always seed enough left to re-seed it if left alone. The man who turns in a lot of experienced brood sows into



This steer was raised by the Kansas College of Agriculture and took first prize at the Royal show.

the late summer and early fall on several kinds of injurious insects it was found that ordinary orchard scales were not killed unless they were practically burned off the limb. On some trees the bark on the smaller limbs were blistered before these scales were materially injured. Fall web worms and woolly bemes, flannel moths and other similar insects, particularly continued to grow when transferred to breeding cages, and several of them changed to the pupa.

Cabbage worms could only be killed after the heat had caused the leaves of the plant to curve and blister. Mildew leaf leaves could not be cleared without so injuring the leaf that it would drop off, thereby speaking the use of sufficient heat to destroy the insects was found to injure the foliage and often the twigs of trees and shrubs.

Notwithstanding the general unfavorable outcome of these tests, Professor Forbes thinks further experiments may be desirable with the gasoline torch used against cabbage bugs and other similar insects, particularly where they can be induced to accumulate upon trap crops of worthless plants. And he thinks it may be worthy of trial in comparison with kerosene for the destruction of chinch bugs accumulating in furrows and post holes which have been made to keep them out of corn fields.

DYNAMITE FOR THE ORCHARD.

On a hillside where I planted an orchard when I was a boy, the sub-soil was almost as hard as a rock, and yet the apple trees planted there thrived and made productive orchards. But the trees would have grown much faster had a small charge of dynamite been exploded where every tree was planted just before it was set out. The explosion of the dynamite loosens and breaks up the soil to the depth of four to six feet, which is somewhat like deep sub-soling, changing the character of the sub-soil and enabling the roots of the trees to penetrate with greater ease. The explosion also breaks up particles of soil, so that there is more plant food available. Mr. Hale's method is as follows: Plunge down a crowbar where you wish to set your tree, and put in the hole two to four ounces of dynamite and attach a fuse and retire. The dynamite will blow out a hole large enough to set the tree and loosen up the soil at least a foot in every direction, even downward, and the tree can grow and throw out its roots in a mellow soil. The dynamite does the work more thoroughly and cheaper than can be done in other ways. But get an experienced man to handle the dynamite.

Charles A. Green.

If farmers would hire their help by the year instead of for seven or eight months, it might help the situation.

a pasture thus infected and lets them do their own sweet will, shuts his eyes till they are through and then harrows it over, takes a wise course. He takes a still wiser course if before he harrows he sows some clover and timothy seed to occupy the ground until the blue grass gets thoroughly at work again.

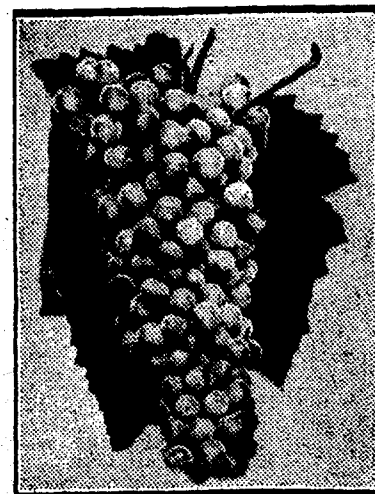
Therefore avoid close pasturing during the hot season. If you must pasture during the hot season, pasture lightly during the early part of the year so that there will be plenty of grass for the cattle without gnawing it into the ground. If, however, you would get the full benefit, disk it every three years, thus preventing it from getting sod-bound, and at the same time clover seed in order to supply it with nitrogen.

GO SLOW ON SQUABS.

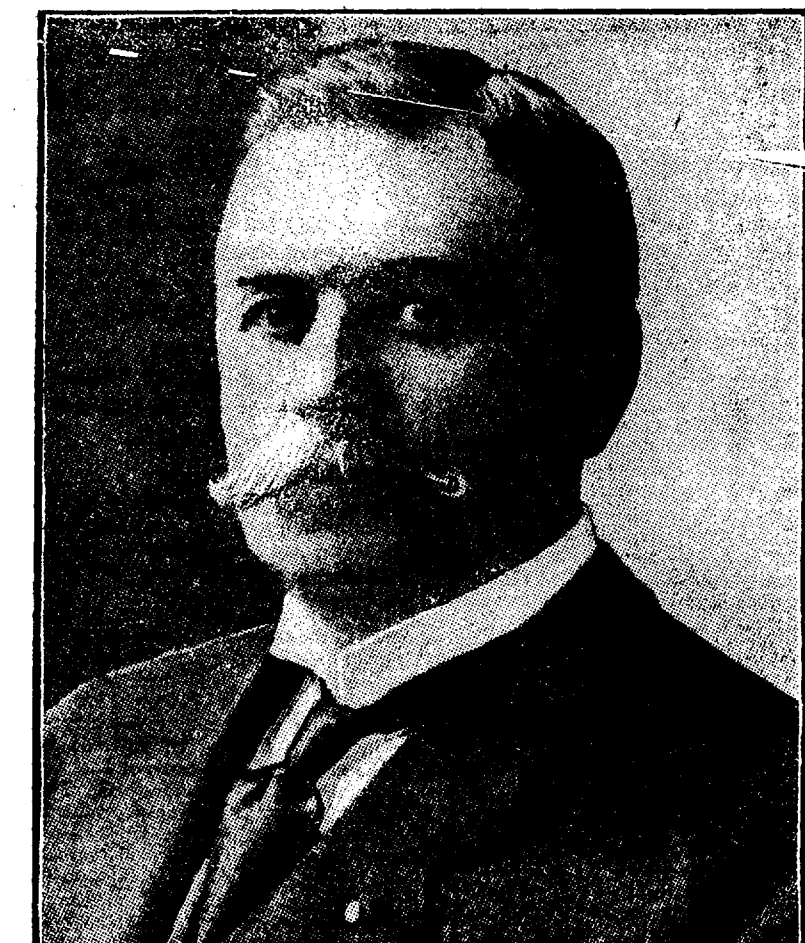
There is too much exaggeration in regard to the squab business, remarks the Prairie Farmer. The industry is not as many would have you believe. Many dealers do not put out actual mated pairs, but sell, as near as they can determine, an equal number of males and females. The determination of sex in pigeons is most difficult, and often a large number of one sex is received, making much trouble later on for the beginner. This is why a beginner in buying stock does not get birds which start to breed at once, but must wait months before they mate and breed.

Start with a few known mated pairs and raise and mate your own breeders; or, if buying on a large scale, as your birds mature, watch them and remove to a permanent breeding place. It requires patience and lots of experience to succeed commercially. Give your birds plenty of fresh, pure water for drinking and bathing, the best quality of grains and liberal supplies of grit and salt. A beginner should always consult some practical squab raiser before investing money.

To get along with harness just ready to fall to pieces, is a poor piece of economy in these days of automobiles and trolley cars.



The Hussian, a new grape created by T. V. Munson, of Texas. Mr. Munson has grown varieties of grapes where this fruit could never before be grown. He has done great work for horticulture in that state.



Dr. A. E. Melvin, New Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry at Washington.

the best hay on the farm should be given to the cows, and they should be fed sloppy mash rather than dry grain. If they are given a dose of glauber salts once a week it will do them good. I was never very particular about an exact dose of salts, but should give about two heaping teaspoonsful to each cow, dissolved in the water used to wet down the mash, thus distributing the medicine evenly throughout the mash.

It is profitable to groom cows, especially in the spring. This is done in the same manner that a horse is curried and brushed, and the work as thoroughly done as if grooming a good horse. The cows are curried with a sharp currcumb until the loose hairs are combed off and the dandruff on the skin is loosened. They are then rubbed down with straw and afterwards with a rub rag until the coat is smooth and glossy. This opens up the pores in the skin, sets up a healthy action in the small blood vessels just under the skin, and helps a great deal in a direct way in putting the cows in good condition.

Give the cows plenty of outdoor air as soon as the weather moderates, but do not compel them to stand out in the rain. Keep them in the yard until the grass is well started, for the first blades are too watery to furnish nutrition, and it is false economy to turn stock on pasture until it is well started. Any saving of forage made in this way will be paid for later by the shortness of the grass when it is most needed.

B. L. B.

FEEDING YOUNG TURKEYS.

For food the first few days give hard boiled eggs chopped fine, bread softened in milk, corn meal wet up in milk, etc., three or four times a day. They must not be allowed to go hungry nor to eat food that has soured. Give milk to drink. If confined on floor by reason of cold weather or storms, give green food chopped fine and mixed with their rations, and hay seed to scratch in. As feathers begin to take place of the down, they may be allowed to range somewhat.

W. T. Eastwood.

Three things are to be considered in dairy farming: The man, the cow and the crops to be fed.—W. C. J.



Milk pail recommended by the Michigan Experiment Station. During the process of milking the spout is covered with a cap, shown at the right. The ring at the left fastens the strainer, which should consist of a double layer of cheese-cloth inclosing a layer of absorbent cotton. Many are in favor of the idea of straining the milk as it is being drawn from the udder.

TILLMAN REPORTS THE RATE MEASURE

Democrat in Charge of Rail-
way Bill Addresses
the Senate.

SITUATION EXPLAINED

Says Railways May Defeat the Bill
But He Warns Them of the
Wrath to Come.

Washington, March 15.—Senator Tillman today presented to the senate his report from the committee on interstate commerce on the house railroad rate bill, which expressed his views but did not pretend to speak for any other member of the committee.

It embodied the first clear and concise statement of the differences concerning court review features and other proposed amendments that had made a unanimous report from the committee impossible.

Without hesitancy the senator declared it to be his belief that the bill should be amended, but that amendments should not be of a character to impair or prevent the accomplishment of the objects of the legislation, which are set forth best, he says, in the president's message to congress. He emphasized the need of regarding the measure as non-partisan, but predicted that the issue created will be paramount in the next presidential election. As to the effect he said:

"Those who are responsible for delay or inadequate legislation will find that when the floodgates of popular wrath and indignation are hoisted there will have been some fine grinding done."

Explains Situation in Committee.

Mr. Tillman prefaces his report by speaking of the peculiar circumstances ruling the committee's action on the house bill which made it an embarrassing task to submit views that would be concurred in by the committee as a whole. Commenting upon the absence of harmony in the committee's deliberations, the report says:

"Instead of being amended in committee, as is usual, so as to command a majority of its members, the bill was brought into the senate in a form not entirely satisfactory to more than two members. Party lines in the committee were broken down and the bill is in the senate by reason of the union of five members of the minority party and three members of the majority party in congress who concurred in reporting it favorably; and while these eight senators are agreed as to the general purpose and scope of the bill there are radical differences among them as to the amendments that ought to be incorporated in it to make it fully adequate to meet the demands of the business interests of the country at this time. This lack of harmony among the supporters of the bill—it would be speaking with more accuracy to say the supporters of the policy involved in the bill—brings about the anomalous situation in which a member of the minority party in congress is put in charge in the senate of proposed legislation which is generally regarded throughout the country as the cherished scheme of the president with whose general policy and principles that member is not in accord. At the same time the bill is designed to carry into effect his own long-cherished notions and the three reiterated demands of the party to which he belongs."

A Condition Without Precedent.

Emphasizing the claim that this condition is without precedent in legislative history, Mr. Tillman says it brings into prominence the fact that the proposed legislation is non-partisan and is so recognized as a result of the unanimous support given it by the minority in the house and the few opposing votes—only seven—in that entire body. "It therefore follows," says Mr. Tillman, "if events shall prove that this measure has broken down party lines in both branches of congress, that the conclusion will be almost inevitable that it will be framed so as to accomplish the results intended or claimed to be intended by both parties, and to this end democrats and republicans alike should bend all their energies and lend all that is best in them to perfecting and passing so important a piece of legislation."

There would follow "a cyclone of passionate resentment," said Mr. Tillman, in predicting what would be the result of failure on the part of congress to meet the widespread demand for railroad rate legislation. He declared that "we will be the harvest" of any member of the senate or house whose work in formulating a bill to regulate railroad rates earnestness or honesty of purpose and who shall seek to belittle the question or kill the bill by subterfuge and deception. The constitution gives to congress the power to regulate the railroads, he contended, and there are many wrongs to right.

Faults of the House Bill.

The bill as it came from the house, Mr. Tillman characterized as loosely worded and capable of different interpretations. Discussing the alleged inadequacy of the measure he said it is "the duty of the senate to make such amendments as shall produce the best possible law and relieve the distress and wrong, the existence of which no one will deny." In thus commenting upon the bill, Mr. Tillman said he can claim to give expression to no opinion except his own. The object sought, he added, best might be attained in the guise of the president in his last annual message to congress and from this the senator quoted extensively.

Mr. Tillman pointed out that it is generally supposed that the pending measure embodies the "well digested views of the executive and those of his party, whose advice he consents to take." After enumerating the essential changes from the existing laws regulating interstate commerce, he stated that the most important is found in section 15, in which power is sought to be vested in the interstate com-

merce commission "after full hearing upon a complaint made to determine and prescribe what will in its judgment be a fair and reasonable and fairly remunerative rate."

He thereafter observed in such case as the maximum to be charged, and to make an order that the same shall go into effect and remain in force for three years, which order shall go into effect thirty days after notice to the carrier and shall remain in force and be observed by the carrier unless the same shall be suspended or modified or set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction.

Great Difference of Opinion.

Concerning this section Mr. Tillman said: "Around the first provision the most earnest and exciting contention has arisen and there is great difference of opinion as to the scope of this clause and the executive powers of the commission under it. On the one hand, it is claimed most positively that congress cannot delegate its powers to the commission and thus authorize it to fix a rate, while on the other hand it is asserted with equal earnestness and force that this power is indisputable. Whatever may be the result of this discussion in the senate, if the bill becomes a law the final determination of the question at issue must be made by the supreme court. There is even greater solicitude upon the question of judicial review."

"The friends of the proposed legislation are equally earnest with its opponents in desiring to throw every protection around the billions of capital invested in railroads of the United States."

Mr. Tillman added that at the same time the friends of the people are demanding relief for producers and shippers. He declared that it is the duty of congress to hold an even balance between these conflicting and contending interests.

Friends of the railroads contend, urged Mr. Tillman, that congress cannot limit the jurisdiction of the circuit courts, while on the other hand, he added, "it is asserted with equal emphasis that the power to create all courts, other than the supreme court, rests alone in congress, and that such courts being statutory, are necessarily subject to the action of congress."

Can Prevent Court Interference.

He continued: "I myself incline most confidently to this view and have not the slightest doubt that it is possible to properly amend this bill so as to prohibit the circuit courts from interfering with the order of the interstate commerce commission by any interlocutory order. As has already been observed in connection with the power to fix rates, this question also must be determined by the supreme court should the proposed law be enacted. Mr. Tillman said that once in power his vote would be devoted to the questions of court review and interlocutory suspensions. The whole question at issue as to giving relief to the producing interests of the country revolves around this feature of the bill. If any desired of the supreme court shall declare that congress is powerless to grant speedy relief through a commission it needs no prophet to tell that an outburst of surprise and indignation will sweep over the country."

Commenting on the gross earnings and the net earnings of railroad properties, Mr. Tillman said that in the year every dollar in the United States passes through the hands of the railroads and every three years becomes a part of their new earnings. He asked if it is any wonder that the railroads have the most brilliant minds at the command to conduct legislation and assert the right to divide between man and money; citizenship and capital. The final outcome, he stated, will determine whether the people are capable of self-government and can transmit to posterity the priceless heritage handed down by our fathers. He discussed at length the building of great fortunes and the manipulations of great properties.

A Menace to Liberty.

Summing up the situation he said: "It is impossible to deny that this great accumulation of wealth in the hands of the few is such a menace to liberty that the honest patriot stands appalled by the outlook."

After commenting at length upon what he declared to be the existing system of juggling with railroad properties "for the robbery of the masses," Mr. Tillman stated that this phase of the subject brings into great prominence and importance "the relation to congress of the increase in capitalization, which is the purpose of congress to compel the business industries to pay dividends, not upon the real value of these properties but on the fictitious value which has been sought to be placed upon them by the increased capitalization."

Concerning the application of the bill to this subject he said: "There is a dangerous provision in this bill which, in my judgment, ought to be stricken out, and that is in section 15, where the interstate commerce commission is told 'to determine and prescribe what will, in its judgment, be a fair and reasonable and fairly remunerative rate.' The words are too elastic and ambiguous and can be construed to mean too much, that it would be harmful and dangerous for congress to enact into a law 'fairly remunerative rate' on what? The actual value or the fictitious value of the properties? The railroads which now pay no dividends because of the immense amounts of watered stock to be allowed to compel the producers who use their lines to pay a dividend on the excessive capitalization? Is congress willing to lend itself to the schemes of the railroad magnates who have brought about this condition wherein they levy tribute on the business industries of the country and compel the payment of the pound of flesh?"

Watered Stock Dividends.

Mr. Tillman declared there could be no justice in compelling the people as a whole to pay dividends on watered stock primarily to increase the fortunes of men already too rich. He contended that "the poor dupes" who have been led to invest their savings in such stocks can better afford to lose those earnings than to have the labor of the country saddled with the burden of paying a tribute in the shape of dividends on dishonest valuation.

Whatever else congress does or fails to do," he added, "the producers of the country should be relieved from such danger of being compelled to make good the values of ever-capitalized railroads as lurks in this innocent looking and plausible provision about 'fairly remunerative rates.'"

Mr. Tillman recommended that amendment to the bill be adopted which would give relief to "the anomalous and outrageous condition of affairs disclosed as existing in West Virginia."

Have Become Robber Bands.

Continuing, he said: "Vested with the rights of eminent domain to construct their lines and charters, the railroads, designed to be public carriers for the benefit of the whole people, in the last few years have become rapidly transformed into the veriest band of robbers—highwaymen who do not trust their pistols in the faces of their victims and demand money for their lives, but who levy tribute in freight rates which are as high as traffic will bear, deny access to markets, monopolize with brazen effrontery one of the prime necessities of life—coal—and in every way show their absolute contempt for the people and the people's rights."

"We should incorporate in the bill an amendment which will compel all railroads to make connections with any and every other railroad, public or private, and grant just and fair traffic arrangements; also a provision to divorce absolutely the business of transporting freight as a public carrier and the business of producing freight to be transported."

Mr. Tillman concluded with "a word of caution to the friends of the proposed legislation." He said: "Our full expectations may not be realized at the present session of congress. The opponents of effective legislation are alert, have had large experience, and are thoroughly organized."

Railroads May Thwart—But Beware.

The demand of the people for relief from the oppressions and wrongs they now endure may be thwarted by the great influence of the railroad corporations. This influence has hitherto been paramount, and its representatives in the two houses may feel that it is safe to refuse to redress the grievances and to continue the policy of non-interference. They may ignore popular clamor and either pass no bill at all or enact one that will prove wholly inadequate. They may palter with us in a double sense:

Keep the word of promise to the ear, and break it to the hope.

"Such action on their part will, in my judgment, be very unwise, and will only dam up the issue."

The issue will be made the paramount one in the next election, and those who are responsible for delay or inadequate legislation will find that when at last the floodgates of popular wrath and indignation are hoisted there will be some fine grinding done. If those most interested in these great properties will not consent to wise legislation to relieve the distress of the people, there is danger of more radical policies and leaders coming to the front, with the result that legislation far more drastic and dangerous than anything proposed in this bill and the amendments to be offered will be enacted."

MISS ANTHONY WAS STOCKHOLDER HERE

OWNED \$500 WORTH OF OLD NATIONAL BANK STOCK.

Security Was Bequeathed to Noted Woman Suffragist by Widow of Allen Hamilton.

Miss Susan B. Anthony, the famous woman suffragist whose death occurred a few days ago at Rochester, N. Y., had financial interests of a modest degree in Fort Wayne. This eminent American woman whose career was a long and distinguished one was the owner of stock in the Old National bank of Fort Wayne to the amount of \$500.

The story of Miss Anthony's Fort Wayne holdings is an interesting one. The bank stock was bequeathed to her in the will of Mrs. E. J. Hamilton, widow of Hon. Allen Hamilton, and was transferred to Miss Anthony upon the books of the bank January 20, 1890, by Miss Margaret V. Hamilton, administratrix of the estate. Mrs. Hamilton herself a woman of strong character and forceful nature, had been for many years a warm admirer of Miss Anthony, and the bequest was made to her as a mark of love, esteem and appreciation of her efforts in behalf of the women of America.

Regularly each six months since that time the Old National bank has mailed to Miss Anthony a dividend check representing the earnings of the stock, and each year, also, Miss Anthony has sent to the president of the bank, at first Stephen B. Bond and later Henry C. Paul, the proxy authorizing them to vote her stock at the annual election of bank officers. As an illustration of her careful methods in business affairs, these proxy authorizations were almost invariably executed in duplicate to remove the possibility of their loss in transmission, and the second copy was sent to the bank's cashier. It is presumed that all of Miss Anthony's property has been left to the cause of which she was so many years the advocate, and in that event the small block of Old National bank stock may soon find a new owner.

FUNERAL OF MISS ANTHONY.

Rochester, N. Y., March 15.—Funeral services over the body of Susan B. Anthony were held in the central Presbyterian church this afternoon. Hundreds of men and women were unable to gain admittance to the church and stood outside the edifice during the services.

O'BRIEN CALLS THE STATE CONVENTION

DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN ISSUES THE SUMMONS.

Delegates of the Party to Meet in Indianapolis on Thursday, June 7, Next.

Indianapolis, March 15.—The call for the democratic state convention has been issued, signed by W. H. O'Brien, chairman, and Joseph L. Reilly, secretary, of the democratic committee. The call is issued for Thursday, June 7th, 1906, at 10 a. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates on the state ticket. There are to be 1,371 delegates, 686 being necessary to a choice.

JEWISH QUESTION ACUTE IN RUSSIA

Equality for Down-trodden
Race May be Conferred
in Near Future.

THE CZAR IS AROUSED

Disclosure of Conspiracy to Bring
About Wholesale Massacre Has
Moved Him to Action.

St. Petersburg, March 15.—Out of the violent anti-semitic agitation of the reactionists which enabled Premier Witte and the liberal section of the cabinet to force Interior Minister Durnovo to issue instructions to the provincial authorities to prevent massacres and prosecute the persons guilty of instigating them may come unexpected good to the members of the oppressed race.

The entire Jewish question has been raised in acute form and may be settled forthwith. The emperor is said to be amazed at the revelations made by the Jewish deputations which the premier received in audience March 7 and to have informed Count Witte that it was urgently necessary to settle the question immediately.

Witte Wanted to Resign.

Count Witte, who has steadily supported the plea for equal rights for the Jews but who heretofore had contended that it was a matter for the national assembly to settle, is understood to have talked quite bluntly to his majesty regarding the innumerable difficulties which his opponents were raising on this and other questions and he is said to have gone to the extent of requesting permission to resign the premiership. The emperor, it is said, would not listen to it, insisting that Count Witte must remain in office and at the same time instructing him to prepare a project providing for equality for the Jews for presentation to the national assembly. Such a bill, according to the Jews equality, except ineligibility to positions in the official and military services, is now said to have been prepared.

Leads Jews of the empire, like Baron Gumburg, however, knowing full well the hostility of a large class of Russians to the Jews and fearing an adverse decision, which would only further prejudice the position of their co-religionists, are opposed to the submission of the question to the assembly.

Jews Now Claim Equality.

They maintain that the manifesto of October 30 specifically declared that all subjects were equal before the law, that the question is de jure already settled and that it is the duty of the government to immediately promulgate a law providing equality and to protect the Jews in the exercise of full rights.

The efforts of a section of the social democratic and radical elements to produce another uprising and general strike as a protest against the oppressions are not meeting with much success and seem to be doomed to failure for the present. The leaders, however, declare that if the repression continues as they expect it will only require some sudden, sensational development to again set the country aflame.

WIFE WAS LOCKED IN THE BATHROOM

WHILE LOUIS NOSSER COMMIT-
TED MURDER AND SUICIDE.

New York Turt Follower Kills Act-
ress Stella Reynolds and Him-
self in His Home.

New York, March 15.—Louis Nossor, a race track man, locked his wife in a bath room today and while she was a prisoner there shot and killed Miss Stella Reynolds, of New Orleans, an actress who was a visitor at their home, and then killed himself. Miss Reynolds, it was said, was formerly an intimate friend of Nossor.

The murder and suicide was the sequence of a stormy scene last evening when Miss Reynolds called at the Nossor home. Mrs. Nossor, it was reported, objected to the call and during the argument which followed, her husband swallowed a small quantity of laudanum. Both women by uniting their efforts forced him to take an emetic immediately and the poison did no apparent harm. Miss Reynolds then remained with Mrs. Nossor all night.

At about midnight Nossor turned the key and, disregarding her protestations to be let out, he went to Miss Reynolds' room. Their voices, the man's threatening and the woman's pleading, were heard by the wife in the bath room. She sprang to a telephone, which ran from this room to the office of the apartment house, and told a maid who answered her ring to hurry to the apartment and release her. The maid entered the apartment too late to save Miss Reynolds' life. As she opened the door she heard Nossor saying to the woman: "There is no use for you and I to live any longer. The best thing I can do is to kill you and kill myself."

Nossor then shot Miss Reynolds in the forehead, both dying almost instantly. Miss Reynolds' stage name was Estelle Young. Nossor was forty years of age and Miss Reynolds about twenty-five.

A dose of Pine-ules at bed time will usually relieve backache before morning. These beautiful little globules are soft gelatine coated and when moistened and placed in the mouth you can't keep from swallowing them. Pine-ules contain neither sugar nor alcohol. Just gums and resins obtained from our own native pine forests, combined with other well known remedies, kidney, blood and backache remedies. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

GOVERNOR NAMES THREE TRUSTEES

First Board for Epileptic
Village Henry, Hogate
and Hale.

ALL ARE WELL KNOWN

Robbers Tortured Aged Woman to Terrible Torture—General News of the Hoosier State.

Indianapolis, March 15.—Governor Hanly has appointed the following members of the board of trustees for the Indiana village for epileptics:

Charles L. Henry, Indianapolis, republican, one year; Enoch G. Hogate, Bloomington, republican, two years, and Silas Hale, Geneva, democrat, three years. The members of the new board will meet with the governor tomorrow night at 7:30 and discuss preliminary plans for the institution.

The commissions for the three members were dated today.

Mr. Henry is well known over the state as being interested very largely in traction companies. Mr. Hogate is the dean of the law school at Indiana university, and Silas Hale, the democratic member, was formerly a member of the board of trustees of the eastern Indiana hospital for the insane.

All three members are men of known executive ability and have been interested for a long time in the benevolences of the state.

KILLED SELF AT TELEPHONE.

Fiaince of Frankfort Man Heard Fatal
Shot in Indianapolis.

Frankfort, Ind., March 15.—Dr. Ellison Dixon, a prominent dentist of this city, 32 years old, called up his fiancée, Miss Bessie Buchanan, at Indianapolis, yesterday afternoon, and while talking with the young woman over the long distance telephone, dropped the receiver and committed suicide by firing a bullet into his head. Dr. Dixon had been ill and insomnia is supposed to have unsettled his mind.

Dr. Nixon killed himself while holding the receiver of the telephone in one hand and the report of the revolver was heard by Miss Buchanan at the other end of the line.

ROBBERS TORTURE AGED WIDOW.

Mrs. Tucker Outrageously Beaten by
Ruffians Who Escape.

Washington, Ind., March 15.—Robbers entered the home of Mrs. Margaret Tucker, a widow aged seventy, early today and after torturing her and holding her into insensibility, an effort to force her to tell the hiding place of money she had about the receiver and committed suicide by firing a bullet into his head. Dr. Nixon killed himself while holding the receiver of the telephone in one hand and the report of the revolver was heard by Miss Buchanan at the other end of the line.

TRIAL OF REV. SUTHERLIN.

New Albany, Ind., March 15.—In the trial of Rev. Ulysses G. Sutherlin, charged with killing his wife, Miss Rosa Young identified the rope with which he is claimed by the defense Mrs. Sutherlin hanged herself, and also identified a dress skirt covered with hair. She said Mrs. Sutherlin was of a happy disposition and was not of unsound mind.

SWEPT FROM TRAIN AND KILLED.

New Albany, Ind., March 15.—G. B. Gresham, a brakeman on the Southern Railway, was killed last night and Brakeman Orville Smith was seriously injured by being swept from the top of the train by tree branches near the mouth of the Edwardsville tunnel.

SHOT AND KILLED COMRADE.

South Bend, Ind., March 15.—Fred Moon was accidentally shot and killed by Orville Bennett while playing with a loaded revolver today. Both were aged 18 years.

DO NOT BE IMPOSED UPON.

Foley & Co., Chicago, originated Honey and Tar as a throat and lung remedy, and on account of the great merit and popularity of Foley's Honey and Tar many imitations are offered for the genuine. These worthless imitations have similar sounding names. Beware of them. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar is in a yellow package. Ask for it and refuse any substitute. It is the best remedy for coughs and colds. Dreier & Bro.

BURIED IN COAL.

Laborer Has Painful Experience at
Coal Docks.

Mr. Butterfield Thursday passed down through the opening of a hopper bottom car with a lot of coal and was buried in the fuel for a short time at the section yards at Walton avenue. Fellow workmen soon succeeded in rescuing the unfortunate man and his injuries consist chiefly of cuts and bruises and are not of a dangerous character. He was able to arise and walk about as soon as released and went to his home in Arcola on the noon train.

Mr. Butterfield is assistant section foreman of the Arcola district of the Pennsylvania and he came here with a number of other section men to assist in handling coal which is being stored on grounds prepared for that purpose out near the east shops. He was standing upon a car of coal and when the gates at the bottom were opened he was drawn into the mass of moving fuel and with it went through the chute. His escape from death is considered miraculous.

It is not difficult to relieve bilious, bleeding, itching or protruding piles with Manzan, the great-pile remedy. It is put up in collapsible tubes with nozzle and may be introduced and applied at the seat of the trouble. Stops pain instantly. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

JURY FINDS DAVE SHERRICK GUILTY

Former State Auditor Convicted of
Conspiracy and Prison Term
is the Law's Decree.

WILL APPEAL TO HIGHER COURT AT ONCE

Indianapolis, March 15.—David E. Sherrick, former auditor of state, was today found guilty of embezzlement by a jury. Mr. Sherrick was tried on indictments charging him with misuse of \$127,000 belonging to the state. He resigned on the demand of the governor and the money has since been paid back into the state treasury.

The jury was out all night. Sherrick was indicted on eleven counts, charging grand larceny and embezzlement of state funds. The jury found him guilty on all but one of these counts, that one being for grand larceny, and the judge had instructed the jury that it could not find the defendant guilty of grand larceny.

Gets Two to Twenty-one Years.

The jury had nothing to report but the finding of guilty and the defendant's age, which is 45 years. The penalty as fixed by law is a sentence of from two to twenty-one years in the state prison at Michigan City. The jury retired to deliberate on a verdict at 8:20 yesterday afternoon. A ballot was taken at once, resulting in ten votes for conviction and two for acquittal. The balloting continued until 10 o'clock when some of the jurors went to bed, Bailiff Mendenhall having provided cots. He had taken the jury to supper at 6:30. The vote stood ten to two all night. At 8 o'clock this morning the two minority jurors came over to the majority and a verdict was reached.

The two jurors who stood out were John Means, a blacksmith of Acton, and J. L. Cory, a farmer of Oakland. Fourteen ballots in all were taken by the jury.

Sherrick Expected Conviction.

Mr. Sherrick seemed in good humor when he entered the court room and sat down to await the verdict. His face paled slightly when it was read, but there was no demonstration. He said last night, after all the arguments were made and the court had instructed the jury, that it was "all off" with him and he had given up hope of a favorable verdict.

Sherrick will be in the custody of the sheriff until Monday at least. On that day his attorneys will file a motion for a new trial. If that is denied they will appeal to the supreme court. His attorneys made an effort to have him released this morning, arguing that his bond was good until the matter of a new trial could be decided.

Judge McCullough held, however, that the bond had expired with the finding of a verdict, and that a new bond could not be given at this juncture. Deputy Sheriff Lewis took Sherrick in charge.

Judge McCullough will not pronounce sentence until the motion for a new trial is decided.

Breathless silence prevailed when Judge McCullough asked John J. Eppler, the foreman, if the jurors had reached a decision. "We have," came the answer in clear and distinct tones. Every eye was turned on Mr. Sherrick, who sat at the judge's elbow. At his side was Miss Clifflie Manlove, his sister-in-law, who with words of encouragement, sought to soften the blow which Mr. Sherrick was confident was about to fall. It appeared to be in the air in the courtroom that the jury had reached a verdict of guilty. The instant that the judge's gavel came down clear and so damaging to the defense that it appeared that no other decision could be reached by the twelve men, still, there was a faint hope of acquittal.

Sigh Rose From Crowd.

Clerk Norwood parted the crowd and walked over to the jury box, where he accepted the verdict from Foreman Eppler. Retiring to the judge's bench, he slowly unfolded the papers and scanned them carefully. A few moments elapsed before he began to read. To the people in the courtroom it seemed like five minutes.

"We, the jury, find the defendant guilty," he read.

Something like a slight escaped from the people, and all eyes were turned to the condemned man. His face blanched and he hung his head. Miss Manlove placed her hand on his shoulder and he turned toward her, every vestige of color having been driven from his face.

Slowly Clerk Norwood continued reading the finding of the jury count by count. The first four counts charged embezzlement. The fifth was for grand larceny. On this count a finding of not guilty was returned. The other six counts charged embezzlement and the verdict regarding all was against him.

The Jury Was Polled.

Following the reading of the verdict Attorney Harding, of the defense, asked that the jury be polled and each man replied that the verdict was in strict accordance with his views. Judge McCullough thanked the jurors, explaining that their duty had been a difficult and trying one and dismissed them. Attorney Harris, when quitted that the defense would ask for a new trial. After a discussion it was decided that arguments on the motion would be heard Monday.

Then another blow for Sherrick fell. Up to this time he had been under the impression that his bond for \$10,000 was still in force and that he would not have to go to jail. In this he was disappointed.

No Resource But to Put Him in Jail.

According to the statute the bond expires when the verdict of the jury is returned, and the defendant must be placed in the custody of the sheriff. Deputy Sheriff Lewis at once took

charge of the prisoner, and at the request of the latter, walked over to the Denison hotel, where he used the telephone. Sherrick seemed to think this morning that being in the custody of the sheriff did not necessarily mean that he would have to go to jail. Sheriff Sourbier said, however, that in spite of the fact that Sherrick was one of his best friends, and he would be more than pleased to extend to him every courtesy possible, there was only one course left open to him—he must keep Sherrick in jail pending the motion for a new trial.

Following the argument for a new trial on Monday, in case it is denied, Mr. Sherrick will be called before the judge and sentenced. A fine probably will be imposed and the judge will then read the statute covering the matter. It has been decided to carry the case to the supreme court immediately, if the ruling of the judge for a new trial is unfavorable. The law provides that in criminal cases the defendant must serve time in prison pending the decision of the highest tribunal. This means that Sherrick must go to Michigan City unless his attorneys should be able to convince Judge McCullough that he has ruled incorrectly in the case just closed.

TERRY NO MATCH FOR THE BATTLER

McGOVERN LASTED OUT FIGHT
BY CLOSING HUGGING.

Nelson Shows Superiority in Six
Rounds That for the Most Part
Were Tame.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 15.—Batting Nelson, sensational star of the National Athletic club, defeated Terry McGovern last night in a six-round bout at the National Athletic club.

Under the boxing laws of Philadelphia there can be no decision in a bout, but Nelson undoubtedly had a better fight than he had in the second round. The consensus of opinion is that Terry would have been put out had the bout gone another round.

McGovern was clearly bested and was lucky to last out the limit. He never had a chance to win, and save for the early part of the third round was always on the short end of the milling.

FORMER AUDITORS OWE GREAT SUMS

Henderson and Daily Are
Delinquent in Fees
Over \$114,000.

COMMISSION REPORTS

Suit Will Be Instituted to Recover
Amounts Alleged to Be Due State
—News of Indiana.

Indianapolis, March 19.—A special investigating committee appointed several months ago to examine the books of the state auditor's office, reported to the governor today that J. C. Henderson, who was auditor from 1891 to 1895, owes the state \$81,962.36 and A. C. Daily, who was auditor from 1895 to 1899, owes the state \$32,037.74. These amounts represent fees collected and retained illegally as claimed by the state. The governor sent the report to the attorney general with instructions to bring suit to collect the money.

The amount alleged to be due from Henderson is \$81,962.36 and the amount due from Daily is \$32,037.74. These amounts represent fees collected and retained illegally as claimed by the state. The governor sent the report to the attorney general with instructions to bring suit to collect the money.

In both cases the charge on the principal account comes almost altogether from the fact that both auditors took out of the insurance taxes paid to them for the state the 10 per cent. fee that was allowed them by law on all monies they legally received. The point is made that these insurance taxes were not to be paid to the auditors; they should have been paid into the state treasury direct, under the law. Had this been done the auditors would not have taken their 10 per cent. out of these taxes.

Having taken this 10 per cent. the auditors contend that it should be returned and with this return of monies alleged to have been taken illegally, come the interest charge on these monies from the date they were taken until March 1, 1906.

CAR BARN ROOF COLLAPSES.

Gave Way Under Weight of Snow in
Indianapolis—One Man Killed.

Indianapolis, March 19.—The roof of the street car barns collapsed this afternoon under the weight of the heavy snow. One man was killed and several were seriously injured.

John A. Dickson, a motorman living at 402 West Walnut street, was crushed beneath the timbers. He was dead when found. Louis Debur, a steam fitter, was badly hurt by being crushed. The others received minor injuries.

PURDUE STUDENTS EXPELLED.

Seven Who Engaged in Hazing Dealt
With Summarily.

Lafayette, Ind., March 19.—President W. E. Stine of Purdue university, has expelled seven students for taking part in the hazing of a student enrolled in the short course in agriculture. When the matter was brought to the attention of the head of the university he acted promptly and decisively by calling the offending students to his office and notifying them that they must leave at once.

The hazing occurred some weeks ago, but was rigidly investigated before action was taken. The victim was a young man fresh from a farm and ignorant of college ways.

SHERRICK CASE GOES OVER.

Attorneys Not Ready to Argue Motion
for New Trial.

Indianapolis, March 19.—Argument on the motion for a new trial for David E. Sherrick, former auditor of state, convicted of embezzlement in the criminal court last week, which was to have been heard by Special Judge McCullough this morning, has been postponed until Thursday. The delay was asked for by Sherrick's attorneys, who said they could not get ready by today. They are said to have evidence that at least one member of the jury which convicted Sherrick expressed an opinion as to the former auditor's guilt before he was selected as a member of the jury.

PRISON FOR TELEGRAPHER.

Man Who Wrecked Train While Drunk
Gets Severe Sentence.

Lafayette, Ind., March 19.—Judge McMahon, of Porter county, today imposed an indeterminate sentence of two to fourteen years on Thomas Bascom, of Springfield, Ill., who, as a telegraph operator in the service of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, became intoxicated and threw a switch at Summit that caused a disastrous wreck. Bascom is prominently connected at Springfield.

FOR CIGARETTE FIENDS.

James Made How Plans Hospital for Helpless Victims.

St. Louis, Mo., March 19.—James Eads How, the man who refused to accept an inheritance, and who is spending his life in practical works of philanthropy, proposes to found a hospital for victims of the whiskey, drug and cigarette habits. To this end he is trying to get possession of the old City hospital.

MINERS PENNED IN BY BIG SNOWSLIDE

IMMENSE DAMAGE IS WROUGHT
IN COLORADO.

Continued Heavy Storms Start Snow
Down the Mountains—Lives
Believed Lost.

Denver, Colo., March 19.—Fair weather, with rising temperature today, followed the severe snowstorm which has prevailed over Colorado for a full week, with brief intermissions. Last night was one of the coldest of the winter here, the temperature falling to five degrees below zero. At Cheyenne, Wyo., it was 12 degrees below zero.

Many snowslides have occurred in the mountains, but up to this time there has been no heavy loss of life reported. The losses from the destruction of mine property in the vicinity of Ouray may amount to \$1,000,000 and further damage is threatened at Ouray, Telluride, Rico, Silverton and other mining camps. Durango and the other towns in the San Juan region in southwestern Colorado have been cut off from communication by train nearly a week, but the management of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad is making strenuous efforts to re-open its branch line in that part of the state which is blockaded by heavy snow on the Cumbres range. The main transportation lines have been kept open and through train service has not been much delayed during the storm. The heavy snowfall in the mountains ensures an abundance of water for irrigation.

CUT OFF BY SNOWSLIDE.

Six Hundred Miners in Ouray District
Are Isolated.

Ouray, Colo., March 19.—Six hundred miners employed in the various mines within a radius of twenty miles from Ouray have been cut off from all communication with the outside by the snowslides. It is feared as many as twenty miners have lost their lives in the slides, but the exact number will not be known for days. As many as twenty-five mines are completely isolated. The damage may reach \$1,000,000.

At Camp Bird mine, which is four miles from Camp Bird mill, a snowslide late last evening completely isolated fifty or more miners employed there and as the provision house was carried away, it is certain they are in urgent need of food. A party of 200 miners started to their rescue this morning. The body of William J. Greener, the Englishman who lost his life in the slide at the Camp Bird mill, has been recovered. It is said there is sixty feet of snow at the high tower of the tramway of the Camp Bird. In the Imogene basin the snow is from 150 to 300 feet deep.

COTTAGERS' RATE WILL BE HIGHER

OLD ASSOCIATION FARE TO
ROME CITY NO MORE.

Recent Law Forbids Special Rate
Not Open to Public—Matter
Under Adversement.

Under a recent law which forbids the granting of special rates to any class of persons which is not also available to the general public, Superintendent Hudson, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, has announced that the old form of communication ticket under which Fort Wayne members of the Rome City Cottagers' association have been making trips to and from their summer homes has been withdrawn from sale.

First notice of the matter reached the officers of the cottagers' association Saturday, and it occasioned both surprise and disappointment. The association members have been for several years riding between Fort Wayne and Rome City on a ticket good for one hundred rides which was purchased for \$25, but which was good only for members of the association, whose names appear on the ticket. Now it is declared that this proceeding is illegal, and the ticket has been withdrawn from sale. As yet the only alternative proposed by the company is a ticket at an advance of about 50 per cent, but which may be used by the general public.

The matter was the subject of a conference Monday between Supt. Hudson and Secretary Weaver, of the cottagers' association, and it will be further taken up with the railroad authorities at Grand Rapids in the hope that some satisfactory solution can be reached.

There would be a severe blow to several hundred Fort Wayne people who own cottages at Sylvan lake and have made this resort their summer home for many years.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

Lafayette Township Meeting at Beech
Grove, March 24 and 25.

The Lafayette township Sunday school convention will be held next Saturday and Sunday, March 24 and 25, at Beech Grove church. An excellent program has been prepared and good speakers will be present. The program follows:

Saturday Evening.
7:30 Song and devotional service.
7:50 Address—Rev. D. S. Jones.
8:20 Address—Rev. D. S. Jones.
8:50 Address—Rev. Rickoff.

Sunday Morning.
7:30 Song and devotional service.
8:00 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
8:30 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
9:00 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
9:30 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
10:00 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
10:30 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
11:00 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
11:30 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
12:00 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
12:30 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
1:00 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
1:30 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
2:00 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
2:30 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
3:00 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
3:30 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
4:00 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
4:30 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.
5:00 Address—Rev. E. H. VanWarmer.

CONDUCTOR MEETS DEATH ON HIS RUN

George J. Gerard Falls from
His Train Near Ham-
let, Ind.

MANGLED BY WHEELS

Was Found An Hour After Accident
—Sketch of His Life.

Conductor George J. Gerard met an instant and most shocking death at an early hour Sunday morning, when he fell from a car in a Pennsylvania train, and his body was literally cut into pieces. He had charge of an extra eastbound train, which was running "double header," with Engineers Ed Crawley and H. D. Fisher at the throttles. Mr. Gerard got off the train at Hamlet for orders or other purpose and the last seen of him alive was when the operator at that point saw him get upon the caboose. He must



GEORGE J. GERARD,
Who Fell From His Train at Hamlet
Sunday Morning.

have immediately started for the engines, for he fell from the car adjoining the engine, a short distance east of Hamlet. Nobody witnessed the fall and he was not missed until the train reached Plymouth, twelve miles from the place of accident. Then a search was instituted with the result that the mangled remains were discovered a mile east of Hamlet. They were given in charge of an undertaker, prepared for burial and brought to this city on train No. 8 last evening. In the meantime Fort Wayne lodge No. 136, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, of which the deceased was a member, had been notified and a committee selected from the membership was at the depot to receive the remains and take them to the family home at 1437 Lillie street. The funeral was held Tuesday morning at 8:30 o'clock from the house and at 9 o'clock from the cathedral, under the auspices of the B. R. T. The brotherhood men met at the hall at 7:30 o'clock and marched in a body to the house on Lillie street, and thence to the church and cemetery.

George J. Gerard was a son of Anthony Gerard and a native of Fort Wayne. He was born May 25, 1871, and received his education at the parochial schools of the city. At the close of his school days he entered the service of the Pennsylvania in the capacity of caller of train crews. Thence he was promoted to a clerical position in the freight department and May 23, 1899, he entered the train service. On the 8th of last October he was promoted to conductor.

Several years ago Mr. Gerard was married to Miss Clara Klinkle, of this city, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Klinkle, the former a freight conductor on the Grand Rapids and Indiana road. Three children were born to them, the youngest being only a few weeks old. Besides the wife and children, Mr. Gerard is survived by the parents, the father, Anthony Gerard, two brothers and two sisters. The brothers are A. J. Gerard, general yard master of the Grand Rapids and Indiana road, with headquarters at Grand Rapids, and B. F. Gerard, yard conductor of the Toledo and Ohio central, at Bucyrus. The sisters are Mrs. George Strodel, wife of the bailiff of the municipal court, and Mrs. H. E. Lucas, of Williamsport, Pa. The latter, with her husband, arrived this morning and will remain until after the funeral.

Mr. Gerard was a member of the Catholic congregation, of the Ben Hur and of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. He was very popular with his acquaintances and no death among railway men has caused more general sorrow than has this one.

Northern Indiana News and Gossip

Mrs. Elizabeth Newhard, a pioneer resident of Uniondale, Wells county, died suddenly Saturday while seated in her chair.

Editor James Keefe, of the Ossian News, is the inventor of a transmission gear for automobiles that promises big results.

Rev. John A. Maxwell, presiding elder of the South Bend district of the Methodist Episcopal church, died Saturday at South Bend as the result of an operation for obstruction of the bladder.

Mrs. Herbert Bales, of Warsaw, was accidentally locked in a closet by her little daughter, and nearly suffocated before she could release herself after three hours hard work cutting a hole in the door by means of a small pen knife.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON XII, FIRST QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, MARCH 25.

Text of the Lesson, Prov. xiii, 20; 21—Memory Verse, 21—Golden Text, Prov. xiii, 20—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Copyright, 1906, by American Bible Association.]

In this book of Scripture are principles to guide man's conduct on earth; God's wisdom for man's ignorance; Christ the wisdom of God as our supreme need. Our wisdom is to give Him our heart, then observe His ways (verse 20) and walk with Him in the way (John xvi, 6). Meet people think that they have some wisdom, but their wisdom lies in the direction of making a living and getting rich if possible. In verse 4 we read, "Labor not to be rich; cease from thine own wisdom." In chapter viii, 18, Wisdom says, "Riches and honors are with me, durable riches and righteousness." Elsewhere we read, "In the way of righteousness is life, and in the pathway thereof there is no death." And again, "As righteousness endureth to life, so he that pursueth evil purchaseth it to his own death" (xii, 28; xi, 19).

In contrast to wisdom and righteousness our lesson sets before us the fool and his folly and his end. The destiny of man is either eternal bliss or eternal torment. See Matt. xxv, 34, 41; Rev. xiv, 11; xv, 2, 3. God is not willing that any should perish and has provided at the cost of the sacrifice of His Son as the sinner's substitute a redemption for every penitent sinner. The devil, the great destroyer, seeks in many ways to blind people to the truth and to their best interests, and it is written of such, "The god of this world hath blinded the minds of them which believe not, lest the light of the glorious gospel of Christ, who is the image of God, should shine unto them" (II Cor. iv, 4). Among the wives of the devil mentioned in this book by which he deludes the unwary are covetousness, riches, self-indulgence, the wicked woman, wine and strong drink. Today might be added the theater, the card table, the dance, opium, etc. The heart is deceitful above all things and desperately wicked; the whole world lieth in the wicked one; that wicked one is the father of lies and a murderer (Jer. xvii, 9; I John v, 19; John viii, 44). Under such circumstances what hope can there be for man's soul? None but in Him who speaks in righteousness, mighty to save; whose arm alone can bring salvation (Isa. xlii, 1, 5).

Compare the woes of Isa. v, 11, 22; Hab. ii, 15, and consider also the woes of Matt. xiii, 41, 42, 43, 44. From I Cor. vi, 9-11, we learn that there is naught but woe both here and hereafter for the drunkard unless by the grace of God he becomes one of those of whom it is written, "Such were some of you, but ye are washed." I have just read these two glorious testimonies from Wales: One convert, who had been a gambler and drunkard, with his bodily frame shattered by his life, gave testimony that since the day of his conversion he had been perfectly restored to his normal health. Another, who had not been sober one week and for thirty-five years, said he could not now smell alcoholic liquor without sickness, the revulsion was so great. Some of the sad Bible records of drunkards are found in Gen. ix, 20-25; I Sam. xvi, 36, 38; II Sam. x, 13; I Kings xv, 8-10, but "Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners," and He is able to save to the uttermost.

There is an "at the last" and a hereafter, and "he that soweth to the flesh shall of the flesh reap corruption" (Gal. vi, 8). Many a drunkard has a foretaste of the after and certain experience, which perience are given him that he may repent and escape the torment where the worm dieth not and the fire is not quenched.

The whole difficulty is in the heart out of which proceed evil thoughts, murders, adulteries and fornications, thefts, false witness, blasphemies, and these come forth through the mouth and defile the man (Matt. xv, 18, 19). There must be a new heart, pure and clean, and this God gives freely to all who really desire it (Ps. li, 10; Ezek. xxxvi, 26). Jeremiah said, "Mine eye affecteth mine heart," and Job said, "Mine heart walked after mine eyes" (Lam. iii, 51; Job xxxi, 7). How necessary is the prayer, "Turn away mine eyes from beholding vanity, and quicken Thou me in Thy way" (Ps. cxix, 37). "Look not" is the word in our lesson, but the way not to look in a wrong direction is to be wholly occupied looking in a right one. The first word for the sinner unavowed is, "Look unto Me and be saved," then for the saved sinner, "Run with patience looking unto Jesus" (Isa. xli, 22; Heb. xii, 1, 2). The word of God is also good. "Look on me and do like unto me, so shall ye live" (Judg. vi, 17). If Eve had not looked on the forbidden fruit and if Achan had not looked on the forbidden spoil, what a different story it would have been! (Gen. iii, 6; Josh. vii, 21).

Woman represents the worst as well as the best in Scripture. The true church is the bride of Christ and is espoused as a chaste virgin to Christ, while the false church is compared to a harlot (Rev. xix and xvi and II Cor. xi, 2). If drunken with wine, we behold the evil, but if filled with the Spirit we shall see Jesus only (Eph. v, 18). Neither the midst of the sea nor the top of a mountain suggests anything of safety, but rather the possibility of sudden departure out of this world, reminding us of David's words, "Truly as the Lord liveth and as thy soul liveth, there is but a step between me and death" (I Sam. xii, 3). Inasmuch, therefore, as our stay here is so uncertain, how unwise and even insane it is to continue a moment longer in rebellion against God.

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Poor Bowser Loses Purse

Wife Has Her Revenge When
He Calls Her Down For a
Similar Catastrophe.

HE UPSETS THE FAMILY

Head of the Household Vents Wrath
on His Better Half After a
Day of Lamentation.

[Copyright, 1906, by Homer Sprague.]

M R. BOWSER reached home the other evening in an irritated state of mind. Business had been poor during the day, and in taking a car for home he had fallen on the steps on his knees and been laughed at by a dozen people. On the car a man who had been drinking too much asked him why he didn't wear No. 11 shoes and give his feet more room and as he got off at the corner a dog came very near biting him.

Mrs. Bowser was to blame for these things, and before reaching his gate he had determined that she should be made to suffer. She read the resolve in his looks and was so diplomatic and discreet that he found no opportunity to start a row until after dinner. He was fishing around for an opening when she said:

"A rather funny thing befell me this afternoon. I went down to do a bit of shopping, and when I took the car for home I discovered that I hadn't a penny with me. Our family butcher happened to be on the car, and I borrowed a nickel of him."

"Do you mean to tell me that you went downtown and lost your purse?" he asked in ominous tones.

"Yes, that's what I'm telling you. I think I must have left it on the counter



A MAN WHO HAD BEEN DRINKING A LITTLE TOO MUCH.

In a store. If the butcher hadn't been on the car I would have had to get off and walk."

"And you were that careless and indifferent that you didn't know whether you had your purse with you or had left it kicking around a store corner? By John, but that's just like a fool woman!"

"Now, don't get excited about it," said Mrs. Bowser. "Purses have been lost before and will be again. You have only to read the 'Lost' and 'Found' in the papers to see that I am not the only careless woman in town."

"Nobody's excited. But I say it was a reprehensible piece of carelessness. There is no possible excuse that you can make. I have told you a hundred times over that you were not to be trusted with money. This makes twelve times that you have lost your purse through the grossest carelessness, and from this time on—"

"From this time on nothing will happen," she interrupted. "Years ago I lost an old and worthless purse with 20 cents in it. The one I lost yesterday contained only a dime. That is two purses and 30 cents I have lost since we were married. I don't think we are tottering on the verge of bankruptcy on account of my losses."

"But look at the carelessness of it," insisted Mr. Bowser. "If you had had a thousand dollars in your purse it would have been just the same. And I don't like your tone. You seem to look upon it as a joke, and you are defiant when I point out your carelessness. You go downtown; you lose your purse; you don't discover your loss until you have taken a street car; then you have to appeal to our family butcher. All the other passengers must have noticed your dilemma and commented on it. And of course the butcher will tell his wife, and she will spread the news all over the neighborhood. I shall be pointed out in the street by every old bum and ragamuffin as the husband of the woman who lost her purse. By thunder! By thunder!"

"Have you finished?" asked Mrs. Bowser as he ceased his gestures and glared at the cat with murder in his eyes.

"Don't speak to me in that insolent tone, woman!"

"My tone is not insolent, and I mean to have a few words on this subject. Soon after we were married you had to make a journey of fifteen miles on business. I cautioned you to be very, very careful, but you let a sharper sell

you a five dollar watch for \$40 and came home dead broke."

"Woman, butt in. That wasn't carelessness, but simply a lack of wit on your part. A year or so later you took \$100 with you to buy a horse. When you got there the money was missing. There was a hole in your pocket. A little later you paid a man \$20 by mistake for \$2."

"Mrs. Bowser, I command you to—"

"Yes, I know, but let's talk things over. When we were at Niagara Falls you left your wallet under the pillow at the hotel, and the chambermaid or some one else took \$30 out of it. I didn't say you were a fool man and not to be trusted with money, but, of course, I had my thoughts. When we were in Boston you left the change of a twenty dollar bill on the cigar counter and never heard of it again. When we were at the Chicago exposition you lost \$30 out of your vest pocket."

Mr. Bowser had been flushing red and white by turns and trying to wilt her by a glare. The tables had been turned, and he was fishing around for a way to save himself.

"Mrs. Bowser," he sternly asked, "have you taken leave of your senses?"

"I trust not."

"You realize whom you are talking to, do you?"

"I do."

"That I am Mr. Bowser—Samuel Bowser—the Bowser and your husband?"

"I certainly do, and I want to call your attention to some further acts of reprehensible carelessness on your part. A few months ago you went over to the grocery to get a five dollar bill changed. You got to talking politics with the plumber and probably twisted the bill up and threw it away. At least you have never found it since. You took off the pendulum to regulate the clock and carried it off in your pocket. Finding it there two days later, you threw it at a dog. You started downtown four weeks ago to pay a gas bill of \$4. When you reached the gas office the money was gone. I am citing a few little instances to prove that the carelessness is not always on my side."

Mr. Bowser was now rocking back and forth on his heels and toes and fairly gasping for breath. When he could clear his windpipe he hoarsely exclaimed:

"By the horns of the forty bulls, woman, but do you know you have driven me to the dead line? Do you know that you have made such statements and used such language to me that I can never get over it?"

"And only last week," said Mrs. Bowser as she ignored his remarks, "you were down the cellar adding away with the furnace for a whole hour one evening. The next morning after you had gone the cook went down to put on coal and found \$6 that had dropped from your pocket. You had not even missed the money."

Mr. Bowser raised his right hand in a dramatic way and started in to say something, but concluded that there were no words in the English language to express his feelings. He therefore started down the hall and put on his overcoat and hat.

"If you go to the club, don't leave your watch behind, as you did three or four weeks ago," called Mrs. Bowser after him.

He clinched his fingers and gritted his teeth and passed out into the winter's night. He felt that he must walk and plan. Mrs. Bowser had got him in a box, and his prestige was at stake. He walked for an hour, and his plans were not yet perfected when it began to snow and blow, and he had to get back to the house for shelter. As he was ready to open the front door his hand went up to his breast pocket instinctively. He carried his wallet there. It was gone. It contained \$14, and he was sure he had it when he went out. With a gasp of fright and a groan of despair he leaped down the steps and ran over the route he had taken in his meditations. No wallet. He covered the distance twice. No wallet. Some pedestrian had picked it up. Slowly he unlocked the door and entered. He was sneaking upstairs when Mrs. Bowser came out into the hall and called:

"Have you got back without losing anything, dear?"

"I—I have—lost my—wallet!" he groaned in reply.

"Where? When?"

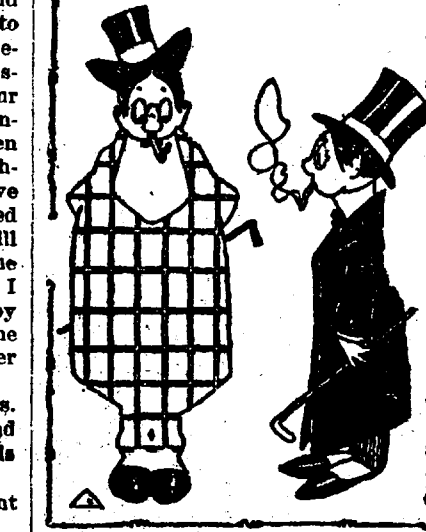
"Heaven only knows!"

"By John, but that's just like a fool man!" she said as she turned away, though next minute she was saying to herself:

"Poor Mr. Bowser! He's got it bad!"

M. QUAD.

Using Him.



"That Miss Holden is a lovely girl, don't you know! She refused me last night, but said I could still take her out to theaters and dinners and such. Yes, sir! She's a brick, by Jove!"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

SUCCEEDS BELLAMY STORER.

Charles S. Francis to Be Ambassador to
Austria-Hungary.

Washington, March 19.—The name of Charles S. Francis, of Troy, N. Y., formerly American minister to Greece, will be sent to the senate as ambassador to Austria-Hungary to succeed Bellamy Storer. Mr. Francis' father was formerly ambassador to Austria.

Great Relief

During that trying period in which women so often suffer from nervousness, backache, sick headache, or other pains, there is nothing that can equal Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. They stop the pains, soothe the nerves, and give to

Women

the relief so much desired. If taken on first indication of pain or misery, they will allay the irritable condition of the nerves, and save you further suffering. Those who use them at regular intervals have ceased to dread these periods. They contain no harmful drugs, and leave no effect upon the heart or stomach if taken as directed. They give prompt relief.

"I have been an invalid for 9 years. I have neuralgia, rheumatism and pains around the heart. By using Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills I am relieved of the pain, and get sleep and rest. I think I had known of the Pain Pills when I was first taken sick, they would have cured me. I recommend them to all who are afflicted with these pains."—MRS. HENRY FUNK, E. Akron, O.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails, he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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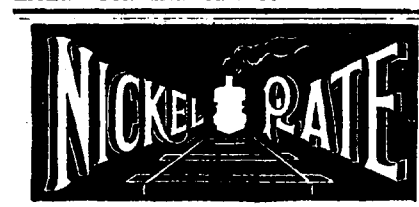
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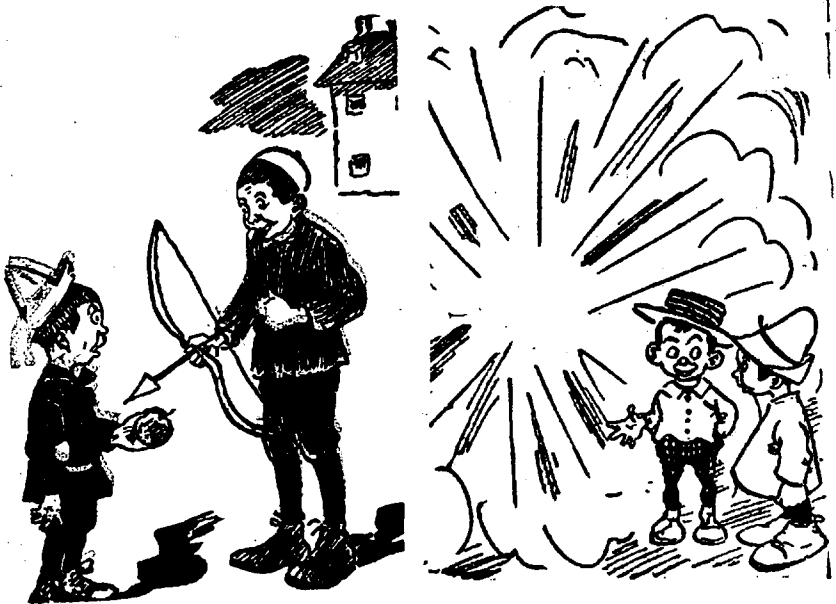
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All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily. 9-12-13-14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-1222-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1230-1231-1232-1233-1234-1235-1236-1237-1238-1239-1240-1241-1242-1243-1244-1245-1246-1247-1248-1249-1250-1251-1252-1253-1254-1255-1256-1257-1258-1259-1260-1261-1262-1263-1264-1265-1266-1267-1268-1269-1270-1271-1272-1273-1274-1275-1276-1277-1278-1279-1280-1281-1282-1283-1284-1285-1286-1287-1288-1289-1290-1291-1292-1293-1294-1295-1296-1297-1298-1299-1300-1301-1302-1303-1304-1305-1306-1307-1308-1309-1310-1311-1312-1313-1314-1315-1316-1317-1318-1319-1320-1321-1322-1323-1324-1325-1326-1327-1328-1329-1330-1331-1332-1333-1334-1335-1336-1337-1338-1339-1340-1341-1342-1343-1344-1345-1346-1347-1348-1349-1350-1351-1352-1353-1354-1355-1356-1357-1358-1359-1360-1361-1362-1363-1364-1365-1366-1367-1368-1369-1370-1371-1372-1373-1374-1375-1376-1377-1378-1379-1380-1381-1382-1383-1384-1385-1386-1387-1388-1389-1390-1391-1392-1393-1394-1395-1396-1397-1398-1399-1400-1401-1402-1403-1404-1405-1406-1407-1408-1409-1410-1411-1412-1413-1414-1415-1416-1417-1418-1419-1420-1421-1422-1423-1424-1425-1426-1427-1428-1429-1430-1431-1432-1433-1434-1435-1436-1437-1438-1439-1440-1441-1442-1443-1444-1445-1446-1447-1448-1449-1450-1451-1452-1453-1454-1455-1456-1457-1458-1459-1460-1461-1462-1463-1464-1465-1466-1467-1468-1469-1470-1471-1472-1473-1474-1475-1476-1477-1478-1479-1480-1481-1482-1483-1484-1485-1486-1487-1488-1489-1490-1491-1492-1493-1494-1495-1496-1497-1498-1499-1500-1501-1502-1503-1504-1505-1506-1507-1508-1509-1510-1511-1512-1513-1514-1515-1516-1517-1518-1519-1520-1521-1522-1523-1524-1525-1526-1527-1528-1529-1530-1531-1532-1533-1534-1535-1536-1537-1538-1539-1540-1541-1542-1543-1544-1545-1546-1547-1548-1549-1550-1551-1552-1553-1554-1555-1556-1557-1558-1559-1560-1561-1562-1563-1564-1565-1566-1567-1568-1569-1570-1571-1572-1573-1574-1575-1576-1577-1578-1579-1580-1581-1582-1583-1584-1585-1586-1587-1588-1589-1590-1591-1592-1593-1594-1595-1596-1597-1598-1599-1600-1601-1602-1603-1604-1605-1606-1607-1608-1609-1610-1611-1612-1613-1614-1615-1616-1617-1618-1619-1620-1621-1622-1623-1624-1625-1626-1627-1628-1629-1630-1631-1632-1633-1634-1635-1636-1637-1638-1639-1640-1641-1642-1643-1644-1645-1646-1647-1648-1649-1650-1651-1652-1653-1654-1655-1656-1657-1658-1659-1660-1661-1662-1663-1664-1665-1666-1667-1668-1669-1670-1671-1672-1673-1674-1675-1676-1677-1678-1679-1680-1681-1682-1683-1684-1685-1686-1687-1688-1689-1690-1691-1692-1693-1694-1695-1696-1697-1698-1699-1700-1701-1702-1703-1704-1705-1706-1707-1708-1709-1710-1711-1712-1713-1714-1715-1716-1717-1718-1719-1720-1721-1722-1723-1724-1725-1726-1727-1728-1729-1730-1731-1732-1733-1734-1735-1736-1737-1738-1739-1740-1741-1742-1743-1744-1745-1746-1747-1748-1749-1750-1751-1752-1753-1754-1755-1756-1757-1758-1759-1760-1761-1762-1763-1764-1765-1766-1767-1768-1769-1770-1771-1772-1773-1774-1775-1776-1777-1778-1779-1780-1781-1782-1783-1784-1785-1786-1787-1788-1789-1790-1791-1792-1793-1794-1795-1796-1797-1798-1799-1800-1801-1802-1803-1804-1805-1806-1807-1808-1809-1810-1811-1812-1813-1814-1815-1816-1817-1818-1819-1820-1821-1822-1823-1824-1825-1826-1827-1828-1829-1830-1831-1832-1833-1834-1835-1836-1837-1838-1839-1840-1841-1842-1843-1844-1845-1846-1847-1848-1849-1850-1851-1852-1853-1854-1855-1856-1857-1858-1859-1860-1861-1862-1863-1864-1865-1866-1867-1868-1869-1870-1871-1872-1873-1874-1875-1876-1877-1878-1879-1880-1881-1882-1883-1884-1885-1886-1887-1888-1889-1890-1891-1892-1893-1894-1895-1896-1897-1898-1899-1900-1901-1902-1903-1904-1905-1906-1907-1908-1909-1910-1911-1912-1913-1914-1915-1916-1917-1918-1919-1920-1921-1922-1923-1924-1925-1926-1927-1928-1929-1930-1931-1932-1933-1934-1935-1936-1937-1938-1939-1940-1941-1942-1943-1944-1945-1946-1947-1948-1949-1950-1951-1952-1953-1954-1955-1956-1957-1958-1959-1960-1961-1962-1963-1964-1965-1966-1967-1968-1969-1970-1971-1972-1973-1974-1975-1976-1977-1978-1979-1980-1981-1982-1983-1984-1985-1986-1987-1988-1989-1990-1991-1992-1993-1994-1995-1996-1997-1998-1999-2000-2001-2002-2003-2004-2005-2006-2007-2008-2009-2010-2011-2012-2013-2014-2015-2016-2017-2018-2019-2020-2021-2022-2023-2024-2025-2026-2027-2028-2029-2030-2031-2032-2033-2034-2035-2036-2037-2038-2039-2040-2041-2042-2043-2044-2045-2046-2047-2048-2049-2050-2051-2052-2053-2054-2055-2056-2057-2058-2059-2060-2061-2062-2063-2064-2065-2066-2067-2068-2069-2070-2071-2072-2073-2074-2075-2076-2077-2078-2079-2080-2081-2082-2083-2084-2085-2086-2087-2088-2089-2090-2091-2092-2093-2094-2095-2096-2097-2098-2099-2100-2101-2102-2103-2104-2105-2106-2107-2108-2109-2110-2111-2112-2113-2114-2115-2116-2117-2118-2119-2120-2121-2122-2123-2124-2125-2126-2127-2128-2129-2130-2131-2132-2133-2134-2135-2136-2137-2138-2139-2140-2141-2142-2143-2144-2145-2146-2147-2148-2149-2150-2151-2152-2153-2154-2155-2156-2157-2158-2159-2160-2161-2162-2163-2164-2165-2166-2167-2168-2169-2170-2171-2172-2173-2174-2175-2176-2177-2178-2179-2180-2181-2182-2183-2184-2185-2186-2187-2188-2189-2190-2191-2192-2193-2194-2195-2196-2197-2198-2199-2200-2201-2202-2203-2204-2205-2206-2207-2208-2209-2210-2211-2212-2213-2214-2215-2216-2217-2218-2219-2220-2221-2222-2223-2224-2225-2226-2227-2228-2229-2230-2231-2232-2233-2234-2235-2236-2237-2238-2239-2240-2241-2242-2243-2244-2245-2246-2247-2248-2249-2250-2251-2252-2253-2254-2255-2256-2257-2258-2259-2260-2261-2262-2263-2264-2265-2266-2267-2268-2269-2270-2271-2272-2273-2274-2275-2276-2277-2278-2279-2280-2281-2282-2283-2284-2285-2286-2287-2288-2289-2290-2291-2292-2293-2294-2295-2296-2297-2298-2299-2300-2301-2302-2303-2304-2305-2306-2307-2308-2309-2310-2311-2312-2313-2314-2315-2316-2317-2318-2319-2320-2321-2322-2323-2324-2325-2326-2327-2328-2329-2330-2331-2332-2333-2334-2335-2336-2337-2338-2339-2340-2341-2342-2343-2344-2345-2346-2347-2348-2349-2350-2351-2352-2353-2354-2355-2356-2357-2358-2359-2360-2361-2362-2363-2364-2365-2366-2367-2368-2369-2370-2371-2372-2373-2374-2375-2376-2377-2378-2379-2380-2381-2382-2383-2384-2385-2386-2387-2388-2389-2390-2391-2392-2393-2394-2395-2396-2397-2398-2399-2400-2401-2402-2403-2404-2405-2406-2407-2408-2409-2410-2411-2412-2413-2414-2415-2416-2417-2418-2419-2420-2421-2422-2423-2424-2425-2426-2427-2428-2429-2430-2431-2432-2433-2434-2435-2436-2437-2438-2439-2440-2441-2442-2443-2444-2445-2446-2447-2448-2449-2450-2451-2452-2453-2454-2455-2456-2457-2458-2459-2460-2461-2462-2463-2464-2465-2466-2467-2468-2469-2470-2471-2472-2473-2474-2475-2476-2477-2478-2479-2480-2481-2482-2483-2484-2485-2486-2487-2488-2489-2490-2491-2492-2493-2494-2495-2496-2497-2498-2499-2500-2501-2502-2503-2504-2505-2506-2507-2508-2509-2510-2511-2512-2513-2514-2515-2516-2517-2518-2519-2520-2521-2522-2523-2524-2525-2526-2527-2528-2529-2530-2531-2532-2533-2534-2535-2536-2537-2538-2539-2540-2541-2542-2543-2544-2545-2546-2547-2548-2549-2550-2551-2552-2553-2554-2555-2556-2557-2558-2559-2560-2561-2562-2563-2564-2565-2566-2567-2568-2569-2570-2571-2572-2573-2574-2575-2576-2577-2578-2579-2580-2581-2582-2583-2584-2585-2586-2587-2588-2589-2590-2591-2592-2593-2594-2595-2596-2597-2598-2599-2600-2601-2602-2603-2604-2605-2606-2607-2608-2609-2610-2611-2612-2613-2614-2615-2616-2617-2618-2619-2620-2621-2622-2623-2624-262

JUST KIDS.



"Now! I don't want to play William Tell. S'pose you hit me 'n' o' the crackers now fer? Why don't you wait 'till the Fourth?"

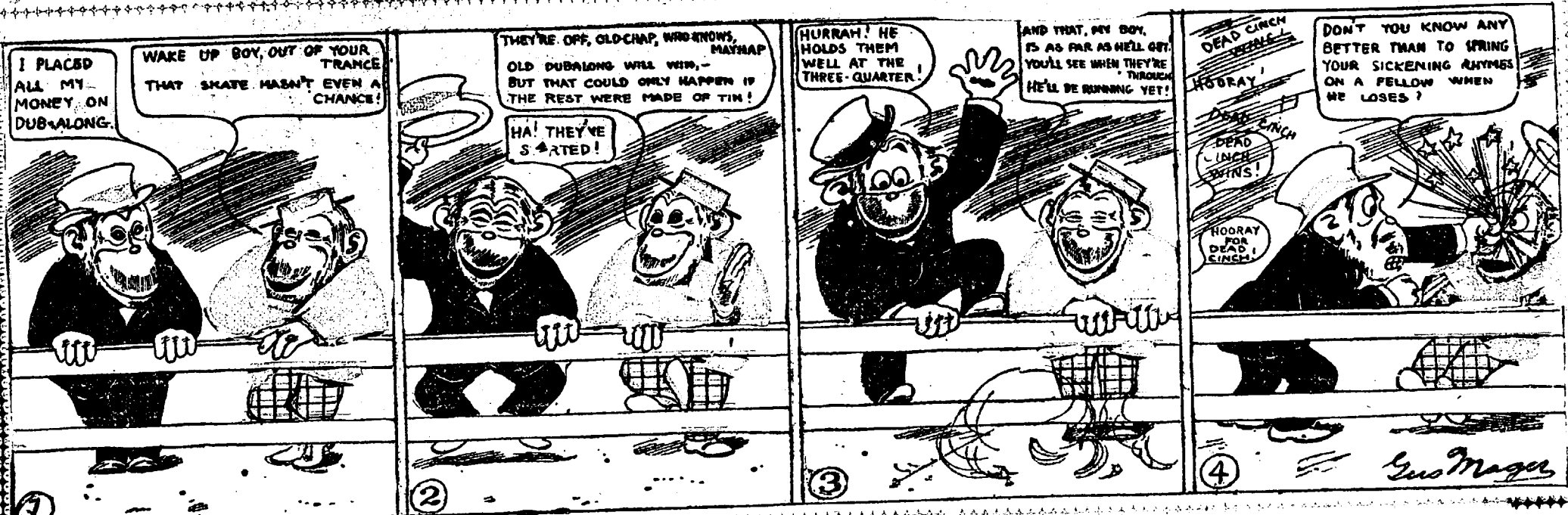
"Dat's all right, Percy. Dere's a hoop right 'round de corner."

"What are you shootin' your fire at?"

"I might be sick on the Fourth."

RHYMO THE MONK.

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THE ODDS WERE LONG, THE RACE WAS SHORT; AND RHYMO'S FRIEND WAS A BUSTED SPORT.

STRANGE WHAT A DIFFERENCE A MERE MAN MAKES.

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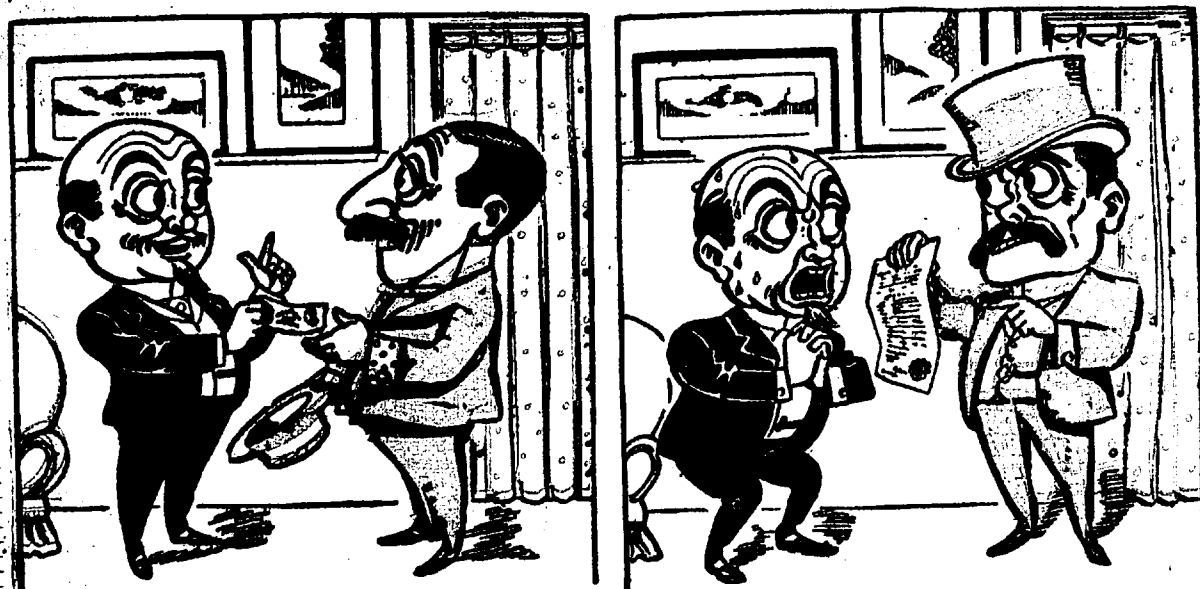
1-Although Mildred sprained her ankle a few days ago, she thinks it is all right now.

2-But when Charlie appears on the scene, she suddenly discovers that she was mistaken.

3-and that her ankle is so weak that she has to lean on Charlie all the way home.

MR. E. Z. MARK IS SUBPOENAED FOR THE JURY.

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1. MR. E. Z.—Great Scott! A subpoena for me for the Grand Jury! Good heavens! I can't accept it. Isn't there any way out of it?

STRANGER—I could fix it for a ten spot.

MR. E. Z.—Ah! There you are, sir. Many thanks for your suggestion.

2. OTHER STRANGER (a few hours later)—Mr. Mark, I have here a warrant for your arrest on the charge of bribing a public official. The subpoena server has confessed all.

MR. E. Z.—Heavens! This is terrible! Isn't there any way this thing can be hushed up?



3. OTHER STRANGER—Well, if you keep quiet, I can guarantee to have the matter hushed up for one hundred dollars.

MR. E. Z. (with tears of joy)—Oh, my dear sir, I will say never a word. Here is the hundred dollars, and bless you.

4. MRS. MARK—What! You had a narrow escape from being subpoenaed for the Grand Jury? Gave ten dollars to get off? Didn't you read that the Grand Jury had already been selected for this term of court? Bah! E. Z., you have been humbugged again, that's what.

MR. E. Z. (sighs)—Ya Oodas a navel! If any one knew about this other humbug...

THE HALL-ROOM BOYS.

THEY DO IT ON \$7.50 PER.

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Their Wedding Present Gifted, but It Wasn't Gold.

WE ARE ALL IRISHMEN TODAY AND GLAD OF IT

HON. G. B. LAWRENCE HAS PASSED AWAY

Former Representative in
State Legislature is
No More.

WAS LONG PROMINENT

Pioneer Allen County Citizen Ex-
pired Friday Night at His
Home Near Abolt.

Hon. George B. Lawrence, a pioneer
resident of Lafayette township, and a
former representative from Allen
county in the state legislature, died
at 10:50 o'clock Friday night at his
home near Abolt, after an extended
illness. Death was due to Bright's
disease, from which the patient had
long been a sufferer, and his condition
was rendered additionally grave a few
weeks ago when the patient sustained



HON. GEORGE B. LAWRENCE,
Pioneer Citizen and Former Represen-
tative in the State Legislature,
Who Died Friday Night.

an attack of paralysis. It had been
realized for some time that his recovery
was impossible, and friends could
only minister as best they might
through the illness which marked the
closing weeks of Mr. Lawrence's long
and useful life.

The deceased was 71 years of age
and was one of the widely known and
highly respected citizens of the county,
who had been prominent in its af-
fairs for many years. He was a na-
tive of Ohio, born May 1, 1835, upon
his father's farm in Wayne county.
His parents were Mr. and Mrs. Jacob
Lawrence, who were Pennsylvanians
by birth, and the young man was
reared to the sturdy life of the farm-
er.

Came to Indiana in 1863.

Mr. Lawrence came to Indiana in
1863, settling upon the farm in Lafayette
township, near Abolt, where the
remainder of his life was spent. Here,
during the earlier years, he shared
fully the toil and the hardships in-
cident to the clearing and development
of his farm and the establishing for
his family of a most comfortable and
pleasant country home. Mr. Lawrence
was a man of marked character and
lofty integrity, a representative of the
sturdy, honest, industrious and thor-
oughly useful citizenship which de-
velops the best in life. He possessed
a wide acquaintance and was held in
universal esteem.

Politically, he was a democrat, and
he was twice honored by the people
of this county by election as a repre-
sentative to the state legislature in
1898 and 1902, and in public office he
served with marked fidelity and credit.
For fourteen years, also, he held the
position of actuary of the Farmers'
Mutual Fire Insurance association of
Allen county.

Early in life he affiliated with the
Lutheran church, and on removing to
Indiana he united with the Monson
Chapel Methodist Episcopal church in
Lafayette township, of which he
remained a member until his death.
During the last two years of his ill-
ness, Mr. Lawrence derived infinite
comfort and solace from his religious
experience.

His Family Ties.

Mr. Lawrence was united in mar-
riage in Ohio, November 23, 1854, to
Miss Elizabeth Getzay, and to this
union were born five children—three
sons and two daughters. Of these, one
son and the daughters preceded the
father in death. The two remaining
sons, John and Grover Lawrence, re-
side upon the old homestead. The
loving wife and seven grandchildren
also survive to mourn his loss.

Of his family there remain four
brothers and one sister—John J. and
David Lawrence, of Lafayette town-
ship; Milo Lawrence, of Whitley
county; Mrs. Melissa Rice, of Pleasant
township, and Amos Lawrence, of
Fort Wayne.

Funeral services Monday morning
at 10 o'clock from the residence and
later from the Monson Chapel Metho-
dist Episcopal church; interment at
Glenwood cemetery, Roanoke. Friends
are asked to omit flowers.

S. D. Raber and James Washburn
and wife, of Columbia City, were vis-
itors in this city yesterday.

WRECK VICTIM WAS RESIDENT OF CITY

FRED LIMCOOLEY'S RELATIVES
IN FORT WAYNE.

Man Killed in Rio Grande Collision
Member of Well Known
Family Here.

Fred Limecooley, one of the victims
of the Rio Grande wreck near Pueblo,
Col., yesterday, was during his boy-
hood a resident of Fort Wayne and
his father, Henry Limecooley, is em-
ployed at W. E. Harden's foundry at
the foot of Barr street.

He was born at Indianapolis and
lived here after he was two years old
until he was ten when he moved west
and had since lived in Denver. At
the time of his death he was proprie-
tor of a restaurant at Denver and he
lives a wife and one daughter about
seven years old.

The father had not read of the
wreck and did not know his son had
been killed until notified by a member
of The Sentinel staff. He expressed
no doubt about the identity of the dead
man and said although he had lived in
the west himself for a number of
years he had never heard of any per-
son bearing the same name.

Limecooley was a grandson of Fred
Limecooley, formerly chief of the city
police force, whose widow is still liv-
ing in the city. He was a nephew of
L. F. Limecooley, who conducts a
grocery at Calhoun and Pontiac
streets, and Mrs. George Bergmann,
whose husband is a grocer at 2302
Hanna street.

Uncles Live Here.

Engineer Grant Kelker, who escaped
injury by jumping, is a son of John
Kelker, until recently master me-
chanic of the Rio Grande at Pueblo,
Col., and a nephew of Anthony and
S. S. Kelker, of this city. Two broth-
ers, and a brother-in-law, Jack Van
Cleve, of Terre Haute, and nephew,
Charles Morefee, of Decatur, Ill., all
met death on railroads. His father,
John Kelker, is now living in Los
Angeles, Cal.

MINERS VOTE AID TO WESTERN MEN

GIVE \$5,000 FOR DEFENSE OF
ACCUSED OFFICIALS.

Delegates at Indianapolis Will Have
Peace If They are Met Half
Way.

Indianapolis, March 17.—The conven-
tion of the United Mine Workers of
America today voted \$5,000 for the
legal defense of C. H. Moyer, W. D.
Haywood and Pettibone, officers of
the Western Federation of Miners,
who are under indictment in Idaho
charged with conspiracy. The conven-
tion adopted a resolution favoring
woman suffrage and defeated a resolu-
tion in favor of the government own-
ership of mines. A number of resolu-
tions concerning the scale and the re-
peal of the Ryan resolution were of-
fered, but all were referred to the res-
olutions committee without action.

The resolution to vote aid to the
officers of the Western Federation was
offered by Frank Hays, a delegate
from Illinois. The resolution was
supported on the floor by President Mit-
chell and Vice President Lewis. The
executive board was authorized to ex-
pend additional funds for the defense
of the men if more money should be
needed. The convention adjourned
until Monday morning in honor of St.
Patrick. Nearly 1,000 of the delegates
marched today in the St. Patrick's day
parade.

Coal operators are arriving for the
joint conference with the miners
which will begin Monday. Six hun-
dred bituminous coal operators are ex-
pected.

Mine Owners Disagree.

It has already developed that there
are wide differences of opinion among
the mine owners as to what should be
done. F. L. Robbins, of Pittsburg,
president of the Pittsburg Coal com-
pany, is reported as favoring the
granting of an increase in wages in
that district. Operators of Ohio, In-
diana and Illinois on the other hand
will oppose any increase. Unless the
Ryan resolution is repealed by the
miners' convention it will be impossi-
ble for the miners to sign a scale in
the Pittsburg district even though an
advance in wages is given until all the
other districts have come to an agree-
ment and are ready to sign.

J. M. Roan, general manager of the
Sunday Creek mining properties, has
arrived. He expects 150 operators
from Ohio to be here Monday. Her-
man Just, of the Illinois operators'
delegation, is expected this evening
with O. L. Garrison, former president
of the Illinois operators. These gen-
tlemen, together with J. C. Kolz,
president of operators, are expected to
lead the contest against any ad-
vance in the scale. President Parry,
of the operators of the southwest; Ben-
nett Brown, their commissioner, and
the other operators from the south-
west district will be here tomorrow.

It was reported this afternoon upon
what seemed to be very high author-
ity that the report of the scale com-
mittee made in the convention yester-
day and adopted will be regarded as
virtually repealing the Ryan resolu-
tion, which will be allowed to quietly
fade into oblivion, and no effort will
be made to revive it. This course
would permit of each district signing
a wage scale independently of the
others.

START PETITION TO SAVE SHERRICK

Friends Working to Secure
Signatures to a Prayer
for Pardon.

MANY SIGNING PAPER

Friends in All Parts of the State En-
gaged in the Effort—News of
the Hoosier State.

Indianapolis, March 17.—Signatures
to a monster petition to Governor
Hanly to pardon David E. Sherrick,
former auditor of state, now in the
Marion county jail, awaiting sentence
to the penitentiary for embezzlement,
are being obtained here and in all
parts of the state. It is being signed
by nearly every person to whom it is
presented and there are hundreds of
requests for permission to sign. One
sheet is headed by the name of John
Mitchell, president of the Mine Work-
ers.

TRUSTEE MADE DEFENDANT.

Former Official in Madison County is
Alleged to Be Short.

Anderson, Ind., March 17.—William
T. Baker, former trustee of Monroe
township, Madison county, and also
trustee to his bond during the period
of his office, have been made defend-
ants in a suit for the recovery of \$10,-
000 alleged to have been township
funds appropriated to his own use,
and also illegally paid out in the con-
duct of the township affairs while en-
trusted to him. Bondsman included as
defendants are William F. Baker, Ru-
dolph Zimmerman, S. G. Phillips, A.
Purdue, E. P. McMahon, A. B. Lee,
Peter Schwinn, J. C. Condon, J. F.
Brenneman and J. S. Shannon.

WILL RETURN TO PRISON.

Frankfort, Ind., March 17.—Sheriff
John W. Haggard has returned from
New Orleans, where he went to get
Rufus Woods and return him to the
prison at Jeffersonville, he having
been sentenced from this county for
a term of from two to fourteen years
for attempting to commit a felony.
Woods is the man who escaped from
Sheriff Haggard on a Monon train
near Indianapolis last October, jump-
ing through a window while the train
was running fifty miles an hour, and
disappearing.

INSURANCE CONCERNS BARRED.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 17.—War-
ren Bigler, auditor of state, has writ-
ten to the officers of two insurance
companies informing them that they
will not be re-licensed to do business
in Indiana. As the licensees under
which these companies have been do-
ing business expired March 1, 1906,
no agent of either company now has
the right to solicit insurance. One of
these organizations is the Knights of
Honor, home office at St. Louis, and
the other is the order of Patricians,
Benton Harbor, Mich.

NO EVIDENCE OF A STRUGGLE.

New Albany, Ind., March 17.—In
the trial today of Rev. U. G. Sutherland,
charged with killing his wife, Mrs.
Laura Whittingill testified to seeing
Sutherland drive away from his barn
two hours before Mrs. Sutherland's
body was found. Lee Pennington tes-
tified to finding the body of Mrs.
Sutherland in the house with a rope
tied around her neck and the other
end tied to a transom. There was no
evidence of a struggle. A rope swing
had been taken from the barn and it
was this rope that was tied around
the dead woman's neck.

WAS RATHER SNAPPY.

Temperature Early Today Was But 6
Degrees Above Zero.

St. Patrick's day brought a decided-
ly chilly variety of weather to Fort
Wayne, though the day was clear and
a delightful sunshine prevailed during
almost the entire day. The tempera-
ture as recorded by the Fort Wayne
Gas company at 6 o'clock this morn-
ing was but 6 degrees above zero.
Later there was a rapid moderation.

WILL OPEN TOMORROW.

Paulist Fathers to Conduct Mission at
St. Patrick's Church.

Rev. P. J. MacCorry and Rev. Peter
L. Regan, of Chicago, Paulist mission-
aries, arrived in the city last evening,
and beginning tomorrow morning will
conduct a three-weeks' mission service
at St. Patrick's Catholic church. The
first week is especially for women of
the Catholic faith, the second for men,
and the third week for non-Catholics.

FAIL TO ENDORSE SHIP SUBSIDY.

Kansas City, Mo., March 17.—The Con-
solidated Brotherhood of Boilermakers
and Iron Shipbuilders of America at their
annual convention at Kansas City, Kan.,
today declined to endorse the ship sub-
sidy bill now up in congress. George P.
Dunn, of Indianapolis, was elected grand
president and Owen Rudy, of Roanoke,
Va., was elected vice-president of the
gulf and south Atlantic district.

ARCH-PRIEST OF ANARCHY IS DEAD

JOHANN MOST'S LIFE ENDS IN
CINCINNATI.

Most Noted Agitator of American
Propagandists Dies After
Brief Illness.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 17.—Herr
Johann Most, the anarchist, died in this
city at noon today of erysipelas.
Herr Most came to this city on
Monday on the invitation of friends
and has been the guest of Adolph
Kraus, of Cutter street. He was to
have delivered an address in Chicago
on Wednesday night, but on account
of an attack of erysipelas he was
obliged to cancel his engagement, al-
though the attack was not regarded as
serious. Up to a few hours before his
death his physician expressed confi-
dence that his patient would soon re-
cover.

Herr Most was delirious much of
the time during his last few days, suf-
fering greatly, but occasionally re-
peating parts of his most famous
speeches, using the German language,
with which he was naturally most fa-
miliar. During the larger part of last
night he was unconscious, but during
the morning he regained conscious-
ness for a short time and at 9 o'clock
seemed much more cheerful and ap-
parently was suffering little pain.
Later he again became unconscious
and gradually his strength left him,
and soon after noon he died. With
him at the end were a few of his
friends in this city, who had been car-
ing for him during his sickness. No
plans have yet been made for the fu-
neral, the friends in this city awaiting
word from his wife, to whom a mes-
sage was at once sent.

REACTIONARIES ONLY CHECKED.

Witte's Enemies Have Not Yet Been
Decisively Beaten.

St. Petersburg, March 17.—There is
already evidence that only a chuck
and not a defeat has been administer-
ed to the reactionaries who are con-
ducting the anti-semitic agitation.
Premier Witte, after he had forced a
decision of the cabinet to suppress
the agitation, knowing the audacity of
his opponents, took the precaution
privately to ask the Jewish leaders to
notify him instantly whenever the
Jewish inhabitants of any locality
were threatened, in order to place
him in a position to insist that mea-
sures be taken to protect them. The
Jewish leaders, however, now charge
that the reactionary clique, with the
connivance of sympathetic local gov-
ernor generals, are boldly arranging
to block such warnings. The leaders
claim to have proof that orders have
been given at several places, specifi-
cally citing Vitebsk, west Russia, not
to transmit messages to the premier,
warning him of the imminence of the
trouble.

It is further charged, but proof is
lacking, that this was done with the
knowledge of interior minister Dur-
nov. It has been established that
Count Podgorichan, chief of the
gendarmerie of Gomel, west Russia,
who armed a mob there, while ostensi-
tiously dismissed by M. Durnov, in
reality was only transferred to a
better post at Yalta, Crimea.

In spite of the official denial of the
shootings of undesirable refugees sent
to Russia from England, private in-
formation has been obtained lending
partially to support the charge. Many
of the refugees were sent to Baltic
ports, where the authorities are show-
ing no mercy to revolutionists, de-
spite the emperor's instructions to
display greater leniency. When the
refugees disembarked, having fled
from Russia without passports, they
were regarded as suspects and some
of them were given a short shift.

GAVE OPENING ADDRESS.

Grace Heintzelman, Aged Ten, Spoke
at Teachers' Institute.

The program for the Lake township
teachers' institute, held today at the
Elektron building, contained one
unique feature that attracted much at-
tention. This was the appearance of
Miss Grace Heintzelman, ten years of
age, who gave the opening address
and did it excellently. Little Miss
Grace is a pupil of school No. 6, in
Lake township, and is unusually apt
in her school work.

HUNTINGTON LAD SLAIN.

Huntington, Ind., March 17.—Washing-
ton dispatches containing the list of
American casualties in the recent bat-
tle in the Philippines, mention the name
of Harry Rosebrough, of the hospital
corps, killed in action March 8. It is
feared that this is Harry Rosebrough,
of this city, who is serving in the hospital
corps in the Philippines, and his parents
are almost prostrated from grief.

**AID COMING FOR
STARVING JAPAN**

Contributions for the relief of the
starving people of Japan have been
received by The Sentinel as follows:
The Sentinel.....\$ 25.00
Dr. Zimmerman.....2.50
A Friend.....1.00
H. C. S.....3.00
Esther Jane Graham.....5.00
A Friend.....5.00
P. Titus.....1.00
John Steager, Edgerton.....1.00
A Friend.....2.00
A Friend.....1.00
Mrs. B. W. Vesey.....1.00
E. W. Vesey.....1.00
John W. Vesey.....1.00
A Friend.....1.25
Ruth K. Herrick, New Haven.....1.00
James Tryhall.....1.00
A Friend.....1.00
Percy S. Walker.....1.00

NUMBER OF DEAD NEAR TWO SCORE

Pueblo Wreck Will Have a
Place as One of Great
Rail Disasters.

MANY NOT IDENTIFIED

Identity of Those Burned in the Cars
Will Never Be Known—Oper-
ator to Blame.

Pueblo, Colo., March 17.—While the
exact number of lives lost in the
Adobe wreck near Florence on the
Denver and Rio Grande railroad will
never be known, it undoubtedly will
take rank among the great disasters
in the history of railroading. Con-
servative estimates on the loss of life
place the number of dead at 26. Sev-
enteen charred, unrecognizable bodies
lie in the Pueblo morgue, two are in
the morgue at Florence and several
other persons are known to be dead.
Possibly a score of bodies were burned
to ashes.

There was not a single entire body
recovered from the wreckage with the
exception of the engineers, who, al-
though mangled, had not been reached
by the flames.

The following names have been ad-
ded to the list of known dead:
PAT. MURPHY, Florence, Colo., an
oil well driller.
RAY FIELDS, aged 10, Keystone,
Wyo.
MRS. MABEL WEBB, Keystone,
Wyo.
MRS. GRACE CROWLEY'S BABY,
Emporia, Kans.

A coroner's jury will meet at Canon
City on Monday next to fix the respon-
sibility for the collision.

Mrs. William Burnside and her
daughter and grandchild, said to be
from some Kansas town, were errone-
ously included in the death list last
night.

Injured Will Recover.

All the injured will, it is believed,
recover. It is not likely that the re-
mains of any other victims can be
identified.

S. F. Lively, the operator whose fail-
ure to deliver the train order that re-
sulted in the collision, had not been
arrested up to this morning and it is
considered probable that no action
against him will be taken until after
the coroner's inquest. Lively says of
his failure to deliver the train order:
"I was asleep; that's all."

It is asserted that Lively had work-
ed for several days without sleep.
It developed today that Lively, who
was the regular day operator at Swal-
lows, had, besides performing his own
duties, worked on Thursday night for
William Vandensen, the night opera-
tor. Vandensen is said to have ab-
sented himself from the station on
Thursday night without getting the ap-
proval of his superiors. Both men
have been discharged by the railway
officials.

All the injured are improving rap-
idly and most of them will be able to
leave the hospital in a few days. The
wreck is being cleared away and
trains will be running on schedule
time tonight.

ASLEEP AT HIS POST.

Operator Was the Cause of the Denver
& Rio Grande Disaster.

New York, March 17.—President Jef-
frey, of the Denver & Rio Grande rail-
road, today received the following offi-
cial statement from A. C. Ridgway,
general manager of the company:
Dr. O'Connor, our chief surgeon, re-
ports to me of eighteen bodies being
recovered from wreck. He thinks
there is a possibility the number of fa-
talities will reach twenty. Six were
injured seriously. Other injuries
slight. All of the injured will get
well. Number 3, leaving Pueblo, had
orders to meet No. 16 at Adobe. Ac-
count of delay in getting out of Pueblo
after train had left order was changed
to make meeting point Beaver in place
of Adobe. Dispatcher had "O. K."
from Florence and Swallows, operator
at Swallows stating that No. 3 had not
gone by. He had been asleep beyond
question; did not hear No. 3 go by and
"O. K." dispatcher's order and is sole
cause of the collision. This was the
day operator and was doing duty for
the night man as night man had gone
to Pueblo to cash pay checks without
asking permission from Pueblo office.
Our standing rule is that day opera-
tors are not to relieve night operators
and work overtime unless permission
is asked and granted by chief dis-
patcher."

WRECK ON THE MONON.

Passenger Train Derailed Near Horse-
shoe Bend.

Louisville, Ky., March 17.—Train
No. 6 on the Monon, which left Louis-
ville for Chicago this morning, was
derailed at Horseshoe Bend shortly
after 11 o'clock this morning. Five
passengers and the baggage master
were injured, according to the report
given out by the Monon officials here,
but nobody was killed. The engine
tender jumped the track while the
train was rounding a curve and the

(Continued on Page Two.)

ADVISE ALLEN TO STAY OUT OF IT

OTHER COUNTIES TO SETTLE
CONGRESSIONAL FIGHT.

Walter Penfield, of Auburn, and J.
W. Orndorff, of Chubbuck, As-
pire to Gilbert's Place.

Since it has become plainly evident
that none of the republican congres-
sional possibilities in Fort Wayne are
eager to enter the race for the nomina-
tion which Mr. Gilbert has notified his
party he will decline, republican lead-
ers here are now advising that Allen
county remain out of the fight and
allow the outside counties to settle it.
When Mr. Gilbert announced his
determination to retire from congress,
Fort Wayne republicans who are not
particularly favorable to the candi-
dacy of Mr. Gilham, at once began
seeking local timber for the place. Dr.
McGoogan was brought to enter the
race, but he declined. Then an effort
was made to induce Thomas J. Logan
to get into the arena, but Mr. Logan
courageously resisted the blandish-
ments of the politicians, and nobody
else here appears to be clamoring for
the experience of a heated political
contest with probable defeat looming
up at the finish. Consequently, Fort
Wayne republicans who manage
things in the district are now sagely
counseling that the diplomatic thing
for Allen county to do in this emer-
gency is to play politics; to present no
candidate for the honor; to play fair
with all the candidates who may
come out and to allow the outside
counties of the district to settle the
fight among themselves. If the ad-
vice of the leaders is followed, Fort
Wayne will have no candidate before
the republican convention here in
April.

Walter Penfield Will Run.

The telegram brings information
from Washington to the effect that
Walter S. Penfield, of Auburn, will be
a candidate for the nomination. Mr.
Penfield is a son of Judge W. L. Pen-
field, and is a young attorney of fine
education. He was located for a time
at Seattle, but soon returned to Au-
burn, where he is practicing law. Mr.
Penfield went to Washington a few
days ago to have a confidential chat
with Mr. Gilbert over the outlook, and
the announcement that he would be a
candidate was telegraphed from that
city Friday evening.

John W. Orndorff, of Chubbuck, will
in all probability be a candidate
for the nomination in case Allen coun-
ty does not present a candidate.
Otto Welschmer, of Chubbuck, and
W. H. Barnhart, of Bel River town-
ship, were in the city today a little
missionary work in Mr. Orndorff's be-
half and a definite announcement of
his candidacy may be expected at any
time.

Clarence C. Gilham, of Lagrange,
has said that he would not seek the
nomination if he had to make a fight
for it, but he may not allow the en-
trance of Mr. Orndorff and Mr. Pen-
field to dissuade him from making an
announcement on Monday. That he
will be a candidate is fully expected
by his friends here.

INDIANA MAN'S WONDERFUL WORK

WITH THE MIKADO'S ARMY AND
EMPIRE.

V. W. Helm, Y. M. C. A. Missionary.
To Speak at Mass Meeting and
Other Services Here.

Thoroughly imbued with the evan-
gelistic spirit which has inspired him
through six years of successful work
in Japan as a missionary for the
Young Men's Christian Association of
America, V. W. Helm, an Indiana
young man is coming to Fort Wayne
to tell the story of his work. He will
address three services on Sunday,
March 25, most important of which
will be the mass meeting at the First
Baptist church at 3 o'clock p. m. This
will be under the auspices of the
Railroad Young Men's Christian asso-
ciation.

Mr. Helm's home is at North Man-
chester, but he has spent the past six
years in Japan, and the theme of his
address is "With the Mikado's Army
and Empire." Much of his work as a
Y. M. C. A. missionary has been
among the Japanese soldiers, and his
effort had much to do with the mag-
nificent Christian results shown
among the Japanese soldiery. Mr.
Helm is an eloquent speaker, and he
tells a thrilling story.

He is sustained in his work in Japan
by friends of the cause in Indiana,
and during his absence from the field
on a vacation is utilizing the time in
telling the people of this and other
states something of the work among
the Japanese soldiers.

The meetings scheduled for Sunday,
March 25, are as follows:
10:30 a. m.—First M. E. church;
theme, "The Unprecedented Christian
Opportunity in the New Orient."
7:00 p. m.—First Baptist church;
popular mass meeting; theme, "With
the Mikado's Army and Empire."
7:30 p. m.—Third Presbyterian
church; theme, "Japan, a Miracle of
Modern Missions."

Rev. J. M. Canse left last evening to
attend a state Epworth league cabinet
meeting in South Bend and to visit his
brother, who lives in that city. He
will return in time to fill his appoint-
ments at Simpson M. E. church to-
morrow.

(Continued on Page Two.)

STEP TO MELODY OF ERIN'S AIRS

Parade is Opening Feature
of St. Patrick's Day
Observance.

LAUDS IRISH FAITH

Eloquent Sermon by Rev. Father Mc-
Corry at St. Patrick's Church
—Tonight's Program.

To the inspiring melody of the old
Irish airs they love so well, Fort
Wayne sons of the Emerald Isle
marched this morning over the down-
town streets in the annual parade,
which formed the opening feature of
the St. Patrick's day observance, and
the same characteristic enthusiasm
has marked the participation in other
services devoted to the memory of
Ireland's patron saint. Green in pro-



REV. THOMAS TRAVERS,
Who Will Lecture at Library Hall
This Evening.

fusion, blended in the dressings of
fush windows, and worn by hundreds
of people in the form of shamrocks,
Irish haws, neckties or flowers in
which the green carnation predomi-
nates, is seen upon every hand, and
practically the entire city is lending
its aid to the Irish-American citizens
in celebrating the day.

The parade at 8:30 o'clock, headed
by the City Packard band, included in
its line all the Irish-American societies
of Fort Wayne, and it moved in lively
step over a long route. It formed at
Hibernian hall, and moved north on
Calhoun street to Perry, west on
Berry to Fairfield avenue, south on
Fairfield avenue to DeWald street,
and east on DeWald street to St. Pat-
rick's church. Here the religious
services of the day were held, the
worship including solemn high mass,
with Rev. Joseph F. Delaney as cele-
brant, and a sermon by Rev. P. J. Mc-
Corry, C. P. S., of Chicago.

Praised Irish Fidelity.

St. Patrick's church was crowded to
its doors by an immense congregation,
which listened with close attention to
an eloquent sermon by Rev. Father
McCorry, who commended the stead-
fast fidelity which has always been a
characteristic of the Irish people.

Father McCorry's text was: "This
is the victory that overcame the
world—your faith." He referred
red in opening to the sturdy faith of
the Irish people through early per-
secutions in their native land and com-
mended their unflinching loyalty to the
faith of their fathers. He referred
also to their fidelity and love for their
native land, which never falters how-
ever widely separated the true Irish-
man may be from the land of his
birth. This fidelity, however, does not
lessen the loyalty of the Irishman for
the country of his adoption, and
wherever he is found, he is a loyal
citizen. The speaker alluded to the
regard for Ireland in the love of a man
for his mother, while his adopted land
is loved as is the wife. Father Mc-
Corry referred at some length to the
bravery of the Irish soldier in fight-
ing for his adopted country, and paid
a high tribute to his bravery and his
readiness to contend for principles
which he believes to be right. Father
McCorry's sermon was interspersed
with a number of amusing anecdotes,
told to illustrate the points as he pro-
ceeded, and at the close he read a
poetic tribute to the Irishman's love
for the land of his birth.

Degrees Are Conferred.

This afternoon at Library hall the
Ancient Order of Hibernians confer-
red the higher degrees of that fra-
ternity upon a class of candidates in
the presence of visiting delegations
from surrounding towns. Those re-
ceiving the degrees were John Ryan,
Joseph McCabe, Joseph Markey,
George W. Boone, James B. Cahill,
Thomas Kelly, Charles Boone, M. V.
Duggan, Michael Tancey, Frank Mun-
govan, Dr. H. O. Bruggemann, Charles
M. Niezer, Frank Hogan, W. F. Din-
nen, T. J. McLaughlin, B. J. Howley,
Frank McKendry, E. J. Pauley, Charles
T. Lauer, W. C. Ryan, H. C. Moriarty,
Owen Morgan, J. J. Hayes, H. G. Ho-
gan, W. T. Hooper, Harry Mungovan,
(Continued on Page Two.)

PROPER PROTECTION

FOR THE FEET IS ESSENTIAL TO GOOD HEALTH IN WINTER.

Attention to your footwear now may prevent a spell of sickness. Our stock of heavy-weight shoes is still very complete.

PRASS & REED CO.

716 AND 718 CALHOUN STREET.

STEP TO MELODY OF ERIN'S AIRS

(Continued from Page One.)

William Conroy, B. F. Remmert, P. P. Sheehan.

Father Travers to Lecture.
This evening at Library hall, under the auspices of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, Rev. Thomas Travers, of Fairmount, one of the most gifted young Catholic clergymen in the Fort Wayne diocese, will deliver a lecture on "Daniel O'Connell." Rev. Father Travers was born and reared in this city, and he will be greeted by an immense audience of old friends upon this occasion.

Other features of the evening program are of a high order. The musical numbers will be contributed by the High school orchestra, Mrs. C. A. Horton, Maurice Niezer, Miss Marguerite Niezer, Harry Ross, Miss Helen Waterman, Dawson, Adrian and Byron Hayes.

"THE COLLEGE WIDOW."

"The College Widow" made her second visit to Fort Wayne last night and entertained an audience so large that there were no vacant seats except a few in the top gallery. Of the various comedies which Mr. Ade has written and which have been seen in this city, this delicious satire of life at a small college is the best one. There is never a moment that even approaches dullness, the humor is in the author's best vein, keen without being sarcastic and funny without the use of ridicule. Men and women are better for such a play and one must be devoid of a sense of humor, or exceedingly dull of comprehension, or sensitive to an alarming degree, to not appreciate a delightful evening witnessing the play, particularly when presented by companies of such uniform excellence and wholly adequate setting as the name of Henry W. Savage guarantees. The spirit of the play becomes contagious after the first act and it matters not whether one knows anything about foot ball or much about college life. Just as one has lived at all with open eyes, then he can find enjoyment in the funny situations that pile on top of each other in this comedy. While a college man is shouting over the troubles of "Stubby" in the duns he received from his heady daughter, another man is shaking with appreciation of the tight shoes that Murphy has on at the dance, while "Besiege," the athletic girl, wins all hearts by the gentleness of her love of out door sports. It would be easy to enumerate each character of the play, enlarge upon each one's possibilities as a type of amusement, then throw bouquets individually and collectively upon the company, would time permit. It was uniformly a splendid company. While Fort Wayne people were somewhat disappointed in not having Miss Dorothy Tennant in the cast, the fact of her illness was generally known, and the audience took kindly to the substitute, Miss Eliza Payne, a young lady of considerable prettiness and charm, as well as ability. Frederick Truesdell, Nell Moran, Walter Walker, Dan Baker, George Ober, Raymond Chase, Halo Norcross, Edgar Halstead, Ernest B. Care, Lawrence Wheat, Robert Mackay, Otis Turner, Shelly Hull, George F. Demerest, Harold Toppington, Miss Payne, Miss Adeline Dunlap, Miss Katherine Nugent and Miss Lila McMillan gave the cast a high standard of acting.

BAGSBY.

TRY THE SENTINEL WANT COLUMN.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—To tone down, refine, beautify the face use Bath skin powder. 4 tins. Only 50c.

LOST—Gold watch, locket and chain on West Berry street. Finder please return to Dr. Dodez, 345 Wayne street, and receive reward.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—Good blacksmith shop at Payne, Ohio. Address owner, 142 East Sutherland street, phone 4859. Red.

DR. CHAS. E. BARNETT

Practice Limited to

SURGERY

Office 902 Calhoun St. Entrance on Wayne.

Office telephones 185; residence 459. Office hours—10 to 11 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Roast Chicken and Fresh Strawberry Sherbert for Sunday dinner at the Rossmore. 25c. 11 to 2 o'clock.

A dandruff cure that cures, at the Wayne Hotel Barber shop. 3-21f

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CITY BREVITIES.

C. H. Worden and H. J. Miller have returned from a business trip to New York.

Hon. Thomas R. Marshall, of Columbia City, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

Miss Anna McConnell has taken a position as stenographer in the Heller Abstract office.

George Gillison, a bookkeeper at the First National bank is off duty on account of illness.

F. H. Scheuman, who has been confined to his home by an accident, is able to be about again.

The Bruderiele Unterstuetzungsverein will hold its regular meeting Sunday evening at Harmony hall.

Miss Rose Fissel has accepted a position in the office of the Lincoln Life Insurance company as stenographer.

Fred Laurent, of Jennings, Oklahoma, arrived here yesterday to visit his father, who is lying critically ill in Lake township.

John H. Welch, of South Calhoun street, will leave this evening for Hot Springs, Ark., where he will spend a month for the benefit of his health.

A St. Patrick social will be held by the Simpson Epworth league at the home of Miss Bessie Babcock, 1123 Michigan avenue, this evening.

W. E. Crayton has asked County Recorder Ashley to locate his brother, T. B. Crayton, whom he has not seen for 25 years. No trace of the man was found.

S. L. Nelson and daughter have returned from a trip through the southwest, where Mr. Nelson was looking for suitable fields for the building of a trolley line.

Rev. Paul M. Fox will go to Davenport, Iowa, April 2, and remain until April 13, to conduct services preparatory to a revival service being held there by Evangelist W. E. Biederwolf.

The morning theme of Rev. W. H. Schrock at Christ's English Lutheran church tomorrow will be "The Church."

In the evening his subject will be "Spiritual Attainment."

WARNING

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned is the only authorized representative agent of the Domestic Sewing Machine Co. of Allentown, Pa. All other persons representing themselves as agents are a fraud, and I will not be responsible for any contracts or agreements entered into with them.

H. C. HITZEMAN,

8 Arcade.

Confirmation Suits, Ties, Suspenders and Hats for the boys at Patterson's.

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NUMBER OF DEAD NEAR TWO SCORE

(Continued from Page One.)

entire train went down an embankment. The baggage-master had a leg broken and one of the passengers is reported seriously hurt.

A special train with physicians left this city soon after the accident and two trains were sent from Bloomington.

One report says the wreck was due to spreading of the rails. The tender of the engine jumped the track while the train was rounding the curve and all cars except the parlor car went down an embankment.

THREE HURT IN A WRECK.

Washington, Ind., March 17.—Passenger train No. 12, on the B. & O. S. W., ran into an open switch here today, badly damaging the engine, wrecking several box cars and injuring three persons. The injured: H. G. Snider, Petersburg, Ind.; William McDougall, Washington, Ind.; arm broken.

Thomas Holland, Washington, Ind., thrown through window of smoker; badly hurt.

The engineer and fireman saved themselves by jumping. The railroad detectives claim the switch was purposely thrown and are working on the case.

THE RIGHT HEART.

Two little girls were sitting near a brook in the woods. "Listen to that noisy brook," said one; "it scolds and scolds. I wish it would keep quiet."

"Why, sister, it is not scolding; it is singing," said the other. "The leaves are falling from the trees. How bare and ugly they look," cried the first speaker. "Oh, but it is so pleasant to gather the leaves," was the reply; "and then we see more of the sky and the sun shines on us better."

The other frowned angrily and said, "Your ears and eyes must be made different from mine."

"The difference was not in the ears and eyes, but in the heart. If the heart is right the brook will sing; no scold; the sky will look bright; and through the bare branches God's love will shine.—Selected.

LEAGUE MEETING POSTPONED.

Ted Sullivan Could Not Go to Lima to Attend Session.

President Liechtenwaller, of the Fort Wayne Baseball team, was notified late this afternoon that the meeting which was to have been held at Lima Monday, has been postponed one week and will be held in Fort Wayne. The reason given is that Ted Sullivan, who holds the Bay City franchise, is so busy that he could not find time to attend.

WATER AT 65 FEET.

Water was struck at a depth of 65 feet in the third of the new wells that is being drilled south of the end of Broadway and Mayor Hoesy and members of the board of public works visited the site this morning for the purpose of having the ground plated and ascertaining what pipe and material will be necessary to put the wells into service. It had not been determined whether or not the board will have more wells drilled.

WILL OF MISS ANTHONY.

Estate of \$10,000 Is Left to Cause of Woman Suffrage.

Rochester, N. Y., March 17.—The will of Miss Susan B. Anthony was offered for probate today. The estate amounts to about \$10,000, all of which is left to the woman's suffrage cause. Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw, of Philadelphia, and Lucy E. Anthony, of Philadelphia, and Mary S. Anthony, of this city, are named as trustees. The Anthony homestead is in Mary Anthony's name. By the terms of the will Mary Anthony will not receive anything from her sister's estate.

CHANGE DATE OF GRAND AERIE.

Eagle's Meeting in Milwaukee to Be Third Week of August.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 17.—The grand trustee of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, in session in this city, has changed the time of holding the grand aerie in Milwaukee from the second to the third week of August next. It was also decided that aerie could be instituted in the province of Ontario provided care was taken to see that the insurance law of the province was not violated.

TWO KILLED IN A MINE.

Massillon, O., March 17.—A heavy fall of stone in the Pocock mine today killed Fred Zeit and Robert Booth. Zeit was a married man aged 50 years and Booth was aged 23 and single. The mine is situated near this city and a number of other miners had a narrow escape from death. It is feared that there will be another fall of stone.

Roast Chicken and Fresh Strawberry Sherbert for Sunday dinner at the Rossmore. 25c. 11 to 2 o'clock.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Jacob Wilcoxson, farmer, and Irma M. Hamilton.

We are going after the Confirmation Sult business with the finest suits made at prices that will get the business.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON.

Lawrence Byrre, of Elma Green, Ind., is visiting Rev. G. F. Byrre, of Calvary U. B. church.

LEHMAN SAYS HIS WIFE GAVE CHASE

BUTCHER KNIFE USED TO KEEP THINGS GOING.

Warm Cross-Complaint is Filed in Divorce Case—The Court Notes.

Oliver Lehman filed a cross complaint in the superior court today in answer to charges made against his wife and states that she, in addition to numerous threats to kill him, chased him with a butcher knife in an earnest effort to carry out her design upon his life.

On March 6 she is charged with having struck him with a billiard cue and at various times during their married life he says she called him bad names, drove him from home and enjoined him to stay away. To this he adds the accusation that she tried to gouge out his eyes. He left two blank spaces in the document in which to insert the names of men with whom he alleges she has been unduly intimate. G. W. Louttit is her attorney.

Failed to Provide.
Nellie Potts, in her divorce complaint against Burwell Potts, states that they were married July 13, 1900, and lived together until Feb. 23, 1905. He is said to have called her bad names, to have associated with bad women and failed for more than two years to make reasonable provision for her support.

SLAPPED HER FACE.
Helena Stoll, in a divorce complaint filed against Otto Stoll, recounts a long list of alleged cruelties, among which she said that on one occasion he slapped her face. She also charges that he ordered her out of their home and that she and their three-month-old child were compelled to remain away a week to avoid his cruelties and vulgarities.

Another charge against him is that he changed an insurance policy after the birth of one of their children so as to exclude it as a beneficiary, alleging that he was not the father, which she says is false. He is accused of having beaten and abused her and she wants a divorce and sufficient alimony to provide for their children, of which she asks the custody. J. M. Robinson filed the complaint.

Divorces Granted.

E. Anna Greenlund was granted a divorce from Francis M. Greenlund. She says he deserted her thirteen years ago and she has not heard from him since.

Winfield M. Peters secured a decree from Oliver Peters, charging that he failed to support her for three years and that while she was away from home at one time she found another woman there upon her return.

Articles Are Filed.

Articles of incorporation of the Ellison Realty company were filed today with the county recorder. The capital stock is \$15,000 and the incorporators are Susan M. and Alice H. Ellison, of Lagrange; Thomas E. Andrew W. S. and Hannah Hall Ellison, of Fort Wayne.

L. A. Kramer, of Claypool, was in the city yesterday.

CITY BREVITIES.

Rev. H. C. Ingersoll, of the Free Methodist church, will deliver an address at the Ministerial association Monday morning.

The fire department was called to the residence of George Staudacker, at 311 Wilt street at 11:41 this morning to extinguish a fire caused by sparks from the chimney. The loss was but \$5.

Immediately following the high mass at St. Patrick's Catholic church Monday morning, the pupils of St. Catherine's academy will render a musical and literary entertainment in honor of the namesday of Rev. J. F. Delaney.

Messrs. B. Paul Mossman and W. J. Hess left this afternoon for Cleveland. These gentlemen are members of the supply committee of Plymouth Congregational church, and it is presumed their mission to the Ohio city is to hear a pastor who may be later called to the pastorate of Plymouth church.

Hon. J. W. Kelley, of Marion, chairman of the state executive committee of the socialist party, will deliver an address on the "Evils of Our Commercial System" at Vordermark hall tomorrow afternoon. The subject will be of vital interest to businessmen, whose presence is earnestly solicited by the socialist local organization.

Rev. J. F. Vichert, professor of Biblical history in Chicago university, who preached at the First Baptist church last Sunday, will occupy the pulpit again tomorrow at both morning and evening services. The evening service may be the last opportunity to hear him, as he does not come as a candidate for the vacant pulpit.

The Young Ladies' society of Emanuel Lutheran church is busy holding rehearsals and making preparations for a concert and entertainment to be given Easter Monday. The intention of the society is to surpass all previous efforts in the direction of an entertainment, and the young ladies promise something extra good.

The senior students at St. Augustine's academy gave an entertainment in the study hall yesterday afternoon in honor of the namesday of Rev. Patrick Roche, rector of the Cathedral. There was a musical program, which was followed by an address to Rev. Roche in behalf of the teachers and scholars. The address, together with a floral tribute, were handed to Father Roche by two little girls, Catherine Golden and Esther Bresnahan. Father Roche responded heartily, and thanked the young ladies for the compliment.

The Pure Food Roll of Honor

"Good Housekeeping," a well-known household national magazine, voluntarily made a thorough examination and test of Non-Such Mince Meat, and placed it without reservation upon its roll of honor.

In the March number of Good Housekeeping the department of "Pure Food Assurance," we find:

"Non-Such Mince Meat, Merrill-Soule Co., Syracuse, a semi-moist, compact compound of beef, apples, spices, sugar, raisins, currants, boiled elder and salt, without other preservatives or adulterants, no artificial coloring, produced under conditions as near to sanitary perfection as possible."

This guarantee, which could not be bought at any price, ought to satisfy the most particular housewife. The sale of one million packages a month seems to prove the statement to be true. Your grocer sells Non-Such. Try it and satisfy yourself. You are the one.

L. A. Kramer, of Claypool, was in the city yesterday.

WAS A LIFELONG RESIDENT HERE

MARTIN A. KOESTER IS CLAIMED BY DEATH.

Was a Draughtsman and Later Hardware Merchant—Other Deaths and Funerals.

Martin A. Koester, a lifelong resident of Fort Wayne and widely known, died at 8 o'clock this morning at his home, 302 West Jefferson street, from pneumonia at the age of 48 years, 10 months and 20 days.

Mr. Koester was for twenty-three years engaged as a draughtsman for the Pennsylvania company, and later embarked in the hardware business, purchasing a half interest in the Freiburger Hardware company on South Calhoun street. He was born in Fort Wayne May 27, 1857, and was educated at St. Mary's Catholic school.

Surviving relatives include the wife and seven children—John, William, Edward, Martin, Mary, Veronica and Erin Koester. There is also a brother, Barney Koester, and a sister, Mrs. H. J. Remmert. Mr. Koester was a member of the Cathedral congregation, the Married Men's Sodality, the St. Vincent de Paul society and the Knights of Columbus. His wife was formerly Miss Alice Loneragan, to whom he was married November 6, 1884.

Funeral services later.

ROACH.

John J. Roach, 75 years of age, died shortly after 8 o'clock Friday evening at his home, 327 Montgomery street, from paralysis with which he had been stricken on Sunday.

Mr. Roach was a native of County Cork, Ireland, but came to America many years ago. He removed from Monroeville to Fort Wayne six years ago. Surviving relatives include one son, John Roach, and a daughter, Mrs. Julia Beuchet.

The funeral services and interment occur at Monroeville Monday.

FUNERAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Palmer.—Funeral services of Mrs. John Palmer will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence, 431 Archer avenue; interment at Lindenwood.

Kraemer.—Funeral services of Herbert Kraemer will be held Sunday at 1:30 p. m. from the residence, 138 Rebecca street, and at 2 o'clock from Emanuel Lutheran church.

Fricke.—Funeral services of Mrs. Augusta Fricke will be held Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence, 1113 Lafayette street, and at 3:15 from St. Paul Lutheran church.

Bosse.—Funeral services of Frederick Bosse will be held Sunday afternoon from Concordia Lutheran church.

CARD OF THANKS.

In this way we wish to express our thanks to our neighbors and friends, also the Pennsylvania company paint employees, for the assistance rendered and sympathy during the death of my beloved wife.

W. J. KOCH AND PARENTS.



One hundred and twelve years ago, in March, 1794, an act was passed by congress authorizing the formation of our navy, and from the time of Admiral Paul Jones to Admiral Dewey, we've controlled our share of salt water.

But it was many years before the United States

Society

The School of Art will hold an exhibition of black and white at the art building all of next week. The collection comprises the finest etchings that have been seen in the city and are from the studio of Mr. Roulier, of Chicago. That in itself is the highest recommendation. A cursory glance at the pictures show the works of Pennell, Seymour Harden, Whistler and other well known etchers.

Mrs. M. V. B. Spencer, of Indianapolis, makes formal announcement today of the engagement of her daughter, Margaret Jenkinson, to Frank K. Sawyer. The wedding will take place in April. This announcement will be read with much interest in this city, where the Spencer family lived for many years, or until the late M. V. B. Spencer was appointed United States pension agent at Indianapolis, and in consequence went to the capital city to live. Miss Spencer had many friends here among the older acquaintances of her parents and was a favorite with the young people of her own age. She is an exceptionally bright and well informed young woman.

A Club Banquet.

Once a year the members of the Nineteenth Century club have a feast at which they look well after their bodily comfort and have a right good time in so doing. Today the club gave a luncheon at the home of Miss Lavon Sperry at 1 o'clock. In appreciation of the honor due that Irish saint so "dear to the hearts of his countrymen," the decorations were green in color, and as much of the menu as possible was at least suggestive of a verdant hue. There was a d'laux about the chandelier and table; there were green carnations mingled with white, green flags in the ice cream and so on. The place cards were watercolor sketches of the shamrock, to the back of which was fastened a small envelope. In the envelope were an Irish anecdote and several quotations from his honor, Misher Dooley. A number of the club members were forced to be absent. Those who attended were Mrs. Charles Haas, of Wabash, an honorary member of the club, and from the city Mrs. Henry Bowerland, Mrs. Hugh Keegan, Mrs. Ralph Yarnelle, Mrs. Charlie Guld, Mrs. Peter Pickard, Mrs. Artemus Pickard, Mrs. Charles Lang, Mrs. Harry Perfect, Mrs. Elwin Hulce, Mrs. Robert Harding, Miss Keegan, Miss Elizabeth and Miss Kate Chaplin.

Miss Marie Martin will spend tomorrow with friends in New Haven. The Saturday night club meet this evening with Mr. and Mrs. N. Conover. Rev. J. C. Cromer, of Wellington, O., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Douglass.

Miss Margaret C. Haley, of Columbia City, is visiting her brother Daniel Haley.

Mr. and Mrs. John Klett left today for a visit of ten days in Nashville, Tenn.

Mrs. Maude Brown has returned to Fremont, Ohio, after a visit with Mrs. E. Nelson, Karn.

Miss Margie Hanna went to Detroit today to spend Sunday with her sister, Mrs. E. H. Coombs.

Miss Bertha Robinson, of 1228 Calhoun street, has returned from a week's visit in Plaquemine, O.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Deffenbacher, of Canal Dover, O., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Wentz.

Mrs. Christ White, of Maumee avenue, gave a tea Thursday afternoon in honor of Miss Weber, of Toledo.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Z. Foster, of Terre Haute, arrived in the city today to visit relatives. They will be guests for a few days of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Foster.

The South Side Aid society will be entertained Monday at the home of Mrs. Charles Rabus, 1018 Rockhill street. Mrs. Rabus will be assisted by Mrs. Needham.

Mrs. M. F. Zent, of Belleville, Ill., who has been visiting Mrs. Robert Learmonth and other relatives of the city for several weeks, returned home today.

Miss Emily Hoffman is planning to leave the latter part of next week for Texas, where she will join her sister, Miss Katherine Hoffman, in San Antonio.

Mrs. Edward J. Huchschman, of Muskegon, Mich., will arrive tomorrow to spend two weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Strauss, 402 West Jefferson street.

Mrs. Charles Orr, Chaparrone Miss Alice Warden, Miss Jeannette Morris, Miss Florence Foster, Miss Constance and Miss Hazel Kepling and Miss Jessie Orr at "The College Widow" last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie E. Hang will go to Cleveland tomorrow, where Mrs. Hang will visit relatives for two weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Hang are to live in the upstairs apartments of Prof. Joost's residence, corner of Fairfield avenue and Jefferson street.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lyman, of Denver, who were in the city for a brief visit with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Ferguson and Mr. and Mrs. John H. Welch, have gone east on a ten days' trip.

Miss Emma Schmidt gave a pretty party yesterday afternoon, her guests being Misses Adele Kratzsch, August Paul, Mamie Shae, Bertha and Susie Rieke, Mamie Miller, Bertha Ueberall, Stella Hoffman and Cornelia Slater.

Elizabeth, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Rogier, is eight years old today and had as pretty a children's party as any little girl could imagine this afternoon. Besides games and a nice time playing them, there was a wonderful supper. The

most wonderful thing about the supper, even more so than the birthday cake, with its eight candles, was a blackbird pie. Sitting on the edge of the pan were eight blackbirds. When the proper time came each little guest pulled a ribbon and away came the bird with a gift attached to it. Among the children who enjoyed the affair were Helen Hackius, Delight Evans, Katherine and Edward Hackett, Catherine Lehman, Gilbert Miles, Helen Compton, Katherine Kampe, Lucile Grago and Jessie Gifford.

Miss Lolo Spangler entertained the D. Z. club and their friends at a St. Patrick's party last evening. Those present were the Misses Florence Rust, Ella Beverforden, Laura Kasbaum, Gail Spangler, Mae Teagarden, Clara Kasbaum, Charlotte Vogler, Edna Deither and Myrtle Manger. First prizes were won by the Misses Ella Beverforden, Florence Rust and Mae Teagarden, consolation prizes by Miss Clara Kasbaum. Prizes for the best Irish joke were awarded to Miss Beverforden. Next Thursday the club will meet at the home of Miss Ella Beverforden.

Mrs. Thomas Spalding, of 1026 Rivermont avenue, was hostess for a guest meeting of the Philomath club yesterday. The decorations were suggestive of a St. Patrick's day celebration, but as the guests were kept busy in a doll dressing contest the program was not suggestive of Irish patriotism exactly. Miss Blanche Bilderback and Miss Marie Stroner assisted the hostess in serving supper, where the color green was used as much as possible. The guests of the club were Mrs. Charles Tyger, Mrs. George Waldschmidt, Mrs. W. F. Graeter, Mrs. C. A. Angster, Mrs. W. M. Clutter, Mrs. T. Murray Reed, Mrs. Neuffer and Mrs. Busch.

With the Social Clubs.

Mrs. E. S. Harbutt, assisted by her daughter, Mrs. Frank Ziegler, entertained the ladies of the H. W. club Friday afternoon at Pedro. The color plan of the decorations was green. Supper was served at 6 o'clock and the table decorations and place cards carried out the celebration of St. Patrick's day. Prizes at cards were taken by Mrs. Peter Henkenius, Mrs. S. D. Melshelmer and Mrs. C. M. Compaet.

When Mrs. A. C. Schultz, of Lakeside, made arrangements to entertain the ladies and gentlemen of the Tammany club she did not look for a company of masqueraders, but that was what happened. Everyone went in a comical costume and the result was much merriment. The dining room decorations were in green and white. Prizes were earned by Mrs. Schultz, John Thompson and Frank Beall.

Miss Louise McElfarrick was the hostess for a meeting of the T. B. G. club last evening in celebration of her birthday anniversary. The decorations and souvenirs were suggestive of the seventeenth of the month. The members of the Star Mandolin club called during the evening and there was music and dancing afterwards. Miss Agnes Lankau, Miss Pauline Holney and Miss Kratzsch sang. Miss Ida Koonitz, Miss Lulu Kratzsch, Miss Emma and Miss Blanche Slater won prizes in games. Miss Adelaide Kratzsch, of Paris, who has been visiting Miss Lulu Kratzsch, was an honor guest.

The Industrial Embroidery club was entertained by Mrs. George Colvers, of Howell street, Thursday afternoon. Luncheon was served after the sewing and a pleasant time spent. The next meeting of this club will be with Mrs. B. V. Engells, of Winter street.

The members of the East End Pedro club were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Brunskill, of East Creighton avenue, on Thursday evening. The game of the evening was Pedro and honors went to Mrs. Kane, E. Esly and H. L. Cline.

The Fleur-de-lis club met Thursday evening with Miss Martha Schoepke, 209 West Leith street, and enjoyed the time playing games. Miss Beulah Hall and Miss Elsie Wiebner drew the prizes. Miss Nina Peckham contributed musical selections during the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Porter entertained the Kazoo club Friday evening at progressive Pedro. Plants in bloom and other flowers were used for decorating the rooms. Mrs. Elsie Morrison, Mrs. A. Palmer, Louis Limecooly and William Morrison won the prizes for high scores in points and Mrs. J. W. Schnauffer and Charles Neirelter held the most "fourteen hands."

T. L. C. are the mysterious initials that stand for the name of a new cooking club composed of six young girls. They are going to meet regularly at the home of a member and stay to supper. Each one is to provide some article of food with her own hands. This evening their first meeting will be held with Mrs. Bowser. The girls go this afternoon and are to entertain this time, Roland Hoffman, Herbert Miller, Marshall Warden, Ray Smaltz, Frank Cowler, George Evans. The members of the club are Ruth Caldwell, Helen Mackee, Edith Nichol, Vera Bowser, Frances Willey and Irma Poole.

The Past Matrons' club, Order Eastern Star, spent this afternoon at the home of Mrs. A. S. Coverdale, with Mrs. J. M. Henry and Mrs. Adam LaMar as other hostesses. The decorations suggest the day, green throughout. Tally cards had shamrock fastened to them. Games were played. Miss Nellie Henry, Miss Edith Coverdale and Miss Minnie Graham assisted during the afternoon. Forty guests were invited.

Mrs. E. W. Cook used St. Patrick's day decorations at the card parties she entertained Wednesday. The L. E. club met in the evening and had a fine time. Mrs. Edith Williamson and Miss Minnie Geake won the prizes.

Literary Club Notes.

The Book Reviewers will meet Monday with Mr. Budd VanSwearingen. Dr. Jesse C. Calvin will review "The Conquest of Canaan."

The Fortnightly club has a meeting scheduled for Monday evening with E. Ralph Yarnelle, who will read a paper on Goethe.

The regular meeting of the Saturday club will be held next week with Mrs. A. J. Detzer. The Hellenistic period of Greek sculpture will be discussed



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Spring Opening

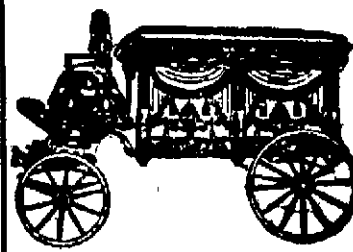
Will Take Place

MONDAY, MARCH 19th

Afternoon and Evening

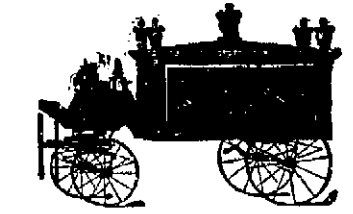
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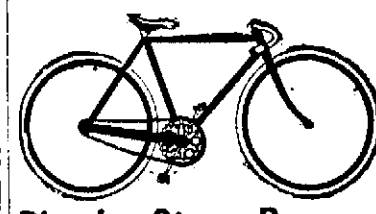
Hours 9 a. m. to 12 m.; 1 p. m. to 5 p. m. Appointments made from 12 to 1. From 6 to 8 p. m. Facial Massage given, 50c. 818 Harrison street. Phone 1160.

COUNT BONI IS ILL.
Unable to Appear in Divorce Proceedings Brought by Wife.

Paris, March 17.—Judge Ditté, president of the first tribunal of the Seine, summoned the Count and Countess Boni do Castellane today for the purpose of seeking a reconciliation under the wife's last application for absolute divorce. The countess, formerly Anna Gould, was present with Edmond Kelly, her lawyer. The count's attorney presented a certificate from a doctor saying that the former was sick and unable to be present in court. The hearing was then adjourned for a fortnight.

COMRADES, ATTENTION
Hear Hon. J. W. Kelley at Vandermark's hall, Sunday 2 p. m.

Manson, \$35, cash \$31.50.
Fowler, \$30, cash \$27.00.
Record, \$25, Cash, \$22.50.
Choice of tires on new Bicycles.
Second-hand Bicycles \$1.00 up.
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a revelation to modern science. It is the only scientific and practical way to destroy hair. Don't waste time experimenting with electrolysis, X-ray and depilatories. These are offered you on the BAZZ WORLD of the operators and manufacturers. The Miracle is not. It is the only method which is endorsed by physicians, surgeons, dermatologists, medical journals and prominent magazines. Buzzer free, in plain sealed envelope. The Miracle mailed, sealed in plain wrapper, for \$1.00 by The Miracle Chemical Co., 192 Park Ave., New York. Your money back without question (no red tape) if it fails to do all that is claimed for it. For sale by all first-class druggists, department stores and

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Kitchen Waste
can be made
into dainty
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Universal Food Chopper
COFFEE MILLS,
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TRACTION COMPANY.

BLUFFTON DIVISION.
Time Table No. 1, Taking Effect March 1,
1906, at 6:30 a. m.
(Central Standard Time.)

South Bound Trains.											
Train Nos.	11	9	7	5	3	1	11	9	7	5	3
Pl. Wayne	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00
Ferguson	8:24	8:24	8:24	8:24	8:24	8:24	8:24	8:24	8:24	8:24	8:24
Yoder	9:38	9:38	9:38	9:38	9:38	9:38	9:38	9:38	9:38	9:38	9:38
Ossian	9:45	9:45	9:45	9:45	9:45	9:45	9:45	9:45	9:45	9:45	9:45
Kingsland	10:02	10:02	10:02	10:02	10:02	10:02	10:02	10:02	10:02	10:02	10:02
Villa Nor.	10:16	10:16	10:16	10:16	10:16	10:16	10:16	10:16	10:16	10:16	10:16
Bluffton	10:20	10:20	10:20	10:20	10:20	10:20	10:20	10:20	10:20	10:20	10:20

North Bound Trains.											
Train Nos.	2	4	6	8	10	12	2	4	6	8	10
Bluffton	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00
Villa Nor.	7:24	7:24	7:24	7:24	7:24	7:24	7:24	7:24	7:24	7:24	7:24
Kingsland	7:47	7:47	7:47	7:47	7:47	7:47	7:47	7:47	7:47	7:47	7:47
Ossian	8:06	8:06	8:06	8:06	8:06	8:06	8:06	8:06	8:06	8:06	8:06
Yoder	8:14	8:14	8:14	8:14	8:14	8:14	8:14	8:14	8:14	8:14	8:14
Pl. Wayne	8:26	8:26	8:26	8:26	8:26	8:26	8:26	8:26	8:26	8:26	8:26

This schedule subject to change without notice.

CHAS. F. SHELTON,
Supt. Transportation.
C. D. EMMONS,
General Manager.

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CLEANED, DRESSED AND
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Ladies' waists 75
Ladies' skirts 75
Gents' light overcoats cleaned and
pressed 75
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The Fort Wayne Sentinel

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By E. K. HACKETT.
Published by The Fort Wayne Sentinel Co.
Weekly, \$1.00 Per Year.
The Sentinel is a member of the Associated Press and gets the news by wire from all parts of the world the same day it happens.
VOL. LXVII. NO. 107
Entered at the Postoffice, Fort Wayne, Ind., as second-class mail matter.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1906.

TONIGHT.

Union Labor.—Iron, Tin and Steel Workers Nos. 14 and 17.
Fraternal.—United Commercial Travelers; Rathbone Sisters; Wayne Lodge, No. 25, F. and A. M.; Queen Esther Lodge, Degree of Rebekah.
Amusements.—Majestic, "What Happened to Jones;" Masonic Temple, vaudeville.

Mayor Hosey may fancy by this time that he has forgotten it, but he did promise just the same and his official oath is a matter of record.

Judge "Andy" Hamilton threatens other disreputable quarters hours for insurance officials whom he says have been making a scapegoat of him and the sample of his work that he furnished at Albany Thursday evinces great interest in his future contributions to the insurance performance.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon must have been deeply pained by the onslaught of Congressman Shackelford, who called the benevolent old gentleman of the speaker's chair an "enthroned despot." Your "Uncle Joe" don't mind being called a despot, but to rest under the imputation of being enthroned must make his simple democratic heart to sorrow and beat sadly out of tune.

The struggle to get away from poverty has been a great man-developer, says Success. Had every human being been born with a silver spoon in his mouth—had there been no necessity put upon him to work—the race would still be in its infancy. Had everybody in this country been born wealthy, ours would be one of the Dark Ages. The vast resources of our land would still be undeveloped, the gold would still be in the mines, and our great cities would still be in the forest and the quarry. Civilization owes more to the perpetual struggle of man to get away from poverty than to anything else. It is not poverty, itself, but the effort to get away from it, that makes the man. We are so constituted that we make our greatest efforts and do our best work while struggling to attain that which the heart longs for. It is practically impossible for most people to make their utmost exertions without imperative necessity for it. It is the constant necessity to improve his condition that has urged man onward and developed the stamina and sterling character of the whole race. A youth born and bred in the midst of luxury, who has always leaned upon others, who has never been obliged to fight his way up to his own loaf, and who has been coddled from his infancy, rarely develops great stamina or staying power. He is like the weak sapling in the forest compared with the giant oak which has fought every inch of its way up from the acorn by struggling with storms and tempests. Power is the result of force overcome. The giant is made strong in wrestling with difficulties. It is impossible for one who does not have to struggle

and to fight obstacles to develop fiber or stamina. "To live without trial is to die but half a man." Strength of character is a thing which must be wrung out of obstacles overcome.

Senator William Boyd Allison, of Iowa, was 77 years old last week, and after someone recalled that fact he received a continuous stream of hearty congratulations from members of both branches of congress.

The anniversary also reminded his colleagues that "Uncle Billy," as he is endearingly known by everyone in national public life, has just rounded out 43 years in congress and 33 years in the United States senate—a longer term than any other man in that chamber, and, with one exception, the longest in the history of the republic. The next longest term of any present senator is that of John T. Morgan, of Alabama, with 29 years. Close behind him are the two senators from Maine, Mr. Hale and Mr. Frye, who entered the senate together 25 years ago, and Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, who came several months later. Next behind Senator Allison in point of long service in congress is Representative J. H. Ketchum, of New York, who entered the house in 1865, but stayed home two terms. Senator Allison has been there steadily since 1863, and what he does not know about legislative methods will probably never be known by anyone. Fortunately, his health is excellent. As chairman of the appropriations committee he occupies one of the most influential positions in all congress, and, as head of the republican steering committee he controls the consideration of all political measures. Physically, mentally and otherwise Senator Allison would not be taken for a man over 60. He is in perfect health, clear of thought and ready in speech. His committee work is the most exciting, yet he never misses a day in the senate chamber or a meeting of the committee of which he is a member. He is fully as active on the floor of the chamber. He is ever ready to give credit where credit is due. This fact was best illustrated a few days ago in the senate chamber, when, in the course of an argument he was making, he turned to Senator Tillman and paid the fiery South Carolinian a high tribute for the work he had done in the committee on appropriations. "Iowans are confident that before their leader shall have cast aside his senatorial toga he will have rounded out a half century in the work of congress. He has three years yet to serve in his present term—that will make 46 years of the senator's life spent in congress. He will then have attained the age of 80 years."

JOHANN MOST SERIOUSLY ILL.

Anarchist Leader Suffering From a Grave Ailment in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, March 17.—Johann Most, the head of the anarchists in America, who has been ill in this city since last Tuesday, was reported last night to be in a serious condition.

"Most is very sick," said Dr. Joseph Meiters, the attending physician. "He will not die today, and I still have hope of his finally pulling through. I resorted to antitoxin last evening, but there has not been time for any change of symptoms since then. His ailment is a fatal erysipelas, which has extended to his whole head. If it were not for his age, recovery would be almost assured. He has taken nourishment freely, and I expect an improvement today."

Most is at the home of Adolph Kraus, an old friend of the anarchist. An engineer declares that 50,000 people now do with machinery the work of 16,000,000 persons a few years ago.

FREE TO YOU—MY SISTER



Treatment a complete trial; and if you should wish to continue, it will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book, "WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER," with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves. Then when the doctor says, "You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all, old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home remedy, which speedily cures Leucorrhoea, Green Discharge, Painful or Irregular Menstruation in Young Ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use. Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell you of their success with this Home Treatment. Write today, as you may not see this offer again. Address: Mrs. M. Summers, Box 100, Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.

Free to You and Every Sister Suffering From Women's Ailments.

I am a woman. I know woman's sufferings. I have found the cure. I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from women's ailments. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves as safely and sure as I have cured myself. I will send you the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand women's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is a safe and sure cure for Leucorrhoea or White Discharge, Ulceration, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse or Scanty or Painful Periods, or Ovarian Tumors or Growths; also pains in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feelings up the spine, melancholy, desire to cry, hot flashes, weakness, kidney and bladder troubles, etc. I want to send you a complete ten day's treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember that it will cost you nothing to give this treatment a try. It will cost you only about 12 cents a week, or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book, "WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER," with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves. Then when the doctor says, "You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all, old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home remedy, which speedily cures Leucorrhoea, Green Discharge, Painful or Irregular Menstruation in Young Ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use. Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell you of their success with this Home Treatment. Write today, as you may not see this offer again. Address: Mrs. M. Summers, Box 100, Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.

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F. S. Davidson, Late Lieut. U. S. Army, Washington, D. C., care U. S. Pension Office, writes:

"To my mind there is no remedy for catarrh comparable to Peru. It not only strikes at the root of the malady, but it tones and strengthens the system in a truly wonderful way. That has been my history in my case. I cheerfully and unhesitatingly recommend it to those afflicted as I have been."—F. S. Davidson.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peru, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

OBSERVE EVACUATION DAY.

South Boston Keeps Anniversary of Departure of British.

Boston, March 17.—The celebration in South Boston today of the anniversary of the evacuation of Boston by the British troops was observed with more than the usual ceremonies. The day's exercises were begun with the firing of salutes by the warships in the harbor and at the forts. Mayor Fitzgerald entertained at breakfast the city's special evacuation day guests and a large number of prominent citizens. The guests included Lieutenant General John C. Bates, Congressman William S. McNary, Rear Admiral A. S. Snow and Governor Curtis Guild, Jr. A feature of the day was a military and naval parade in which blue jackets and marines from the warships Rhode Island, Des Moines, Wabash and Cleveland participated. Public interest also was directed to a parade of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in observance of St. Patrick's day, which was reviewed by the governor and the mayor.

"TO CURE A FELON,"

Says Sam Kendall, of Phillipsburg, Kan., "just cover it over with Bucklen's Arnica Salve and the Salve will do the rest." Quickest cure for Burns, Boils, Sores, Scalds, Wounds, Piles, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Chapped Hands, Sore Feet and Sore Eyes. Only 25c at Dr. J. C. Brod's drug store. Guaranteed.

An Australian paper relates that at some amateur theatricals in Victoria two people among the spectators, whenever the heroine was kissed, kissed each other loudly and with ostentation. It turned out that the man in the audience was the husband of the heroine. He disapproved her theatrical tastes and with the help of an amiable friend took this way of reproving them.

A dose of Pine-ales at bed time will usually relieve backache before morning. These beautiful little globules are soft gelatine coated and when moistened and placed in the mouth you can't keep from swallowing them. Pine-ales contain neither sugar nor alcohol—just gums and resins obtained from our own native pine forests, combined with other well known bladder, kidney, blood and backache remedies. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

A new Italian steamship company trading with the east offers to carry free to Italy patterns or sample pieces of Italian goods not exceeding two tons in weight. Their circular also offers to "give free passage to the agent of important manufacturing concerns, or better still, to the manufacturers themselves, who may wish to visit India for business purposes."

The tar that is contained in Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar is harmless. It is not coal tar, but is obtained from the pine trees of our own native forests. Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar is the best remedy for colds because it acts on the bowels—thus expelling all colds from the system. Bee's is the original Laxative Honey and Tar, and is best for colds, croup, whooping cough, lung and bronchial affections. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

Residents in Edinburgh are much perturbed by the discovery that their water supply is polluted by the presence of a living organism, white in color, but described from its shape and general appearance as "a water flea."

A liquid cold cure for children that is pleasant, harmless and effective is Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar. Superior to all other cough syrups or cold remedies, because it acts on the bowels. An ideal remedy for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough and all curable lung and bronchial affections in child or adult. Pleasant to take. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

John Freeman, proprietor of the hotel, who was on duty, thought Kirkpatrick a maniac and started to run out, but the salesman called him back and assured him he was sane. "I'm a somnambulist," he explained. "I woke up a few minutes ago and found myself under the bed, pounding myself in the face and hammering my head against the wall."

Kirkpatrick's face, hands, arms and legs were covered with cuts and bruises.

TO BUILD WAR AIRSHIPS.

German Financiers Form Company at Emperor's Behest.

Berlin, March 17.—An airship company having as its definite object to construct and experiment with war craft has been formed here. Among the directors are W. Rathenau, president of the German General Electric company; Isidor Loewe, head of the Mauser Rifle and Machine Tool works; Paul Schwabach, of the Bleichroeder bank, and James Simon, a woolen manufacturer, all hard-headed persons who take up the matter from patriotic impulses, and with the patronage of Emperor William. They are able to command the services of the best engineers. The organization is a sequence of a conversation at the emperor's table some nights ago.

The four financiers mentioned were his majesty's guests with several generals and noblemen of the court. The talk turned upon the results obtained by M. Julliot, the French engineer employed by the Lebaudy brothers of Paris in building the aerial machine recently tried by the French ministry of war and adjudged suitable for military purposes. The patriotic action of the Lebaudy in presenting the invention to their government for the benefit of the whole French people was praised by the emperor.

In the resulting talk the military men took the invention seriously, expressing the opinion that France's opponents in a war would have to take the device into account. The airship company grew out of that conversation and an aerial club will also be formed.

The new company includes in its membership some of the stockholders of the high-speed electrical experimental corporation which has been using the government line from Berlin to Zossen, over which a speed of 130 miles per hour was attained in 1903.

"DOC" LANTERMAN RECOVERS.

Former Fort Wayne Printer Leaves Hospital.

(Warsaw Union.) The many friends of F. E. Lanterman, better known as "Doc," will be pleased to learn that he has been pronounced cured by the physicians at Longcliff asylum and has been given permission to return home at any time. C. W. Smith, who was appointed his guardian, when he first became ill, went to Logansport today to bring him to Warsaw.

AFFLICTED WITH RHEUMATISM.

"I was and am yet afflicted with rheumatism," says Mr. J. C. Bayne, editor of the Herald, Addington, Indian territory, "but thanks to Chamberlain's Pain Balm am able once more to attend to business. It is the best of liniments." If troubled with rheumatism give Pain Balm a trial and you are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. One application relieves the pain. For sale by all druggists.

A new German specific agent against seasickness is composed of bright red spectacles and internal doses of calomel.

Salve! Salve!! Spread the Salve, but let it be Pine Salve, nature's remedy for cuts, burns, sores, etc. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

AT BREAKFAST
LUNCH
DINNER
SUPPER

Always Acceptable
Always Delicious

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA TEA

BLACK, MIXED, Sealed Lead Packets only.
GREEN or OOLONG. Never sold in bulk.
Trial Packet 10c at your Grocers.

Southwest—

Last Bargain Rates
March 20—

One-way, second-class tickets at about half rate.
Round-trip, first-class tickets at about 75 per cent of one-way fare.

Embryonic industries for promoters.
Projects of merit for investors.
Richest land in United States for farmers.
Rural homes for jaded city-dwellers.
A growing country for young success-seekers.

You can "SEE IT ALL" by taking
CHOICE OF ROUTES OFFERED BY

—Rock Island—Frisco Lines—

GEO. S. PENTECOST, Dist. Pass. Agent,
414 Park Bldg., PITTSBURG, PA.

Haven't you a Floor, Old Chair, Bed, Bureau, Mantel, some Woodwork, or anything around the house that needs a new Finish? Then

"WOOD-SHINE"

which changes Old, Scratched Woods of any kind into beautifully grained Finishes of any color

The Best Wood Finish Made
lasting longer and wearing better than any other Wood Finish manufactured.
Anyone can apply "WOOD-SHINE" and it dries in a single night.
In all Natural and Wood Color Tints.

10c COUPON 10c
This coupon is worth 10c to you. Cut it out. It will be received in part payment for a quart can of WOOD-SHINE, any color. Present it to
H. PFEIFFER & SON.
Exclusive Agents, Jobbers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Glass
109 EAST COLUMBIA STREET.

The Rurode

DRY GOODS CO.

Beauty, Art, Fashion, Novelty.

A guarantee which finds expression in our display of Spring goods. There is a gathering of new merchandise here that excels that of any former season in quantity, quality, style and value. We offer you the sort of goods it pays you to buy, goods of reliable quality at the lowest price point consistent with quality and satisfaction.

Important Spring Expositions

Now under way are of Silks, Black and Colored Dress Goods, Wash Fabrics, White Goods, Laces, Trimmings, Embroideries, Neckwear, Ribbons, Gloves, Undermuslins, Hosiery, Corsets, Suits, Coats, Waists, Skirts, Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, etc. It will be our pleasure to show you whether you are ready to buy or not. The good things go quickly. Style reasons and price reasons suggest early choosing.



THE GREAT SUCCESS

of the demonstration of the Redfern Corsets and at the request of many of our patrons we have prevailed upon Miss Ohlsen to remain another week. If you have not taken advantage of her expert corset demonstrations come this last week. You will not regret it.

To be rightly corseted every woman should have her figure correctly treated by a corset fitter. Then she may know that every line of her figure has been easily met by the corset. There is an exact spot on the form at which each pivot of the clasp should touch, also at which the lines begin to curve, resulting in perfect and comfortable fitting.

Redfern Models contain all the necessary features for developing a figure contour conforming to the fashions of the day.

\$3.50 TO \$15.00 PER PAIR.

THE RURODE DRY GOODS CO.

HEALTH is the Most Important

No one can tell good baking powder from bad merely by the appearance;

The price is some guide, but not an infallible one; Some cheap brands may raise the dough, yet contain unwholesome ingredients.

There is one safe, sure way,—to follow the recommendations of the

U. S. GOVERNMENT ANALYSTS,
THE HIGHEST AUTHORITIES ON HYGIENE
THROUGHOUT THE WORLD,
THE BEST HOUSEKEEPERS EVERYWHERE

ROYAL BAKING POWDER ABSOLUTELY PURE

Wireless telegraphy has been maintained for several years across the Gulf of California and now the Mexican government has concluded contracts for a plant that will afford communication over a distance of about 200 miles, not only between the various stations of the system, but with shipping.

A man whose will has just been proved in England, left all his property to his daughter, on condition "that she shall pay to Mr. — the sum of three-pence half-penny for the purchase of a hompen cord or halter for the use of his dear wife." "I trust," he adds, "that she may make use of it without delay."

SOCIETIES IN CHARGE.

Special Services at West Jefferson Street Church Next Week.

Under the auspices of the various societies of the church, special Lenten services will be held each evening next week, a prayer and praise service in charge of some society occupying the first half hour, followed by a short sermon by the pastor on some phase of Christian work. The program for the week follows:

Monday night.—Young Men's association in charge, sermon, "The Power of Young Men in the Church."

Tuesday night.—Ladies' Aid society in charge, sermon, "The Place of Woman in the Church."

Wednesday night.—Officers of the church in charge, sermon, "The Mutual Duties of Officers and Members."

Thursday night.—The C. W. B. M. in charge, sermon, "The Work of Woman in Missions."

Friday night.—Kings' Daughters in charge, sermon, "No Proxies in Charity."

G. B. BURHANS TESTIFIES AFTER FOUR YEARS.

G. B. Burhans, of Canisteo Center, N. Y., writes: "About four years ago I wrote you stating that I had been entirely cured of a severe kidney trouble by taking less than two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure. It entirely stopped the brick dust sediment and pain and symptoms of kidney disease disappeared. I am glad to say that I have never had a return of any of those symptoms during the four years that have elapsed and I am evidently cured to stay cured, and heartily recommend Foley's Kidney Cure to any one suffering from kidney or bladder trouble." Dreier & Bro.

The gross indebtedness of New York is greater than that of the Chinese empire. The cost of operating this city's government for one year almost equals the annual expenditures of both London and Paris combined. New York pays out in salaries alone the vast sum of \$65,000,000 yearly, or as much as London spends for its entire administration. At the present time there are 45,000 men and women on this city's pay roll. Of every \$100 that a New Yorker pays in rent, it is estimated that \$12.25 goes into the pockets of municipal "servants."

THE BREATH OF LIFE.

It's a significant fact that the strongest animal of its size, the gorilla, also has the largest lungs. Powerful lungs means powerful creatures. How to keep the breathing organs right should be man's chiefest study. Like thousands of others, Mrs. Ora A. Stephens, of Port Williams, O., has learned how to do this. She writes: "Three bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery stopped my cough of two years and cured me of what my friends thought consumption. O, it's grand for throat and lung troubles." Guaranteed by Dreier & Bro., druggists. Price, 50c.

It is reported that the Samoan residence of Robert Louis Stevenson, Valima, will become a tourist hotel, or it may be that it will be made the official residence of the German representative. A syndicate of Philadelphia is negotiating with the present owner of the villa with the tourist hotel plan in view, while the German government is desirous of acquiring the property and contemplating making an offer.

CLEAR THE COMPLEXION.

Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup stimulates the liver and thoroughly cleanses the system and clears the complexion of pimples and blotches. It is the best laxative for women and children as it is mild and pleasant, and does not gripe or sicken. Orino is much superior to pills, aperient waters and all ordinary cathartics as it does not irritate the stomach and bowels. Dreier & Bro.

Tea was cultivated in China 2,700 years before the Christian era.

No pill is as pleasant and positive as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. These Famous Little Pills are so mild and effective that children, delicate ladies and weak people enjoy their cleansing effect while strong people say they are the best liver pills sold. Never gripe 1117

Northern Indiana News and Gossip

Robert W. Nelson has been installed as postmaster at Warsaw.

William Wilcott, a pioneer resident of Steuben county, is dead at the age of 76 years from paralysis. He was sheriff of that county many years ago.

While leaving the breakfast table Friday morning, William Twiford, a veteran soldier at Goshen, dropped dead from heart disease. He was 73 years of age.

The trial of Boston Weston, the Huntington cabdriver who is charged with the killing of Roman J. Holt, house, of Decatur, will begin at Huntington March 26.

Garrett is making an effort to have the Vandalia railroad establish a station and erect a depot at the crossing of the Interurban tracks about one and a half miles south of Garrett.

Mrs. Henry Moyer, of Kendallville, in her girlhood days a resident of Canajoharie, N. Y., was a pupil in the school taught by the late Miss Susan H. Anthony, the famous woman suffragist.

William Wilson, a 16-year-old boy who alarmed his friends by disappearing from his home in Wanatah several weeks ago and who was presumed to have come to Fort Wayne, has been located near Columbia City, where he was at work upon a farm.

Rev. John Humphreys, of Angola, has been elected moderator and registrar of the Fort Wayne Association of Congregational churches, succeeding Rev. J. Webster Bailey, of Fort Wayne, who recently accepted a call to Ottawa, Ill. The association held a two-days' session at Shipshewana this week.

Seven or eight parties from Lagrange county have gone to South Dakota, 150 miles northwest of Chamberlain, to homestead some land. They will be 50 miles from the nearest railroad station as a crow flies but 100 miles by trail. The party is headed by Hon. S. B. McManus, the well-known writer.

Mongo, a pioneer Lagrange county village which has lain dormant for many years, is now taking on new life in anticipation of the completion of the St. Joseph Valley electric line through the town this summer. Several new additions have been planned, and preparations are under way for the building of many homes.

ALWAYS KEEPS CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY IN HIS HOUSE.

"We would not be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is kept on hand continually in our home," says W. W. Kearney, editor of the Independent, Lowry City, Mo. That is just what every family should do. When kept at hand ready for instant use, a cold may be checked at the outset and cured in much less time than after it has become settled in the system. This remedy is also without a peer for croup in children, and will prevent the attack when given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, which can only be done when the remedy is kept at hand. For sale by all druggists.

During the ebullience of the last century Germany sent as many as 200,000 emigrants to the United States in a single year. That is ten times as many as she is sending today. The healthy development of German industries at home turned the tide of emigration from America to the cities, and the marvelous growth of such places as Berlin, Chemnitz, Nuremberg and others, has been the result.

A FAVORITE REMEDY FOR BABIES

Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia or other serious consequences. It not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears will prevent the attack. For sale by all druggists.

The wireless methods of communication are making more rapid progress in Germany than elsewhere. A new station has been established at Oberschonweide, which will place Berlin and Dresden in communication over a distance of 111 miles. Several other stations already exist. There are reports of a project for constructing at Nordreich a wireless system of long distance telephoning.

DANGERS OF PNEUMONIA.

A cold at this time if neglected is liable to cause pneumonia which is so often fatal, and even when the patient has recovered the lungs are weakened, making them peculiarly susceptible to the development of consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar will stop the cough, heal and strengthen the lungs and prevent pneumonia. La Grippe coughs yield quickly to the wonderful curative qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar. There is nothing else "just as good." Dreier & Bro.

A curious thing noticed at once by visitors to Moscow is the absence of whips among the cab drivers. There is a law prohibiting their use. There is not a single whip in use in Moscow. The excellent condition of the horses attests the benefit of this humane law. Moderation varies the world over. The whip is not in disuse in Moscow. They use it there on men and women.

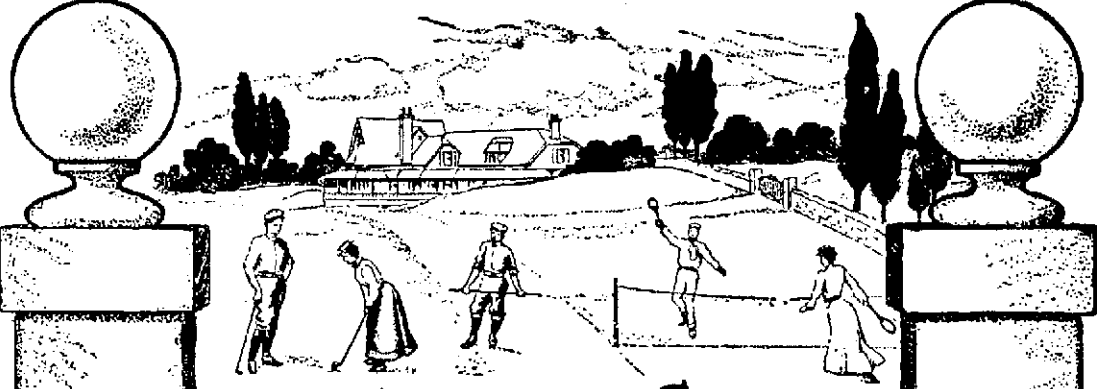
SLEEPLESSNESS.

Disorders of the stomach produce a nervous condition and often prevent sleep. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets stimulate the digestive organs, restore the system to a healthy condition and make sleep possible. For sale by all druggists.

A machine has been recently invented called the syntonic wireless machine, and is used for locating bodies of ore.

The Original Laxative Cough Syrup is Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar. It expels all cold from the system by acting as a cathartic on the bowels. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar is a certain, safe and harmless cure for colds, croup and whooping cough. 1117

UNIVOCO CIGARETTES
TO STRAIGHT



THE WINNING STROKE

If more than ordinary skill in playing brings the honors of the game to the winning player, so exceptional merit in a remedy ensures the commendation of the well informed, and as a reasonable amount of outdoor life and recreation is conducive to the health and strength, so does a perfect laxative tend to one's improvement in cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches, etc. It is all important, however, in selecting a laxative, to choose one of known quality and excellence, like the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., a laxative which sweetens and cleanses the system effectually, when a laxative is needed, without any unpleasant after effects, as it acts naturally and gently on the internal organs, simply assisting nature when nature needs assistance, without griping, irritating or debilitating the internal organs in any way, as it contains nothing of an objectionable or injurious nature. As the plants which are combined with the figs in the manufacture of Syrup of Figs are known to physicians to act most beneficially upon the system, the remedy has met with their general approval as a family laxative, a fact well worth considering in making purchases.

It is because of the fact that **SYRUP OF FIGS** is a remedy of known quality and excellence, and approved by physicians that has led to its use by so many millions of well informed people, who would not use any remedy of uncertain quality or inferior reputation. Every family should have a bottle of the genuine on hand at all times, to use when a laxative remedy is required. Please to remember that the genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale in bottles of one size only, by all reputable druggists, and that full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co., is plainly printed on the front of every package. Regular price, 50c per bottle.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

Weak, Nervous Men



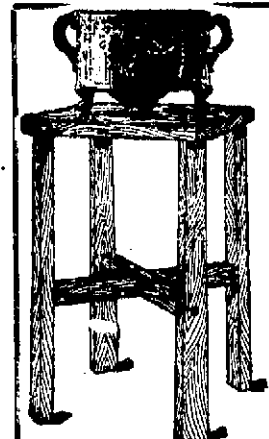
DR. TUCKER,
Fort Wayne's
Leading Specialist in Diseases of Men.

MALE WEAKNESS, NERVOUS DECLINE, ALL NERVOUS AND PRIVATE DISEASES OF MEN, A CERTAIN AND PERMANENT CURE.
I want every man afflicted with the above diseases, also, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, STRICTURE, RUPTURE, GLEET, BLOOD POISON, SKIN DISEASES, ULCERS, PILES, TUMORS, ENLARGED GLANDS, DISEASES OF THE PROSTATE GLAND, BLADDER, KIDNEYS AND ALL URINARY DISEASES, to call at my office, or write and I will explain fully my method of treatment. So many inferior specialists treat symptoms only and overlook the cause which produces the disease, hence their many failures. I want the opportunity of treating every man who has been disappointed in obtaining a cure from the hands of unskilled specialists. Write if you cannot call. (Hours—8 a. m. to 4 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m. Sundays—8 a. m. to 10 a. m. and 12 to 2 p. m.) Examination, Consultation FREE and STRICTLY PRIVATE.

D. W. Tucker, M. D.

221 WEST WAYNE ST.

PHONE 1342.



59c

For this Weathered Oak Tabourette. It measures 16-inches high and 12-inches across the top.

FOX, HITE & CO.

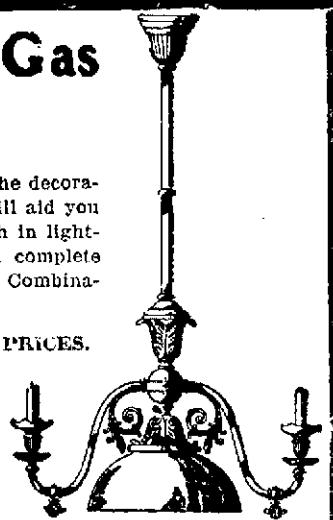
923-927 CALHOUN ST.

Electric and Gas Fixtures

should be selected to harmonize with the decorations and finish in your house. We will aid you in selecting the right design and finish in lighting fixtures. Our stock is new and complete with the latest patterns in Electric and Combination Fixtures.

BEST QUALITY. REASONABLE PRICES.

Albert Rolf & Bro.
Plumbing, Heating, Lighting
HIGH GRADE WORK ONLY.
1026-28 Broadway. Phone 665.



ARTIFICIAL TEETH



May be either a joy or a constant nuisance. It depends upon your dentist. If your teeth are hopelessly gone we can supply you with a well-fitting plate.

Full Upper or Lower Set of Teeth, \$8.00

B. H. MOMMER, 814 CALHOUN ST.
Over Star Shoe Store.

BICYCLES AND SUPPLIES

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

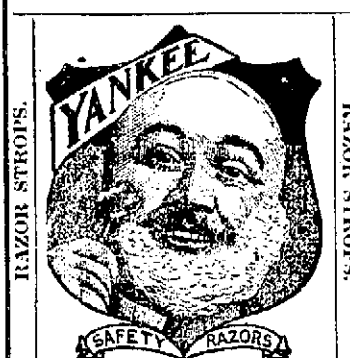
The largest stock to select from and the only dealer in the city that can show you the latest improved bicycles. Three hundred rebuilt bicycles of all makes at one-half their original cost. One thousand pairs tires, last year's stock, good values. Baby buggies re-tired.

E. J. WILKINSON 617 CLINTON ST.

GET RID Of the Barber Shop Habit

USE THE YANKEE SAFETY.

It is necessary only to try a Yankee to have convincing evidence of its value as a clean, smooth shaver in your own room.



You're always "next" with the Yankee.

The Yankee makes an excellent birthday gift for a gentleman—young or old.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,
SELL THE YANKEE.

It costs you nothing to try it.

JOHN F. KING ARCHITECT
FORT WAYNE, IND.
121 W. Woodland Ave. H. Phone 6822.

REMOVAL.

L. Jaxtheimer & Son have removed to 133 W. Berry St. 1-20-11

C. C. SCHLATTER & CO.

Door Mats

BY THE YARD

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

OR IN PATTERNS.

If you stop to think for a moment you can readily see that a good Keystone Door Mat placed at the entrance of your house at this time of the year, would save your carpets—in fact all your household goods many times the cost of the mat.

Call and see them.

COR. COLUMBIA AND CLINTON STS.

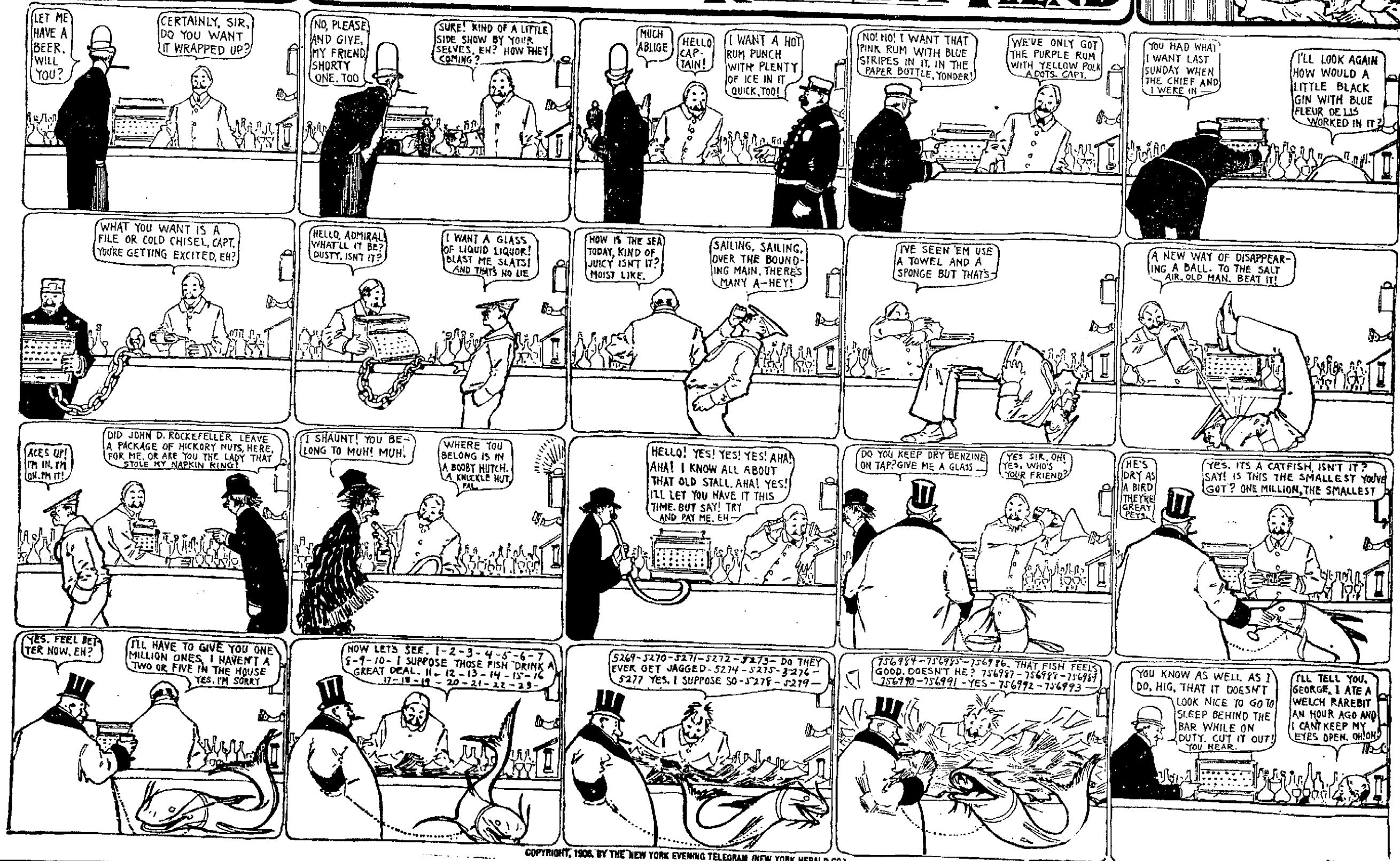
THE SAFETY CISTERN AND WELL COVER

Insures pure, clean water for family use. Is specified by architects and sold by all Hardwares, Plumbers and dealers in Building Materials. They have always given universal satisfaction, and there are thousands in use.

THE MENEFEE FOUNDRY CO., Sole Mfrs.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

DREAM OF THE RAREBIT FIEND



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SILAS

DIRECTORS READY TO LAUNCH LEAGUE

LIMA MEETING WILL BE A BUSY SESSION FOR MAGNATES.

Schedule is Important Matter to Be Considered—Lima Park Situation a Poser.

The directors of the Interstate Base Ball league will hold a meeting at Lima Monday afternoon at which the schedule for the season is to be adopted, the by-laws to be considered and all of the final details preparatory to playing ball will be disposed of.

Henry F. Schmidt, of Terre Haute, who has figured out the most acceptable schedule for the Central league since it was organized, is a competitor for the prize offered for an interstate playing program, and it is likely his will be adopted, as his experience enables him to give the best division of mileage dates with an equalization of mileage that is a strong point with him.

The Lima Situation. Things are breaking badly for Coa Struthers, who has the Lima franchise, and it is likely he will be compelled to pack his traps and go to the town of last resort in all sporting matters—Anderson, Ind. When no other town is available Anderson generally gets a franchise, and Mr. Struthers is up against the village.

The difficulty at Lima is that there is no available park and, so far as he has been able to figure out, no plot of ground that can be rented. It is a bit late now to begin the construction of a stadium, and while it is said he has received some financial encouragement, he can not well play without grounds, and there the matter stands.

Other Cities Ready. Newspaper reports indicate that all of the other cities are well advanced in their preparations and most of them have men enough to pick from. With weather conditions favorable the next three weeks ought to see the practice season on and

from that time on until playing time the wedding out will go merrily on and send a bunch of league experiments back to the tail and uncut.

Up to Kalamazoo. While it has been announced that Secretary Farrell, of the National Protective association, has decided Kalamazoo belongs to the Interstate situation in Kalamazoo seems to be a little clouded from the fact that a petition is being circulated there to show the secretary that the patrons of the game will have nothing to do with the Southern Michigan league.

Henry H. Marks, former manager of a Central club, has purchased an interest in the franchise and will remain in Kalamazoo during the summer to look out for his interests. Men are being signed right along and the owners expect to be with the Interstate when play is called.

Wiley for Muncie. The slanted physical structure of John B. Wiley, better known among polo fans as "Long John," may be soon utilized in a Muncie base ball uniform this season. Manager Pugh has forwarded "Long John" an offer to play first base and it is probable that the polo player will become a fixture to the Muncie nine. Wiley came to Muncie about two years ago to play in the center position with the Muncie polo team.

CATARH CAN NOT BE CURED

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; also cases out of ten are caused by condition of the mucous service.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Sold by all Druggists. J. C. HENNEY & CO., Toledo, O. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Only one couple in over 11,000 live to celebrate their diamond wedding.

TAILENDERS TAKE TWO OUT OF THREE

MONARCHS LOSE SERIES TO FOX-HITE FIVE.

Peninsulars Roll Good Scores and Add Three to the Winning Column.

STANDING OF LEAGUE NO. 1.			
Club.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Kellogg's	11	11	11
Pioneers	11	11	11
C. R. and G. club	11	11	11
Cigarmakers	11	11	11
Athletes	11	11	11
Monarchs	11	11	11
First National Bank	11	11	11
Nationals	11	11	11
Waynes	11	11	11
Fox-Hite	11	11	11

The Monarchs won the first game of the series with the Fox-Hite five last night, then the tail-enders took up the running and won the following two. The scores:

Players.				
	1st.	2d.	3d.	Tot. Ave.
Stick	180	103	128	411
Brink	165	114	186	465
Popp	101	121	179	401
E. V. Emrick	144	140	149	433
McCann	139	128	123	400
Totals	519	786	765	2329
Fox-Hite.				
	1st.	2d.	3d.	Tot. Ave.
Goltz	166	141	140	447
Vilmartin	177	183	162	522
L. Berghoff	156	167	144	467
Hite	136			136
Sanchefer	166			166
Fox	159	228		387

Peninsulars.

Columbias	42	24	526

STANDING OF LEAGUE NO. 2.

Club.			
1st.	2d.	3d.	Tot. Ave.
Ortux	50	10	848
Peninsulars	50	16	754
Wabash	48	20	697
Columbus	42	24	636

St. Joe Athletics

St. Joe Athletics..... 34 29 410
Emeralda..... 28 35 411
Keystones..... 24 42 364
W. and D. All-Stars..... 19 44 362
W. and D. Regulars..... 16 49 216
St. Joe Champions..... 6 64 190

The Peninsulars had some easy going in league No. 2 last night and won three straight from the Wolf & Desautel Regulars. The scores:

Wolf & Desautel Regulars.				
	1st.	2d.	3d.	Tot. Ave.
Parke	141	112	128	381
Chavagne	126	171	140	437
Brossard	156	112	136	404
Mills	125	132	115	372
Bechol	164	112	126	399
Totals	726	671	645	2042
Peninsulars.				
Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.	Tot. Ave.
Kling	200	167	143	509
E. Henschel	115	168	140	423
Heine	161	136	136	433
Ruche	148	177	157	476
Ruehel	162	183	211	556
Totals	786	814	786	2386
THE COMMERCIAL LEAGUE.				

THE COMMERCIAL LEAGUE.

The scores:					
Players.		Pidgeons.			
	1st.	2d.	3d.	Tot.	Ave.
Aubrey	144	144	174	462	154
Kepler	140	162	178	480	160
Denner	170	164	216	550	183
Voobing	101	103	162	366	122
Vorderman	143	106	166	415	138
Totals	698	688	888	2274	751
Players.		Peninsulars.			
	1st.	2d.	3d.	Tot.	Ave.
Brinsley	147	171	108	426	142
Schiefer	143	124	124	408	136
Brinsley	170	140	104	414	138
Hamilton	141	160	112	413	138
Hills	179	165	91	534	178

TEAM STARTS FOR MEETING.

Brunswick Bowlers Off for the Louisville Tournament.

The team that was sent by James Mc-

Kay, proprietor of the Brunswick alley, to Louisville to represent the local bowlers left at noon over the Lake Erie and is made up of R. A. Bradley, who holds the Fort Wayne record; John C. Klett, of the Ortyx club, who has made a good showing during the season; John Keller, of the Pioneers, one of the most consistent performers in the city; Orla Tonkel, captain of the Waynes, and George W. McKay, manager of the Brunswick alley.

DO NOT BE IMPOSED UPON.

Foley & Co., Chicago, originated Honey and Tar as a throat and lung remedy, and on account of the great merit and popularity of Foley's Honey and Tar many imitations are offered for the genuine. These worthless imitations have similar sounding names. Beware of them. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar is in a yellow package. Ask for it and refuse any substitute. It is the best remedy for coughs and colds. Dreler & Bro.

A French jeweler, Bordenit, has invented tools for engraving the surface of diamonds.

It is now proposed to make suits of clothes of paper, which can be thrown away when soiled.

ECZEMA, TETTER, SALT RHEUM, ITCH, RING WORM, HERPES, BARBERS' ITCH.

All of these diseases are attended by intense itching, which is almost instantly relieved by applying Chamberlain's Salve and by its continued use a permanent cure may be effected. It has, in fact, cured many cases that had resisted all other treatment. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists.

Take a Tip from Uncle Sam

He made a selection of trains and routes to California.
He's experienced in that sort of thing, so his choice would naturally be a good one.
He chose the Rock Island's

Golden State Limited

Running daily from Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City to Los Angeles and San Francisco.
It provides every comfort that other California trains have, and a few extra.
Barber, bath, daily papers, stock market reports, a library, the magazines, stationery, and—the best meals on wheels.
Exclusively Pullman accommodations of latest pattern.
Illustrated booklets about the train and about California if you address

G. S. PENTECOST, Dist. Pass. Agent,
415 Park Bldg., PITTSBURGH, PA.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

THE PAPE NEW FURNITURE STORE

WHAT THE THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE WHO VISITED OUR NEW STORE ON OPENING DAY SAW THERE IN THE WAY OF HANDSOME FURNITURE, MADE MORE OF AN IMPRESSION ON THEM THAN ANY AMOUNT OF NEWSPAPER TALK COULD. IF YOU WEREN'T THERE YOURSELF ASK SOME OF YOUR NEIGHBORS WHO WERE—OR BETTER STILL—COME NOW.

IF YOU NEED PARLOR, DINING ROOM OR CHAMBER FURNITURE, WE HAVE THE NEWEST AND MOST HANDSOMEST OF THE SEASON'S STYLES. IF YOU NEED CARPETS, RUGS, MATTINGS, LINOLEUMS OR CURTAINS, WE HAVE EVERYTHING YOU REQUIRE. IF IT IS A REFRIGERATOR, A GO-CART, WE ARE CANDIDATES FOR YOUR TRADE. WHETHER IT BE A HOMEFUL OR A SINGLE PIECE, WE WILL MAKE IT TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO COME TO US. ALMOST ANY KIND OF FURNITURE YOU DESIRE, IF IT'S GOOD, UP-TO-DATE, IT MAY BE HAD AT THIS STORE AT LESS THAN ELSEWHERE. REMEMBER WE DO OUR OWN UPHOLSTERING IF WE HAVE NOT JUST WHAT YOU WANT. YOU CAN SELECT YOUR OWN COVERINGS TO MATCH YOUR ROOM AND HAVE IT MADE.

THE QUALITY STORE,

123 and 125 W. Main St

Eminent Doctors Praise Its Ingredients.

We refer to that boon to weak, nervous, suffering women known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Dr. John F. Fyfe, one of the Editorial Staff of The Eclectic Medical Review says of Unicorn root (Helianthus tuberosus) which is one of the chief ingredients of the "Favorite Prescription": "A remedy which invariably acts as a powerful invigorator... makes for normal activity of the entire reproductive system... He continues: 'It is the only reliable medicine which more fully answers the needs of women than any other drug with which I am acquainted. In the treatment of diseases peculiar to women it is seldom that a case is seen which does not present some indication for this powerful agent.' Dr. Fyfe further says: 'The following are among the leading indications for Helianthus (Unicorn root). Pain or aching in the back, with leucorrhoea; atonic (weak) conditions of the reproductive organs of women, mental depression and irritability, associated with chronic diseases of the reproductive organs of women, constant sensation of heat in the region of the kidneys; menorrhagia (flooding), due to a weak condition of the digestive organs; amenorrhoea (suppressed or absent monthly periods), arising from or accompanying an abnormal condition of the digestive organs and anemic (thin blood) habit; draining sensations in the extreme lower part of the abdomen.'

If more or less of the above symptoms are present, no invalid woman can do better than take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, one of the leading ingredients of which is Unicorn root. Its medicinal and medical properties of which it most faithfully represents.

Of Golden Seal root, another prominent ingredient of "Favorite Prescription," Prof. Emily Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says: "It is an important remedy in disorders of the womb. In all catarrhal conditions, and general debility, it is useful."

Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati, says of Golden Seal root: "In relation to its general effects on the system, there is no medicine to be found which is so generally beneficial and which is so universally regarded as the tonic useful in all debilitated states."

Prof. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Medical College, says of Golden Seal root: "Valuable in uterine hemorrhage, menorrhagia (flooding) and congestive dysmenorrhoea (painful menstruation)."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription faithfully represents all the above named ingredients and cures the diseases for which they are recommended.

BLOOD POISON

is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure WHEN YOU KNOW WHAT TO DO. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair, bone pains, eczema, and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 525 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, \$2.00 per bottle, lasts one month. Sold in Fort Wayne only by Dr. & Mrs. Cor. Calhoun and Columbia Sts.

Nasal CATARRH

to all its stages. Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents; Drugists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Character and Credit

Are the best assets a man can have. The things all young men should strive for.

THE SUCCESSFUL MAN OF AFFAIRS began his career by building up at a good bank credit, based on good character, industry and intelligence. OUR CUSTOMERS consist of corporations, firms and individuals, many of whom began with just such assets and have been successful and are highly pleased with the facilities we have offered them.

WE WANT YOUR CHECKING ACCOUNTS—and why not? We have ample facilities. That is the way we grow, and the man with the small account is just as welcome as the man with the large one and both receive our best attention. TRY US AND SEE.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

J. H. Baes, President.
C. H. Warden, 1st Vice Pres.
C. H. Keplinger, 2nd Vice Pres.
H. R. Freeman, Cashier.
J. H. Orr, Asst. Cashier.

A SCIENTIFIC ANTISEPTIC PREPARATION.

Invaluable in Pyorrhoea (Pus about the gums, causing loose teeth.)

KALI KLOR

Hardens and keeps the gums in healthy condition. Prevents salivation. Most reliable preservative of the teeth. Endorsed by your Physician and Dentist.

25 CENTS
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

Notice to the Public.

Once more we notify you that we are not in the "trust." This is the only coal yard who gives you citizens the full benefit of the prices. Will continue the price (\$4.00) per ton for soft coal, as good as you buy in any coal yard for \$5.50) until further notice. Have a good supply. Not afraid of strike. Now if you don't take the opportunity it is not our fault. And also a reduction on Canadian Hard Coal, any size you wish; and coke and kindling. The only office in the city, 1430 Hanna street.

Home 1388—Phone—Bell 426
CANADIAN COAL CO.
M. FRANK, Prop.
Guaranteed 2,000 Pound Tons.

CHANGES IN THE WABASH ROSTER

Master Mechanic Needham Will Go to the Decatur Division.

G. W. SMITH ADVANCED

Will be Master Mechanic of the Peru Division, Succeeding Mr. Needham.

Changes involving the promotion of two men in the motive power and mechanical departments of the Wabash.



EDWARD F. NEEDHAM,
Newly Appointed Master Mechanic of Decatur Division of the Wabash.

These promotions were made upon the merits of the men, there being no strong outside influence, known by railway men as a "pull," to aid them. Each began railway work as an apprentice in the shops and by close application to duty, was advanced from time to time. No station was jumped and the change from one to another was not made until he had proven himself worthy and capable of filling the more responsible office.

Mr. Needham never worked for another employer. He learned the boiler trade with the Wabash and for some years after completing his apprenticeship was employed as a boilermaker. In June, 1895, he became foreman of the boiler shop in this city and in January, 1899, was transferred to the Springfield shops in a similar capacity, soon afterwards being made assistant master mechanic of the Decatur division, with headquarters at Decatur, Ill. In February, 1902, he was transferred to Ashley as assistant master mechanic of the Detroit division. He was appointed master mechanic of the Buffalo, Detroit and Peru divisions, with headquarters in Fort Wayne, October 1, 1902, which position he still holds.

Mr. Smith is a native of Huntington. He served an apprenticeship in the mechanical department of the Erie and for several years was employed in those shops as a machinist. When George S. McKee was master mechanic of this division, he called Mr. Smith to the position of machine foreman of the Fort Wayne shops. That was seven years ago and he has been with the company constantly since. During his service he was machine foreman here one year, general foreman of the Tilton shops one year, general foreman of the Peru shops two years and general foreman of the Fort Wayne shops three years.

The promotion of Mr. Smith will, of course, open the way to other promotions if civil service rules prevail. The men have probably been selected, but the matter has not yet reached the point where it can be given publicity.

Rumors concerning the change mentioned in the foregoing lines have been in circulation for a week, but none were correct, and the employees of the Wabash and other interested parties will get the first true version of the story when they read this item.

G. E. SISCO PROMOTED.

Becomes Foreman of a Department in Pennsylvania Shop.

The official announcement has been made of the appointment of Gibson E. Sisco to the position of foreman of one of the departments in the erecting shop of the Pennsylvania, succeeding Earl Johnson, who has been assigned to special duties. Mr. Sisco has filled the position to which he is now officially assigned for two weeks, but until yesterday it was understood that it was to be temporary. The young man is a native of Baltimore and a graduate of the department of mathematics and physics of the Johns Hopkins university. He came to Fort Wayne four years ago to take a special apprenticeship course in the motive power and mechanical departments of the Pennsylvania and close application to the studies and duties

COFFEE DISAGREES WITH MANY
There's health and strength from
POSTUM
"Read 'The Road to Wellville' found in the pkg."

assigned him has resulted in his appointment to the responsible position he now occupies.

THIRTY YEARS AT THROTTLE.

Today Marks Completion of that Period for Frank Perry.

Frank F. Perry is today rounding out thirty years at the throttle in the service of the Grand Rapids and Indiana road. Today also marks the close of his forty-first year in railway work. Mr. Perry began his service in the capacity of messenger boy in the office of Charles E. Gorman, who was then the division superintendent of the Pennsylvania, in 1865. Two years later he entered the shops as an apprentice machinist and remained there eight years. In 1873, Mr. Perry left the shops and became a fireman on the road, in which position he remained until he became an engineer on the Grand Rapids road. For twenty years Mr. Perry has been running a passenger engine between this city and Richmond, and no man is held in higher esteem by his railway associates and the residents of the towns through which his trains pass. His social attributes and hearty method of greeting those he meets has made for him friends everywhere along the line and at each station where his trains stop there is sure to be some one standing to speak a word to "Frank," as they call him.

HELP UNFORTUNATE COMRADES.

The employees of the Wabash shops and yards today contributed two purses to comrades in distress. One of the purses, amounting to a handsome little sum, was given to Claude Servoss, a shopman who is lying at the point of death at his home on Baker street. Mr. Servoss has a wife and daughter, and has been unable to work for four months. The other purse, which was equally liberal, was sent to William Ralidy, who was stricken with paralysis six months ago and has since been practically helpless. Mr. Ralidy is one of the old employees of the shops, his work there extending over a period of forty years. Donations of the kind named are characteristic of the Wabash shopmen. They never turn a deaf ear to an appeal for help for an unfortunate shopmate.

BUILDING NEW COAL YARDS.

The Pennsylvania is having tracks laid on the vacant ground north of the coal docks, which will be used for coal storage purposes if the necessity arises. Two tracks are already in position and the material is on the ground for others. The handling of coal at the storage yards out at Walton avenue is handicapped by a shortage of labor. Only about fifteen car loads are handled daily and double that quantity should be stored. The track used for this purpose is upwards of 1,500 feet long and is so arranged that it can be raised in proportion to the growth in height of the coal dumped from the car upon it. It was raised today.

ATTERBURY CONFIRMS PLANS.

General Manager W. W. Atterbury, of the Pennsylvania railroad, who went out yesterday, confirmed to the Pittsburgh officers while there the plans of the company to cut down expenses in all departments. This cut is to be more than the ordinary spring pruning of forces and salaries, and is to reduce operating expenses and prevent what the management considers is extravagance in many departments. A part of this plan is the recent appointment of inspectors in the mechanical, motive power and other departments, the functions of the new officers being to oversee the methods used in the shops and elsewhere, and to suggest means of reducing expenses. These new inspectors will all report to the general superintendent's or general manager.

LOWERING WATER MAINS.

The dredging of Blue river and the consequent lowering of the water line, which is now in progress, will necessitate a change in the water mains leading to the Pennsylvania water station at that place. William Billter, waterworks superintendent, and his gang of laborers are getting ready to put in a new pipe line which will be six feet lower than the present one. The material was delivered on the ground today.

TWO MEN INJURED.

A. R. Morzan, a machinist in the night gang at the Pennsylvania shops, had a finger badly lacerated last night by getting it in the gearing of the machine he was operating. O. W. Kruse, also of the machine shop, had his foot cut and bruised by a driving box shell falling upon it yesterday afternoon.

HAD HIS FINGERS MASHED.

William Devlin, of the Wabash machine shop, had the fingers of his left hand painfully injured while at work last night. He was handling a cylinder head to an engine, when it rolled off from the truck and caught his hand and mashed the ends of the four fingers.

REMEMBER FORMER SHOPMATE.

Perhaps the proudest man on the city police force today is Patrolman James Connolly. He received from his former associates at the Pennsylvania shops a handsome and substantial oak mace, wrapped in yards of green ribbon, with the compliments of "the boys."

PENNSY ENGINE OUTPUT.

Engines 7854, 7644, 7599, 7441, 7462, 7126, 7293, 7707 and 7289, each receiving general repairs, were turned out of the Pennsylvania erecting shop during the week ending today. An equal number of engines were taken in for repairs.

WANT TO JOIN THE B. L. E.

Division No. 12, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, will add five names to its membership roll at the meeting to be held tomorrow afternoon. After the lodge exercises the members will enjoy a smoker.

BLOCK SYSTEM COMPLETED.

The block system through the Pennsylvania yards, from the Grand Rapids and Indiana junction to A tower at the Piqua road, is practically com-



FRANK F. PERRY.
For Thirty Years an Engineer on the G. R. & I. Road.

pleted and will probably be placed in operation next Tuesday.

WABASH ENGINE OUTPUT.

During the past week the Wabash shops turned out engines 801, 329, 629, 73, 857, and 629, each receiving general repairs. Today passenger engine 655 was taken in for general repairs.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Harvey McNamera took a position at the Electric works this morning. Fred Roebke, a laborer, has taken a position in the Pennsylvania erecting shop.

J. Byrne, a machinist helper, took a position in the Wabash shops this morning.

Pennsylvania Engineer C. F. Kahn and Fireman J. L. Cartwright are sick and off duty.

"The College Widow" company left for South Bend, over the Pennsylvania route, this morning.

Pennsylvania Shopmen J. E. Smith and C. E. Bailey are off duty on account of sickness.

Howard Williams, a recent arrival in Fort Wayne, has taken a position in the Pennsylvania boiler shop.

John Diamond, recently from Lima, has taken a position with Shop Clerk J. H. Hobrock of the Pennsylvania.

George Schlene, switch foreman on the Monon yards at Michigan City, was killed yesterday while at work in the yards.

Thomas S. McGee, of the Wabash master mechanic's office, is in Toledo today, looking after some business for the company.

Mrs. William Loss, whose husband is a Pennsylvania fireman, fell on Calhoun street and fractured the bones of one of her wrists.

W. A. Everett, who had a foot injured six weeks ago, will resume work in the Pennsylvania erecting shop next Monday.

Among the Fort Wayne people who attended the Dougherty horse sale at Wabash was Pennsylvania Shop Clerk J. H. Hobrock.

C. A. Mellin, traveling passenger agent of the Nickel Plate, was in the city a few hours yesterday, visiting the local ticket agent.

The commercial agency at Pittsburgh of the Vandallia will be abolished upon the retirement of James E. Wheeler, which will occur soon.

"The Holly Tolls" theatrical troupe left over the Lake Erie railroad this morning for Buffalo. They had a special baggage car.

Machinist Michael Kelleher, who had a foot badly injured some time ago, is recovering and will resume his duties at the Pennsylvania roundhouse Monday.

C. T. Barnett, of the Dayton Cash Register works, will take the place in the mail order department of the S. F. Bower works recently vacated by Gus Wilcox.

Engineer W. R. Hurlburt is disabled by a sprained ankle and Engineer Wash Frase is taking a lay-off to hunt a few days. Both are Nickel Plate employees.

Henry Shuster, foreman of the carpenter department of the Pennsylvania shops, has recovered from an attack of rheumatism and has returned to his duties.

T. R. Shearer, a carpenter who was employed during the winter in the Pennsylvania lumber yards, resigned this morning to resume work at his trade. R. H. Rhine, of the tank shop, also resigned this morning.

The wife of Machinist W. E. Hickey, of the Pennsylvania shops, was severely injured by a fall a day or two ago and on account of her condition Mr. Hickey has been off duty since the accident.

A handsome gilt sign reading Grand Rapids and Indiana Railway Division Offices, was delivered at Supt. B. H. Hudson's office this morning and will soon adorn the side of the building.

F. J. Pittinger, who was employed at the Pennsylvania freight house for four years has taken a position at the factory of S. F. Bower & Company. The latter factory has received a number of additions to its working force lately.

The shanty which gave shelter to the men who had charge of the puzzle switch in the Pennsylvania yards for a number of years was loaded on a car today and taken out beyond the coal docks, where it will in the future serve as a combined office and tool room.

J. Sibe has been appointed assistant scale inspector of the eastern division of the Pennsylvania, with headquarters at Allegheny. He succeeds C. G. Siodny, who resigned some time ago to go with the Rock Island. A. Kincaid, of this city, is scale inspector of the Pennsylvania northwest system and has jurisdiction over Mr. Sibe.

Hammond, Ind., has become so important a railroad point that steps are being taken to organize a Railroad Men's Christian association at that point. There are now several hundred men who make Hammond their headquarters and their number is increasing, and such an organization, it is thought, will be highly profitable.

Agent J. A. Sullivan has advanced V. C. Shaffer to the position of per diem clerk at the Wabash freight house, to fill the vacancy made by the resignation of O. N. McGuff, who went to the Pennsylvania freight office, as mentioned in these columns yesterday. Mr. Lehman, of Defiance, took Mr. Shaffer's former position.

The Ministers' Union association of Cleveland, O., at its meeting Thursday gave a vote of thanks to the Central

Passenger association for withdrawing the half rate for ministers and endorsed the action of the legislature in enacting the 2-cent fare law. There were 200 ministers present and all voted heartily for it, feeling that the special privileges had gotten way beyond their own control.

AMERICAN SHIPPING SUFFERS.

Steamship Discrimination Practiced in the Orient.

Washington, March 17.—Steamship discrimination against American shipping is reported to the bureau of manufacturers from Singapore by Consul General Wilbur, who advises that a combination has been effected between the Barber line, east Asiatic and some of the Standard Oil steamers, all of which are under the English flag and the Hamburg-American line. The freight rates between south Asia and America have been greatly advanced. This is a move on the part of the European shipping conference to aid English and German dealers in East Indian products to regain control of the business, which they have been gradually losing. The consul believes that what is needed throughout the orient is an American line of steamers under the American flag, running from New York through the Suez canal entirely independent of any combination.

Consul lift has reported to the bureau of manufacturers from Chatham, Canada, on the subject of the future wood supply of this continent, bearing especially on the devastation of American forests. He quoted a Canada authority as saying that the matured timber of the dominion amounts to only 532,000,000,000 feet, which the United States could use up in eleven years at the present rate of consumption.

Special Agent Hutchinson, after an exhaustive examination of the commerce of Chile, predicts that the present wave of prosperity in Chile will bring her foreign purchases up to \$75,000,000 or more.

WIRELESS TALK OVER PHONES.

Switchboard Operator at Hutchinson, Kas., Hears Aerial Message.

Hutchinson, Kan., March 17.—A peculiar electrical phenomenon was experienced here yesterday. Messages sent by wireless telegraph between Denver and Kansas City could be heard at the switchboard of the local Missouri and Kansas telephone exchange. Sounds similar to the "honking" of an automobile horn, only with varying intonations, could be heard. Now and then words could be distinguished. The same phenomenon was experienced in Salina, Abilene and Newton. The explanation is that a metallic circuit of the telephone company connecting these towns and Hutchinson had been grounded, and in some manner the wireless messages came in on the telephone wires.

GRAFT ACTION STIRS OFFICIALS.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 17.—The action of County Prosecutor Hiram Rutison in calling a special session of the grand jury for next Tuesday to investigate the alleged shortage of \$1,066,894 in the accounts of County Treasurer Rudolph K. Hynicka has caused a great deal of speculation among politicians. Hynicka declares there is only a technical investigation involved, and that the funds of the county are not in jeopardy. Before the Drake committee he stated that he followed the precedent set by his predecessors in office, who permitted county moneys to remain in banks and received interest on them. State Auditor Gilbert maintains that Hynicka and his predecessors are liable to the charge of embezzlement under the law governing the custody of county funds.

NOTICE TO THE STOCK HOLDERS OF THE ALLEN COUNTY ORPHANS HOME.

The annual meeting of the Allen County Orphans Home will be held at the home, Tuesday, April 3, 1906, at 2 p. m. for the purpose of electing five (5) trustees to serve for the ensuing three years, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
E. H. McDONALD, Sec.
417-24-31-wk21-28

POLITICIAN FOUND DEAD.

Kansas City, Mo., March 17.—William B. Ryder, active in Missouri politics since the civil war, was found dead in a rooming house in Walnut street here yesterday. He had been ill for many years. The body at first was not identified. Ryder was the author of the Missouri law imposing a tax on beer and had declared he was the original expounder of the eight-hour law.

QUICK AUTO SERVICE.

We have added more machines to our Quick Service and can give you quick transportation to any part of city.
Calls made from 25c up.
Open day and night.
Covered cars for winter use.
Call phone 311 for Quick Service.
FORT WAYNE AUTO LIVERY CO.
Randall Motor Car Co., Prop.
33-14-17.

THE DAIRY LUNCH ROOM.

Home made pies, cakes, and doughnuts. Regular meals served every day. Everything home cooked at 910 W. Main street. You are invited to call.

Much style for little money in tasty Shoes and Oxfords. At KLUG'S SHOE STORE, 210-17 1408 Hanna St.

BUSINESS MEN

Are especially invited to hear Hon. J. W. Kelley, of Marion, Ind., speak at Vordenmark's hall, Sunday 2 p. m. All invited.

HOF-BRAU SPECIALS.

Black Bass, Lobsters—fresh Mallard Duck and Frog Legs.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

GET AN 8 PER CENT ADVANCE.

Wages of All Pittsburgh Street Railway Employees Raised.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 17.—An advance of one cent per hour has been granted the employees of the Pittsburgh Railways company, operating all the traction lines in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

Recently the men made a demand for an increase of two cents an hour and the action of the company is regarded as a compromise. At a meeting of the employees held early today the company's proposition was accepted. The men have been receiving 22 cents an hour for the first six months, 23 cents for the second six months, and 24 cents an hour for all service over one year. The advance is the first granted in three years, means an increase to the conductors and motormen on the entire system of almost eight per cent, and affects several thousand men.

For headache, constipation, etc., Dade's Little Liver Pills are best. They cleanse and tonic the liver. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

ENDICOTT REAPPOINTED.

Washington, March 17.—The president today announced the reappointment of Rear Admiral Mordecai Endicott, chief of the bureau of yards and docks, navy department, whose term of duty expires on April 6 next. Admiral Endicott will continue as a member of the isthmian canal commission. He will be placed on the retired list of the navy next November.

HOF-BRAU SPECIALS.

Black Bass, Lobsters—fresh Mallard Duck and Frog Legs.

WE OFFER MONEY TO ANY ONE AT ANY TIME

on the most reasonable terms. Hard luck very often places one in a position where a little money would be a great help. If you want money for any purpose come in and see us. You can borrow any amount from \$5.00 up on your furniture, piano, horses and wagons, buggies, stocks and fixtures, etc., and we leave the property in your possession, which gives you the use of both money and property.

COST—INTEREST ONLY
\$ 20 for 1 month 10c; for 6 months .60
30 for 1 month 15c; for 6 months .90
50 for 1 month 25c; for 6 months \$1.50
100 for 1 month 50c; for 6 months 3.00

You can pay off your loan in small weekly or monthly installments as you may find it most convenient, allowing you from 1 month to 12 months' time. All business strictly confidential. We have private consulting offices.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.

Room 3, Arcade Second Floor.
Established 1897. Home Phone 995.

BEAUTIFUL ROBISON PARK

Date Book now Open for
PICNICS AND OUTINGS
Churches, Sunday Schools, Schools, Lodges, Organizations and Societies.

SECURE YOUR DATE NOW

Many New Features. Address, Ideal Picnic Resort.
EXCURSION AGENT,
FORT WAYNE & WABASH VALLEY TRACTION COMPANY,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

SALARY LOANS

\$5.00 \$10.00 \$20.00
Any reasonable amount advanced if you are regularly employed by a railroad or shop. No note, mortgage or questions asked your employer. Its confidential, pleasant and cheaper to do business with us. Payments to suit yourself. Money loaned on furniture, piano, etc.
Fort Wayne Employees Credit Co.
HOME PHONE 535. ROOM NO. 4, SCHMITZ BLOCK.
OFFICE HOURS, 9 A. M. TO 8 P. M.

IT'S WHAT YOU GET, NOT WHAT YOU PAY THAT MAKES THE BARGAIN.**SATURDAY MARCH 17****INDIANA FURNITURE CO.**

1124 CALHOUN STREET. 121-123 E. MAIN STREET.

Go for the Thing You Want!

THAT'S what we're going to do, and the particular thing we want is your business, believing it will result to our mutual advantage.

There are those who think the real estate agent has no mission in this life, but this is erroneous—he is as much of a factor in the business world as the merchant or banker.

Perhaps you seek a home; you know what sum you can afford to pay, and about where you would like to live, but are unable to find just what you want.

Perhaps you have some property to sell, on which you have fixed a certain price. You may mention the fact to some of your friends, but they are not in the real estate business, hence the matter is forgotten.

If you knew of a live, up-to-date Real Estate Agent whose ability and reputation for fair dealing has attracted your attention, wouldn't it be advisable to enlist his services at a fair compensation and have your plans executed promptly and satisfactorily?

This brings us to the point of interest between YOU and US. If you want to sell, list your property with us; if you want to purchase a home, or seek an investment, come and see us. We will make every effort to please you. If not convenient to call, write or telephone us, and we will call and see you. **DO IT NOW!**

BEAHLER & STOPHER.

Citizen's Trust Bldg., Opp. Postoffice. Home 372.

Try Sentinel Want Ads

Most every "Old Line" Life Insurance Company claims to be The Best. They all are—for some people, Sometimes.

The Lincoln National Life

with its home office right here in Fort Wayne, is the best FOR ALL THE PEOPLE, AT ALL TIMES. Find out about its guarantee as to the payment of dividends to policy holders, together with all its other guarantees, before buying your next policy.

Money to Loan on First Mortgages. No Commissions.

A Better Kind of Drug Store



FROM the remarks of the thousands of visitors we had at our opening day Friday, it is evident that they appreciate the superior arrangement of our new drug store.

It is a drug store with all the equipment, every facility for conducting a modern, up-to-the-minute pharmacy. A stock that embraces full lines of every sort of goods that should find a place in a drug store.

Here you get the prompt and courteous treatment that makes drug store buying a pleasure.

Are these not potent arguments for your drug store trade?

"When you think of Medicine, think of"

Mayer Brothers
TWO BIG DRUG STORES.



ON TOP!
For its satisfaction-giving qualities you will find our Laundry Work. Why not try "Death to Dirt" and send us your Linen to

TROY LAUNDRY
310 to 314 Pearl Street.
Phone 160

TRY THE SENTINEL WANT COLUMN.

Always Uniform
Always Reliable
Everywhere Obtainable

BAKER'S CHOCOLATE & COCOA

have stood the tests of time and service for over 125 years



Be sure that you get the genuine with the trade-mark on the package.

Directions for preparing more than one hundred dainty dishes in our Choice Recipe Book, sent free on request.

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.
Established 1780, Dorchester, Mass.
46 Highest Awards in Europe and America

FOR LENT

Pickled Herring, Salt Herring, Bismark Herring, Roll Mops Herring, Russian Sardines, Anchovy Mackerel, Smoked White Fish, Canned Fish of all kinds. Fine Cheese and plenty of other table delicacies. If it is good to eat you get at it.

FRANK B. STRODEL,
610 HARRISON STREET.
Home Phone 901.

QUICK AUTO SERVICE.

We have added more machines to our Quick Service and can give you quick transportation to any part of city.

Calls made from 25c up.
Open day and night.
Covered cars for winter use.
Call phone 311 for Quick Service.
FORT WAYNE AUTO LIVERY CO.
Randall Motor Car Co., Prop.
12-14-17.

VICTOR AND EDISON

Talking Machines are known the world over to be the leading talking machines. I carry the complete Victor and Edison English records.
10-inch Victor records, 60c.
Edison records, 35c.
GUY CONKLIN,
1008 Calhoun St.
10-30-17

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

OUR TELEPHONES.

Editorial Rooms.....550
Business Office.....173

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1906.

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, March 17.—Forecast for Indiana: Fair tonight and Sunday, except possibly rain or snow in south portions Sunday afternoon rising temperature; variable winds.

COMES TO A CLOSE.

District M. E. Conference Ends With Lecture on "Africa."

Bishop John M. Walden's lecture on "Africa," delivered at the First M. E. church Friday evening, was the closing feature of the Fort Wayne district conference of the M. E. church, which had been in progress since Wednesday evening. The conference was in every way a successful one.

Bishop Walden pleaded for the glow of Christian light into the remotest regions of darkest Africa, and expressed the firm conviction that this light will eventually come from the colored people of the United States.

During the routine business of the closing day licenses were renewed for the following local preachers: Emory Hartman, Ross W. Stokes, Alda R. Gilliam, Harvey A. Hocker, S. K. Waterson, Thomas Lantmore, William H. Keyes, M. T. Brandyberry, A. B. Cline, H. E. Dean, J. E. Lung, J. W. Metts, Robert E. Gornall, J. R. Tomlinson and E. R. Little.

The following local preachers, who have already been ordained, were passed upon favorably: W. L. Meese, J. L. Foster, W. J. Meyers, H. D. Hunt, National Baker, E. C. Carrington, William J. James, H. Lann, A. J. Kirwood, A. E. Powell, W. E. Loveless and C. B. Stemen.

Morris G. Rawkes, Henry S. Dick and Otto Streibel were examined and granted new licenses.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE BULLETIN

BIG REDUCTIONS ON NECESSITIES OF LIFE.

EVERY HOUSEWIFE IN THE CITY should be on the alert to take advantage of our LOW PRICES FOR PAY DAY TRADE, as surely we are knocking the prices down to rock bottom.

GUARANTEED FLOUR at 90c PER 50 lb SACK; Michigan potatoes at 59c BUSHEL; Strictly Fresh Eggs 14c DOZEN. Dr. Prices Baking Powder at less than wholesale prices, 35c CAN OF 1 POUND. Sardines in Oil or Mustard at 3c CAN. Red Alaska Salmon at 10c CAN. Tomatoes at 10c CAN. Choice Young Hyson Tea, Good Draw, at 14c POUND. Raisins at 7c POUND.

JEWELRY BARGAINS—We have a big assortment of jewelry novelties and useful articles, usual price 5c to 15c each, your choice of any in the basket at 3c EACH. Such jewelry bargains are not picked up every day, so get in early before the best ones are all gone.

2ND FLOOR SPECIALS—American Beauty Corsets at \$1.00 EACH and up. Dr. Warner's Health Corsets at 50c EACH and up. Children's Little Beauty Waists at 49c EACH and up. **SHOE DEPARTMENT**—Floor & Gang Shoes for Footwear and Machine Shops at \$1.25 PER PAIR and up. Women's \$1.50 Shoes at \$1.25 PAIR. Women's \$1.75 Shoes at \$1.50 PAIR. Women's \$2.00 Shoes at \$1.75 PAIR. Also a complete line of Misses' and Infants' Shoes. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

PREMIUM DEPARTMENT—We now have the best and largest premium department in the city, and the goods we have added to our premium department makes it the most popular premium department in Fort Wayne. We invite you to come and see the pretty things.

3RD FLOOR SPECIALS—See our Shelf and Bench Hardware, also cutlery and housefurnishings. We can save you an easy 30 PER CENT on this class of goods. New line of Baskets, Easter Novelties, etc., just received and now ready for your inspection. Hanging Lamps, China-ware, Earthenware and Fancy Goods at lowest prices.

CARPET DEPARTMENT—Remember we only have a few of the Couch covers left at 89c EACH, so don't wait to look and then disappoint yourselves by not buying one of these pretty covers. See our beautiful Carpets, Rugs and Floor coverings for spring trade. Compare our prices and then be convinced that you can save money by trading with us.

TELEPHONE YOUR WANTS to us, and we will do all in our power to please you. Call us up often, 442 Home Phone.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Ranke and Nussbaum, druggists, have removed to cor. Berry and Harrison sts. 14-3t

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

The Fort Wayne Mercantile Accident Association has removed from No. 24 Arcade, to the 2nd floor of the Odd Fellow's Block, corner Calhoun and Wayne Sts. 16-2t

For Sale—A large Sentinel route in southern part of city. Address Box 10, Auburn, or call at 607 Poplar street, city. 14-14t

I have gilt edge investments in Local Bonds and Local Stocks and Mortgage Loans.

C. F. PFEIFFER,
Bass Block.



WOLF & NUSBAUM

SPECIALS FOR TODAY

FIRST FLOOR SPECIALS

A lot of fancy spring Dress Goods, in all the light popular shades—gray, champagne and green, regular price 50c and 59c, Saturday per yard 42c

50 dozen dainty, embroidered Turnovers, worth 15c, 20c and 25c, special for Saturday's sale 10c each.

A Fountain Pen with 14 carat gold mounting, equal to any \$1.50 pen on the market, is placed within the reach of everyone at the extremely low price of 50c.

SECOND FLOOR SPECIALS

A line of Dress Skirts in black and navy Panama cloth, also fancy mixtures, regular price \$5.98, on sale Saturday at \$3.98.

Persian lawn lingerie Waists, beautifully trimmed with medallions, long gauntlet cuffs, and Persian lawn lingerie. Waists, beautifully trimmed with medallions, long gauntlet cuffs, tucked front and back, marked \$1.75, a bargain for Saturday at \$1.23.

THIRD FLOOR SPECIALS

100 Belgian reversible Mats, size 15x31 inches, rich Oriental colors and patterns, regular price 60c, marked special at 35c.

A line of fancy Silklines that ordinarily sell for 12 1/2c and 15c per yard, special 7 1/2c yard.

BASEMENT SPECIALS

A lot of Embroideries and Gallons, in lengths of 3 1/2 to 6 1/2 yards, regular price 7c, 8c, 10c, 12 1/2c and 15c yard, special for Saturday at 4 1/2c per yard.

Outing Flannel Remnants, the 10c quality, are marked 4c to close out; also short lengths of silk taffetas and mohair lustre, which retail from piece at 20c per yard, tomorrow 1 1/2c per yard; a big lot of fancy ginghams, 8 1/2c value, at 5 1/2c per yard; children's ribbed hose, worth 10c, sale price, 6c pair; ladies' 15c fast black hose, 9c pair; gent's split sole fast black hose, worth 25c, at 12 1/2c pair.



This Company is Now Paying 4 PER CENT INTEREST ON DEPOSITS

If you will deposit one dollar each week in five years you will have \$287.68 to your credit. You can increase this by any multiple you desire. If you will deposit with us one dollar per day for twenty years you will have ELEVEN THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, a fortune for many! These two illustrations are given to show how rapidly money accumulates. Do you not wish to try to deposit some amount with us regularly?

CITIZENS' TRUST COMPANY

Cor. Clinton and Berry

WHY SHOULD YOU COME TO US?

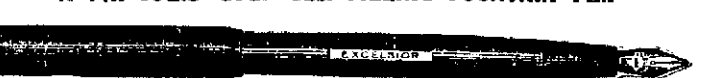


BECAUSE
We save you 50 per cent and guarantee to extract teeth without pain. We do high-grade dentistry at prices that are in reach of all.

WE GUARANTEE ALL WORK.
Office hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.
E. H. BURKET, D. D. S.
CUT-RATE PAINLESS DENTISTS
826 CALHOUN ST.
Formerly opp. Fruit House, now opp. the Knox 10c Store, and 1 door north.

SAVE THIS COUPON.

Sentinel Readers Will Be Furnished With Something New
A 14K SOLID GOLD SELF-FILLING FOUNTAIN PEN



For this Coupon and eighty-nine cents in cash we will furnish for a time Sentinel readers with a full size, Handsomely Chased barrel, 14k, solid gold, fully warranted, self-filling, fountain pen, beautiful delivery—fills and clears itself—worth \$2.50. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Most perfect of all fountain pens. You will wonder how you ever got along without it. Carry this coupon to Dreier & Bro., Druggists, Fort Wayne, Ind. Sent by mail, postage paid, anywhere in the world, for this coupon and eighty-nine cents, P. O. or Express money order, by the Excelsior Mfg. Co., 173 Washington St., Boston, Mass. Take or send this coupon now.

If it's a good thing Seavey's have it

Any Old Thing Won't Do

If you want to clean house right you must have a new Mop and Bucket, a new Broom and Dust Pan, a new Window Brush and Window Cleaner, a new Wall Brush and Scrub Brushes, and some window polish to make the glass look bright and clear. We have all these items and the price is low enough to make you smile. Carpet Tacks in bulk, 20 cents per pound. Mop Wringer Pat Attachment, \$1.50 each.



SEAVEY'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE
149 PHONES

THE GREAT NEVADA CAMPS

**Tonopah
Goldfield
Bullfrog
Searchlight
Death Valley
Manhattan**

WE ISSUE A REGULAR MARKET LETTER FREE

Reviewing the developments in the most famous camps on earth. As we are in the position of Brokers you may be assured that these reviews are not biased. If you will send us your name and address, we will mail you our market letters free. A postal card will do. Write today for our illustrated March issue.

All Business Strictly Confidential

You should never invest in a camp where the Capitalist will not go. That was the trouble with Thunder Mountain, Buffalo Bump and others. When you see the Millionaire Mining Investors enter a camp, then you should follow. Chas. M. Schwab, Samuel Newhouse, Senator Clark, "Borax" Smith and a half hundred other Capitalists are behind Nevada Camps; that means Railroads, Smelters, Mills, Cities and success.

40,000 PEOPLE RUSHING TO NEVADA

To secure their share of Gold, and there are millions of people investing in Nevada mines. If you ever lost in other camps, Nevada is the place to even up on. Don't delay if you want in on inside propositions. We have made as high as 6,000 per cent for some of our clients, and every Nevada stock we have sold is a success. There is no exception. We can make big money for you, and you should place your orders through us. We have our associates, partners and correspondents in the camps, and we are "next" to all the news.

Just See What a Little Money Has Done in Profits.

\$250 bought 1,000 shares of Tonopah Belmont in 1902. This block of stock is now worth \$3,000.
\$250 bought 1,000 shares of Montana Tonopah in 1902. It also is now worth about \$3,000.
\$170 bought 1,000 shares of Tonopah North Star in November, 1904; now worth \$600.
\$100 bought 100,000 shares of stock in the Goldfield Mining Company in 1903. They are now worth \$92,000.
\$120 bought 1,200 shares of Sandstorm stock of Goldfield eighteen months ago. They are now worth \$4,800.
\$100 bought 10,000 shares of the Florence mine of Goldfield in November, 1903. They are now worth \$32,500.
\$175 bought 1,000 shares of stock in the Combination Mines Company of Goldfield in November, 1903. They cannot be had now for \$5,000.
\$100 bought 3,333 shares of Red Top stock eighteen months ago. These are now worth \$7,000.

The above records are being duplicated in other and newer mines. Why should you hesitate to win a life income, when such rare opportunities are offered you?

We ask you to invest your surplus and make 1,000 per cent in the next year. The Bullfrog Consolidated will do it. We can furnish you any good Nevada stock at lowest market price.

REMEMBER, ALL BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS ARE CONFIDENTIAL

Better Write or Wire at Once for Your Reservation of Stock. Don't Delay. This Will Go Rapidly. Now is the Time

ADDRESS O. P. EVERSOLE & CO. NINDE BLOCK FT. WAYNE, IND.

We are now offering a block of ground floor stock in the

Bullfrog Consolidated Mines Syndicate

In the Bullfrog district. The property consists of 18 claims, 360 acres, with the ore outcrop traceable for fully 6,000 feet through our claims. We have the reports of three experts. See what they say:

Our geologist says of our property as follows:

"The mineralization on the Bullfrog Ore group is in every way identical with the Montgomery-Shoshone and gives indication of developing large bodies of the same rich free gold ore, which is so clearly defined on this group."

There is no question about the great value of this Bullfrog Ore Group of six claims. Then we have twelve more to develop, making eighteen claims which we all believe will develop into one of the largest mines in the

WORLD-FAMOUS BULLFROG DISTRICT.

We have just purchased these claims from the original locators and the title is perfect. The company is incorporated under the laws of South Dakota for 2,000,000 shares of the par value of \$1.00 each, fully paid and non-assessable. No salaries officers. No bonds. No debts. We are offering for quick sale an allotment of

100,000 SHARES AT 2 CENTS PER SHARE.

This is the best offer in Nevada. Think of it. Eighteen claims. This certainly is ground floor, and the price will advance as soon as the allotment is sold.

\$20.00 buys 1,000 shares, \$2.00 cash, \$2.00 monthly.
50.00 buys 2,500 shares, 5.00 cash, 5.00 monthly.
100.00 buys 5,000 shares, 10.00 cash, 10.00 monthly.
5 Per cent. discount for all cash.

Miss Eva Booth And Her Home

Up in Chappaqua, that dreamy little Quaker hamlet whose chief claim to fame rests on the fact that Horace Greeley made it his home for many years before he died, they are talking of the departure of Miss Eva Booth, commander of the Salvation Army in the United States, with her wonderful collection of dogs.

Ever since Miss Booth settled there a little more than a year ago, with her dogs, her man secretary, her female amanuensis a housekeeper and one or two other servants, the quiet folks of that restful little community have been talking about her. Her eight hundred dollar saddle horse, her bright red riding jacket, her male attendant have all proved rich morsels for the local gossip. For Chappaqua never has anything really sensational to talk about and simple things are magnified into important incidents in its daily life. The dogs have been pronounced a village nuisance by some of her neighbors.

They never have any scandals in Chappaqua or any violations of the common law as it is understood in other parts of the world. The nearest approach to a scandal in the village occurred several years ago, when some of the villagers, thinking that it would be a nice thing to have a little music, introduced a choir work at the Sunday services in the Quaker meeting house on the main road. For two hundred years the good Quakers had met in the venerable edifice and communed in quiet, the men on one side and the women on the other, with only the songs of the birds on the trees outside to disturb their meditations. The wrath of generations of dead Quakers that had worshipped there arose in protest at this sacrilege which threatened to create a schism in the congregation, the older Quakers lining up against it and the younger ones in favor of the music. The latter finally prevailed upon their simple brethren to accept the innovation with good grace and a scandal was averted.

In a lapse from its normal pastoral mood the citizens of Chappaqua seven or eight years ago thought it would be becoming of their importance on the map to have a jail and a chief of police, although there really was no use for it. The village trustees were criticised as extravagant when they built a lockup for \$100. The chief of police was placed on a commission basis. He resigned after several

weeks of it, because there was nothing coming in and it was costing him something to maintain the dignity suddenly thrust upon him. The jail is there yet, but its locks are rusty and its rafters mottled with dust and cobwebs which the enterprising spiders have been weaving undisturbed ever since it was built.

Has Many Dogs. Miss Booth chose Chappaqua as her home because of its peaceful environment and the gentle ways of its inhabitants.

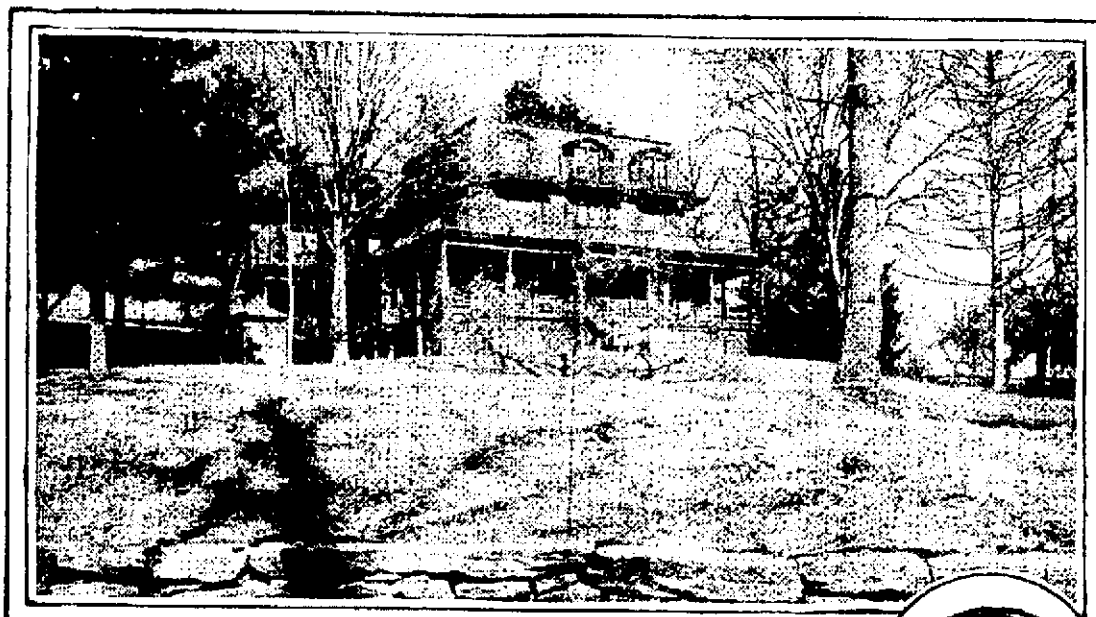
Miss Booth comes to the city every morning to direct the great philanthropic work of which she is the head, and it is evening before she returns. But her dogs are there all the time, and the Quakers say that they wish that they were any place else in Westchester county, preferably Pleasantville, just below. There is a feeling of jealousy between Chappaqua and Pleasantville, and the citizens of the former take pleasure in shifting over to the latter whatever is disagreeable within their own precincts. There is a wide difference in the estimate of the number of dogs on Miss Booth's place. Some native statisticians say that they number as high as sixty, while others contend that there are not more than fifteen or twenty. Most of them are collies—handsome, sleek looking canines, with fine bushy hair.

The house occupied by the commander of the army is known as the Miller homestead. It is located on the main road to the west of the railroad track where the land begins to rise toward Chappaqua mountain. It is a large, old fashioned three story country house with broad porches traversing the front of it and a large veranda extending across the rear of it also. It sits on the crest of a gentle hill, with sloping lawns spreading out in front of it, reaching down to the stone wall at the side of the road. To the east side toward the railroad is a large barn painted a dark red with green trimmings, in keeping with the homestead. Sixty-five acres go with the house, but Miss Booth makes little or no use of it. She thought it would be a good place for her dogs.

The approach of a passing wagon or lone pedestrian has been a signal for the dogs to charge down to the edge of the stone wall, the citizens of Chappaqua say. The horses of the village, like its inhabitants, are of a

American Commander of the Salvation Army, Her Dogs and Her Servants, in Peaceful Environment of New York Village, are Perpetual Wonderment to Simple Folk in Dreamy Spot Which Was Long the Home of Horace Greeley

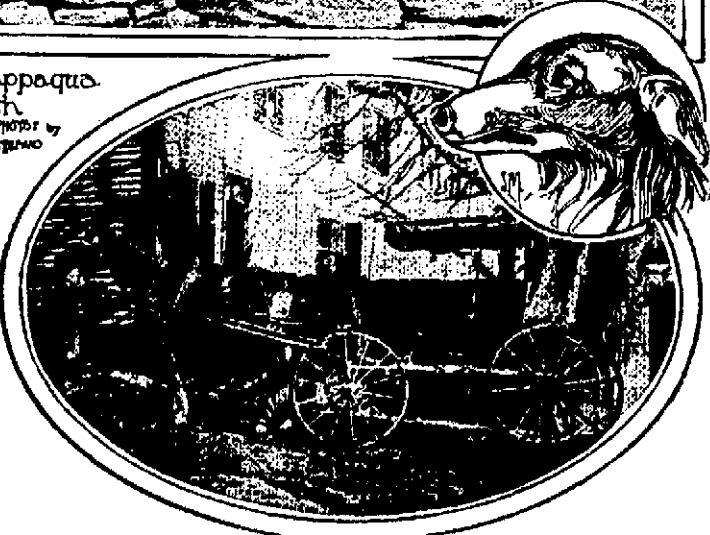
HOME OF MISS BOOTH AT CHAPPAQUA, QUIET LITTLE QUAKER HAMLET NEAR NEW YORK CITY.



Miller Homestead at Chappaqua Occupied by Miss Eva Booth

pensive, contemplative, quiet bent, sensitive to every jarring noise. They have formed an aversion to the Booth dogs, and the Booth dogs have no use for them.

...and the dogs attempted to jump from the wall onto the backs of their owners and cause them to run away, however, did the temper of the Chappaquans get riled. When the temper of the Chappaquans awakes to the aggressive stage it is an epoch in history, for the philosophy of the Quaker teaches him that nothing is gained by getting mad. Runaways are as rare as cuss words in Chappaqua. "Gene" Donahue, driver of one of the local hacks, who, although not a born Quaker, has acquired the quiet manners of the town folks in his long residence there, was driving Kaiser, the pet of the local hackneys, past the



Kaiser the Black Horse that ran away

In Quiet Little Quaker Hamlet

Booth house several days ago when a squad of the collies dashed down to the stone wall and began to snap and snarl at the horse.

Kaiser has been in service about Chappaqua for ten years and has a spotless reputation for sobriety of manner and freedom of guile. But the dogs plainly worried him. Donahue tried to drive them back with his whip, but it was no avail. He had a woman passenger in his back and he was alarmed for her safety. Tortured to the point of desperation, the horse suddenly bolted. Before Donahue could realize it, the poor beast was scampering along the road at breakneck speed, its tail tossing in the air with apprehension and its long ears taut and upright. Donahue is a skillful driver and it was all he could do to hold the distressed animal in check. Kaiser ran the fastest half mile ever recorded in Chappaqua.

"I'm madder than I ken tell," said Donahue on reaching the railroad station. "Durn it I don't go an' see the squire about a warrant for them dogs. They're a god damned nuisance."

The whole village was agitated over the incident. But the peace loving Quakers didn't want to see any scandal caused by the episode in which Kaiser made his record run. Peaceful methods to get rid of the nuisance, they argued, should be employed. Donahue did not apply for a warrant. Some think that it was because Miss Booth's forthcoming departure was announced. Apparently the latter learned of the antics of her collies, as for several weeks they have been kept more or less confined to the barn.

Because of the annoyance to which the residents say they have been subjected by the dogs, it is said the owners of the house do not care to renew the lease on it after May 1, when it expires. Miss Booth has decided to move to New Rochelle, it was stated in Chappaqua yesterday. Miss Miller, one of the owners of the house, was there Friday last looking over the condition of the property.

Hyatt Crosson, who keeps a saddlery shop on the road opposite the Booth homestead, said:

"The dogs have never annoyed me. They are a quiet lot. Miss Booth has got rid of a great many of them and has nothing like sixty, or forty, or even twenty of them there. I was

over to the house on Monday last and I saw only a few of the dogs. Miss Booth is to leave in May. I don't know why. She lives in the house with her two foster children, who address her as 'mother.' She has a man secretary, Mr. Griffin; Miss Page, a woman private secretary, a housekeeper, and a servant for general housework. She is a very fine woman. The people around here have exaggerated the number of her dogs."

Hackman Donahue contradicts Mr. Crosson and says there are more than twenty dogs in the village. He has counted them and knows what he is talking about, he says. Mr. Crosson says that many of the dogs were sent to Miss Booth by friends who asked her to keep them for her. They are valuable dogs, he adds, but she did not buy them.

On fine mornings Miss Booth goes horseback riding arrayed in a vivid red hunting jacket, which can be seen a great distance along the road, and is in marked contrast to the simple attire she wears on other occasions. The horse she rides is one of the handsomest animals in the country for miles around. It came from Canada, and is reported among the villagers to have cost \$300.

Chappaqua has no dog license law, so that Miss Booth has to say nothing to the village for the privilege of keeping her pets on the estate. When a reporter visited the place two of the dogs were hovering around the lawn in front. Another collie was pacing up and down the front stone entrance, which was barred by a gate, and gave the impression of a lion strolling up and down in its cage. Chappaquans say the presence of the dogs gives to the house protection from tramps and thieves and renders it impenetrable to inquisitive visitors.

An English firm received this letter from some one on the Gold Coast: "Dear Sir—I am with much affectionate regards to you this letter to say that I have seen your name in Magazine, so try your best and send me your Catalogue and so therefore you must hope me, and send me the catalogue. When you receive this letter send me as quickly, don't you forget me, and I also too. I have nothing to say again. I wish best compliments to yours. I am yours faithfully, &c."

THIRD CHURCH ELECTS.

Officers Chosen by Third Presbyterian Congregation.

The congregation of the Third Presbyterian church held its regular annual congregational business meeting in the study hall of the church Friday evening. The meeting was very well attended and great enthusiasm was manifested. Officers were elected as follows:

Board of Elders—Messrs. M. R. Knouse, J. H. McConnell and E. E. Ramsey.
Board of Deacons—Messrs. C. C. Lichtenwalter, W. A. Beattie, J. A. Norton and C. J. Colmery.
Board of Trustees—W. A. Diefenderfer, E. G. Shulze and Clinton R. Wilson.

Vice President of Congregation—F. P. White.

Reports of various organizations and societies were heard, and the report of the treasurer was especially gratifying.

HAVE YOU MISSED THE MARK?

A gentleman had a son whom he wished to get into the police force of New York city. In due time the young man was summoned to pass the re-

quired physical examination. He passed successfully every test but one. Every policeman on the New York city force must be at least 5 feet 8 inches tall. This young man, when measured, was found to be 5 feet 7 1/2 inches high. He did not miss the mark by a foot, nor by an inch, but by one little half-inch. Yet that was enough to throw him out. The question with God is not: "How far have you departed from the line of truth or purity?" but "Have you missed the mark?" "All have sinned and come short of the glory of God."

It is related of General Grant that he sat with a group of friends in a hotel lobby. An eminent statesman said: "Gentlemen, I want to tell you a good story—I believe there are no ladies about." General Grant instantly broke in: "No, sir, there are no ladies here, but you will please to remember that there are gentlemen here." Covered with shame the man of impure speech hastened to change the drift of the conversation. Why should not gentlemen be respected as well as ladies? Impure language cannot be much more objectionable to a lady than it is to a real gentleman.

It is thought that the game of whist was first played in the time of King Henry VIII, of England.

Gifted Woman Who is American Commander of the Salvation Army.



EVA BOOTH.

SOME LEGENDS OF IRELAND'S PATRON SAINT

The Day Celebrated is the Anniversary of His Death.

Popular Misconception is That March 17 is Day of His Birth or Occasion of Driving Snakes Out of Ireland.

Almost any person who is asked the reason for celebrating March 17 will say the day is the anniversary of the occasion on which St. Patrick drove the snakes out of Ireland. If told that he is wrong he will hazard the assertion that it is in honor of the saint's birth. There is no authentic record of the miracle by which St. Patrick drove the ophidiola from the shores of Erin. It is stated quite reliably that he died March 17, 463.

By way of digression it may be stated that the old English calendars celebrated on March 17 quite as remarkable an occurrence. The day was supposed to mark the entrance of Noah into the ark. Opposite the date was always placed the words "Intolus Noae in arcam."

But to return to St. Patrick. With the coming of the day when the shamrock is flaunted in the buttonholes of loyal Hibernians the legends of the saint are revived. All of them are more or less interesting, and many of them are unfamiliar to the general public. It is safe to say that the life of no one of the early fathers of the church formed a more fruitful field for anecdote. In numerous ancient volumes his name is coupled with biographies, sketches and reports of miracles, the chronicles of those wonders usually concluding with the observation: "Thus was God glorified, and in St. Patrick." But in this mass of semi-mythology there is a good deal of truth.

Views of Various Writers.

The various writers discuss the question of the saint's merits in a very serious way. One goes into the subject at length, and seeks to prove that St. Patrick was a Scotchman. Another asserts in the most dictatorial manner that the holy man was a Frenchman. Still another, a sort of seventeenth century exponent of "higher criticism," offers what he calls evidence to show that the worker of miracles was an entirely mythical personage, whom the church canonized in order to manufacture a patron saint with the reputation of a wonder-worker.

All the old legends and traditions are delightfully homely. Notwithstanding the transcendent gifts ascribed, their hero is always essentially human. In one account, perhaps the most authentic, since portions of it appear in every biography, it is related that when but sixteen years old the future saint was captured by pirates and sold into slavery in Ireland for seven years. He was then employed as a keeper of swine on the top of a very high mountain. While idly watching his drove he meditated deeply on the condition of the people and the necessity of doing a little missionary work among them.

It was on this mountain, according

to one of his biographers, that young Patrick first came into contact with the devil, and the remarkable manifestation which followed convinced him that he was some day to be the champion of the people against all evil. One night while sleeping near his drove the devil came rolling down the mountain in the guise of a great stone, and attempted to crush the lad. Springing to one side, the future saint cried at the top of his voice: "Hellias! Hellias!" At the same moment, although not due for many hours, the sun rose and shed its rays over the scene, putting to flight the evil one. As soon as the devil disappeared the sun faded away, and night came on again.

Making Fire Out of Snow.

The miracles ascribed to St. Patrick are related with variations by the different writers. All agree that this and that miracle was performed, but the time and place, and other details are altered. One of the most remarkable of these wonders occurred on a cold morning when, with his little band of converts, St. Patrick stood on a bleak mountain with no means at hand to make a fire. Snow was falling, and a chilling, howling wind swept across the hills. St. Patrick ordered snow heaped into a pile, and when a sufficient quantity was collected he breathed upon the frozen mass. In an instant a blaze sprang up and the snow continued to burn as long as the party remained in the vicinity.

The following allusion is made to this miracle in a poem written by some wag in the early part of the present century:

St. Patrick, as in legends told,
The morning being very cold,
In order to assure the weather,
Collected bits of ice together;
Then gently breathed upon the pile,
When every frozen finger smiled,
Ah! If the saint had been so kind
As to have left the gift behind
To such a fore-farm wretch as me,
Who daily struggles to be free,
I'd be content—content with part,
To only ask to thaw the heart,
The frozen heart of Polly Roe.

Patrick left Ireland when a young man and went to Rome. He studied a good deal in different parts of Europe. When he had become famous for his piety, Pope Celestine ordained him to be missionary to Ireland, and he returned to the island. He was ill received at first and he had some difficulty in effecting a landing, as the people along the shore took him and his comrades to be pirates. The saint convinced the natives of his pacific intentions and he was allowed to come ashore, where he rewarded their confidence by saving their souls. His worst enemies he found to be the Druids, who had established their gloomy worship over a large part of the island. They backed up their

priest craft with mummeries and magic, and Patrick's struggle with them frequently developed into a rivalry as to which could do the most marvellous things. At last the sect found that the saint was too much for them, and they had to abandon their tenets in despair.

Expelling the Reptiles.

Colgan, the antiquarian, gives an interesting story of the most famous miracle, that of ridding Ireland of snakes. According to Colgan, the saint procured an immense drum and walked about the country beating a thunderous tattoo. Snakes of all sorts, charmed by the rude music, fell in behind the drummer by the thousands and tens of thousands and squirmed along in his wake. St. Patrick was well on his way to the sea, when an unusually energetic blow knocked a hole in the head of the drum. The snakes then stopped following Patrick and started to return to their former haunts, when an angel opportunely appeared and mended the drum instantly. The saint then resumed his pounding, and again the snakes followed quietly in his rear.

The reptiles were all led into the sea and drowned. Only one escaped, and he was chosen for special punishment. St. Patrick took him and confined him in the gloomy depths of Lake Dilveen, in the Galtee mountains of Tipperary. The saint agreed to determine the fate of the snake on Monday, but for some reason forgot to return to the lake again. They say in Tipperary even to this day that every Monday the snake comes to the surface of the lake and waits out in the richest old Irish: "It's a long, long Monday, Patrick."

In 1831 James Cleland, a landed Irish gentleman, with an inquisitive turn of mind, thought he would find out whether or not snakes would flourish on the island. Accordingly he imported six good, healthy specimens of non-venomous reptiles. Not long after that a countryman going along the road saw one of the snakes, and he captured it. He thought it was a fish, and he took it to a neighboring gentleman of learning to ascertain what it might be doing on dry land. When informed that it was a snake he made a great outcry, and told all his friends. A sensation was the result.

A Great Sensation.

Mr. Cleland wisely kept silent about the matter and allowed others to account for the presence of the reptile in the community. The "kissing bug" furor of a few years ago was nothing compared with the discovery of the snake. Sermons were preached on the subject, and many of the timid argued that it was a forerunner of the millennium. Old records were con-

sulted and sufficient data were collected to confirm the credulous in the belief that it was about time for Gabriel to blow his trumpet.

Finally one man offered a sum of money for every snake captured. A hunt was immediately instituted, and the result was that four other snakes were captured near where the first one was discovered. The sixth snake was never caught, and it is not known what became of it. Mr. Cleland, therefore, did not have a chance to see a fair trial of his experiment. He at least did not care to repeat it.

The following reason is given for the wearing of the shamrock on St. Patrick's day: When the missionary first began to preach to the islanders he found great difficulty in making them understand the doctrine of the trinity. In a flash of inspiration he exhibited to them a sprig of common trefoil, thus showing how easy it was

for three to emanate from one. The word "shamrock" does not come from the Irish language. It is a corruption of the Arabic "shamrakh," meaning the trefoil plant.

Tradition has it that St. Patrick taught the Irish the art of distilling liquor, and that he originated that fiery beverage known as "poten." This is denied by many biographers, who assert that he was a persistent advocate of abstinence from strong drink. An account of his death, written two hundred years ago, does not indicate that the good saint was so much opposed to the use of liquor. This writer says that while on his deathbed St. Patrick was deeply touched by the lamentations of his followers. He tried to comfort them, and, with his last breath, whispered to those nearest him: "Take a drop of trefoil, thus showing how easy it was

"The Wearing of the Green"



O Paddy dear, and did you hear the news that's going round?
The Shamrock is forbid by laws to grow on Irish ground;
St. Patrick's day no more we'll keep; his colors can't be seen;
For there's a bloody law again 'gainst the wearing of the green.
I met with Napper Tandy, and he took me by the hand,
And he said: "How's poor old Ireland, and how does she stand;
She's the most distressed country that ever yet was seen;
They're hanging men and women for the wearing of the green."

Oh, if the colors we must wear is England's cruel red,
Shure Ireland's sons will never forget the blood they have shed.

You may take the Shamrock from your hat and cast it on the sod,
But 'twill take root and flourish there, though under foot 'tis trod.

When law can stop the blades of grass from growing as they grow;
And when the leaves in summer time their verdure dare not show.

Then I will change the color I wear in my caubeen;
But till that day, please God, I'll stick to wearing of the green.

But if at last our color should be torn from Ireland's heart,
Her sons with shame and sorrow from the dear old isle will part.

I've heard a whisper of a country that lies beyond the sea,
Where rich and poor stand equal in the light of freedom's day.

O Erin, must we leave you, driven by tyrant's hand?
Must we ask a mother's blessing from a strange and distant land?

Where the cruel cross of England shall never more be seen,
And where, please God, we'll live and die still wearing of the Green.

—Dion Boucicault.

STAGE AMUSEMENTS

MAJESTIC.

Tonight—Broadhurst's Comedy "What Happened to Jones."
Tuesday—Louis James in "The Merchant of Venice."
Thursday—Al. H. Wilson in "The German Gypsy."
Saturday Matinee and Night—Kelsey and Shannon in "The Lightning Conductor."

WHAT HAPPENED TO JONES.

What the Critics Say of the Broadhurst Comedy.

The Lafayette Journal had the following about "What Happened to Jones," which is playing at the Majestic this afternoon and evening:
Richard Milton, in "What Happened to Jones," the funniest play ever written by George H. Broadhurst, caused many a laugh from two large audiences at the Grand Saturday. The admission was at popular prices and one would not have been 'stung' had he been forced to pay more. When people go to the theater and popular prices are charged they generally anticipate disappointment. So the performance Saturday came as a pleasant surprise. Richard Milton, as Jones, was exceedingly clever. His frequent lapses from the sublime into the ridiculous which the part required, were good and his facial expressions could not have been improved. Although no other part stood out predominantly, the remainder of the company were good, and made most of their parts. All in all "What Happened to Jones" made a big hit and everyone who saw it spent three hours of solid enjoyment.

AL. H. WILSON.

German Comedian and Singer in His New Play.

Golden voiced singer, Al. H. Wilson, (Metz) in Robert Sidney's new play, "The German Gypsy," an attraction rich and touching in heart interest, rollicking comedy, and side-splitting climaxes, is the offering at the Majestic next Thursday.

The scenes are laid in America at the present day, and for picturesque purposes in theme and ensemble surpasses any production in which this genial German dialect comedian has ever appeared. While brilliant laughable comedy is the keynote by which mirth provoking situations are attained with the more serious elements, funny complications, bright as the summer moon, abound in plentiful confusion and the shy chuckle of pleased fancy broadens into a loud guffaw of complete enjoyment at unexpected denouements.

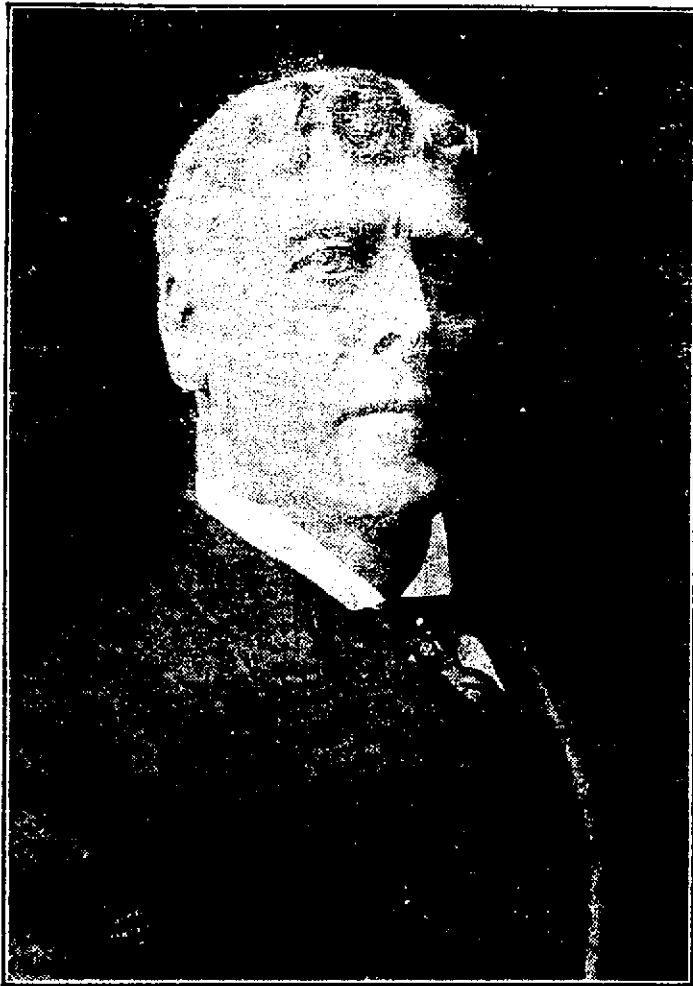
Mr. Al. H. Wilson, (Metz) the artist in question, who has been termed by competent critics "The Golden Voiced Singer," has youth, physical grace, humor, agility, a complete knowledge of the way to speak lines effectively and a singing voice that would carry his impersonation even were he less generously equipped in other directions. Mr. Wilson sings ballads with rare feeling and his voice has that sympathetic quality that is above, beyond and wholly out of reach of all—being nature's own and an estimable and most rare gift. Mr. Wilson has ample opportunity in "The German Gypsy" to introduce those tender, touching and true songs so dear to every mother, wife and sweetheart.

Six new songs—each one the peach bloom of beauty, each a gem of melody, and each surpassing the other—will be sung by this talented artist during the action of the play. They include a charming love ballad, "No Love Like Thine," a swinging waltz refrain, "Under the Harvest Moon," a tender conceit, "Gretchen," and others of equal merit, "The Love Trust," "The Girl for Me," "My German Rose," "Katie Krause," and "The Rocky Road to Dublin."

"THE LIGHTNING CONDUCTOR."

The Play Modern—An Automobile Romance.

"The Lightning Conductor," which will be seen at the Majestic on Saturday next, tells a charming love story which happens on a motor car touring from the British channel to the



Mr. Louis James, the Tragedian, Who Will be Seen at the Majestic Next Tuesday in "The Merchant of Venice."

French capitol and from thence to Tours. It is a dramatization of a novel by the same name which has been very cleverly arranged by Harry Smith, who has had to draw on his imagination for nearly all the dialogue, and hence the play is original in all but the skeleton of its plot.

The story told is that of a rich, young American who is touring France with her aunt, who is a prim old lady. The pair have, of course, been fleeced in the purchase of their car and their cup of bitterness overflows when at the end of the first act they find the crank of the car broken and their chauffeur, who has been sent to Paris with five hundred francs, dumped.

During their last struggle with their car they are overtaken by Hon. John Winston, who is a good motorist, and naturally offers his services to beauty in distress. He is turned down curtly by Molly Randolph, the heroine, but the Hon. John is persistent, having discovered that Molly is young and pretty, even if her brown eyes are hidden by bright blue goggles.

It is here the plot unravels. Winston conceives the idea to pass himself off as a chauffeur whose master has been hurriedly called to England and who had given him permission to rent the car to whoever might need it. This he does and poor Molly, unable to do better, employs him on the spot. Then follows the love-making between them. Mr. Winston's violent enough, as a servant, and Molly's democratic as she is, even without her own special knowledge. The love story is continued in the motor car throughout the entire three acts, and is made exceedingly comical and grotesque by a very excitable Frenchman who is in love with Molly and who accuses her chauffeur of being a villain, and a common-place but rich English family composed of a father and two daughters who are forever interfering with the course of true love.

In the end John Winston's identity is revealed and the pair made happy by the arrival of old Mr. Randolph, who tears himself away from his money bags and Wall street with a great big pistol in order to shoot the

audacious chauffeur who has been bold enough to make love to his Molly.

In the first act of this very charming comedy is a magnificent panoramic view of the road taken by automobiles between Deppe and Paris. Molly's motor car is supposed to be creeping up a hill laboriously, but behind the panorama unfolds a pretty view of farm houses, vineyards, orchards, and hilltops covered with medieval castles. These have been taken from actual photographs and are exact pictures of a magnificent scene which hundreds of Americans pay thousands of dollars every year to cross the Atlantic to see.



Scene in "What Happened to Jones," Majestic Tonight.

VIOLA ALLEN,

Popular Favorite, Coming About the Middle of May.

Viola Allen will present Clyde Fitch's play, "The Toast of the Town," at the Majestic in May. It appears, from all accounts, that Miss Allen has achieved the greatest success of her career as Betty Singleton in this play. Mr. Fitch may have written a better play than "The Toast of the Town," but the general impression is that he has not done so. He has evidently provided Miss Allen with a great role, and one in which she shines with particular brilliancy. The critic of the Philadelphia Record said in his criticism: "There was no doubt of Miss Allen's complete triumph. Rarely, if ever, has this charming actress appeared to better advantage. In no detail of the characterization of the popular actress of old London does she fail to score most brilliantly. To say that she excels in the lighter scenes is to do a wrong to her more serious art, and vice versa. It is an ideal creation to the last word." It is an unusually fine company that assists Miss Allen in the production of this play. Isabel Irving, as Roxana, a pert and mercenary young baggage of an actress, has achieved one of the greatest successes of her life, proving Miss Allen's good taste in the selection of this able actress for the role. Mrs. Fanny Anderson Pitt has also scored strongly in the part of a pesky old dowager duchess. Others who have been specially mentioned are Harrison Hunter, Hassard Short, Norman Tharp and C. Leslie Allen. The production provided by Miss Allen's manager, Charles W. Allen, is described as being very magnificent and in excellent good taste.

JOHN DREW

Will Play "De Lancy" at Majestic Theater Soon.

To an American play-goer, a comedy by Augustus Thomas is ever to be remembered for such brilliant plays as "Arizona," "The Earl of Pawnee," and "The Other Girl," is as positive a promise of a delightful evening's

entertainment as the announcement of a new Sapho play to a Frenchman, or a new Pinner play to an Englishman. Mr. Thomas has become so thoroughly the representative playwright of America, and has scored so many permanent successes, that Charles Frohman announces his intention of bringing to London the latest Thomas success, "De Lancy." In which John Drew will be seen in this city at the Majestic soon.

In London Mr. Drew will appear again as Jim De Lancy, which will be his first appearance before an English audience since his famous tour to Ada Bohan's Katherine. "De Lancy" will constitute a splendid medium for the exhibition of Mr. Drew's well-known comedy style, because of the fact that his scenes are taken largely out of events in his own life, or are placed in environment with which he is perfectly intimate. The story has largely to do with the beautiful offer of self-sacrifice on the part of Jim De Lancy, who urges his friend, Dr. Morton, to marry his fiancée, Jacqueline Marple, oblivious of the fact that the girl really loves De Lancy as strongly as he loves her. His pathos and delightfully sentimental love scenes are said to be skillfully interwoven with the finest sort of restrained, genteel humor. There is a laugh in almost every line, and its situations have a novelty and ingenuity that afford splendid opportunity for Mr. Drew's dextrous, finished comedy style. The piece, which will of course be given in this city with the same stage settings and cast that delighted the large and fashionable audiences of the Empire theater, New York, for so many months, is deserving of particular attention for its several instances of exceptionally ingenious stagecraft. The second act, which represents the hot-house of nurseries of a skilled gardener, is a literal copy of the greenhouses owned by J. P. Morgan, Jr.

MERCHANT OF VENICE.

Louis James Will Present the Great Shakespearean Drama.

With the possible exception of Hamlet, no play from the pen of the immortal bard, Shakespeare, has been discussed more widely, analyzed more closely, or has had such diversity of opinion expressed as to the true character of its central figure (Shylock) than "The Merchant of Venice," and fewer, if any, has been more shamefully assailed by bad actors than unfortunately has been the lot of this selfsame delightful comedy-drama. "Shylock" has been depicted in every conceivable degree of baseness, butchered in every known tongue and yet owing to the comedy's wonderful

that has added much to her fame as an emotional actress.

"Buster Brown," the most successful of the cartoon comedies, is an early majestic looking for these nights and one matinee. It's the big city company.

The German Theater Co. of Cincinnati will play a return engagement at the Majestic about the middle of April. "Sweet Clover," the pastoral comedy-drama in which Adelaide Thurston first appeared as a star, comes to Fort Wayne soon.

York & Adams will open their "Bankers and Brokers" office on the Majestic stage soon. This is undoubtedly the funniest play of its kind now on the road.

Kelly & Dill are coming back in "I. O. U." for a Saturday matinee and night soon.

The best of all New England plays, "Our New Minister," will play two engagements a week, apart at the Majestic late in April.

Other plays and players to be seen soon are "The Rays," Pauline Hall, "The Last Rose of Summer," "When We Were 21," "Running for Office" and a couple of minstrel troupes.

Jack Moser will bring his big stock company to Fort Wayne just before Easter for a week at 10c, 20c and 30c.

NOTES OF AMUSEMENTS.

Anna Russell will sail from London soon and will begin a brief spring tour in Boston on April 9 under the direction of new managers—Waggoners & Kemper. Miss Russell has been playing in London with great success. Miss Russell's only appearance in Fort Wayne was in April, 1904, in "Alice and Men."

Thomas Jefferson's seven weeks' tour in "Rin Van Winkle" will end in Baltimore the last of April. In September, Mr. Jefferson starts his next tour, which calls for engagements in New York and nearly all important cities of the country. He will then add Cuckoo Plumber in "The Cricket on the Hearth," to his repertoire. Mr. Jefferson has appeared in his father's famous role at the Temple theater three times.

It is said that Chauncey Olcott has recently declined an offer of a large contract to present "Edmund Burke" in London for a run this summer. As Mr. Olcott does not close his present tour until June and is to begin a new season in August with a new romantic Irish drama by Theodore Burt Sayre, he was obliged to decline the London offer. He has just finished the most profitable tour of the south ever made by any star in combination.

Raymond Hitchcock gave a professional matinee of "The Gallies" at the Garden theater on Tuesday. In the boxes were such notables as Maud Adams, Ed Schell, Blanche Bates, Fay Templeton and Ethel Barrymore. Truly, a goodly sight, and one worth the seeing.

"Coming Thro' the Rye" has extended its engagement at the Chicago opera house for seven weeks. It was originally booked for four weeks, but the attraction will be seen in this city intact, exactly as it is being given in Chicago. Unless the stay in Chicago is again prolonged the production will likely reach Fort Wayne the first week in April. Miss Stella Mayhew, Miss Amelia Stone, Miss Non Blake and Frank Lator, Frank Duane, John Fiske, W. Riley Hatch, Billie Taylor, Percival Jennings and Charles Swain carry the principal roles. A travesty on "The Swan Song" is given by Miss Mayhew and Mr. Duane before the finale to the last act.

"The Lightning Conductor," which will be presented here shortly, is a brilliant and highly amusing comedy of a farcical nature, dealing with a motor car, an auto tour through France. The principal roles are delineated by Herbert Kelsey, Lord Winston, masquerading as a chauffeur, and Effie Shannon, an American heiress touring France in a motor car, who so attracts the Englishman by her beauty that in order to enjoy her society and protect her against unscrupulous parties, he presents himself as a professional chauffeur and is engaged in that capacity with the heiress. The story that develops is full of amusing incidents that lead to lovers' quarrels and misunderstandings, as amusing to the audience as distressing to the love-lorn pair.

Mr. Metcalfe, Life's trenchant critic of the dramatic status of Augustus Thomas' new play, "The Embassy Ball," in which Mr. Laurence O'Grady is the bright, humorous star, in "The Embassy Ball" Mr. Thomas has given us a worthy successor to "The Earl of Pawnee," that is to say, a clean, delightful American comedy. And, in fact, it is an evening of entertainment without a musical feature or a chorus girl in it.

Masonic Temple Theater

CLAYTON, JENKINS AND JASPER

America's Favorite Comedians in Their Famous Darktown Circus Temple Headliners for Monday Next.

Vaudeville at the Temple has become a very attractive amusement for local theater goers and the patronage has steadily grown until large audiences are present at each performance.

The eight Bedouin Arabs, which are just closing a most profitable engagement, have proven the most sensational act yet seen on the local stage and to the uninitiated, the arrangement of a bill to follow them would be something of a task. Manager Stouder, however, has made a study of the likes and dislikes of his patrons and has selected a bill, which for its pure, unadulterated fun, will most likely cap the climax. The headliners will be Clayton, Jenkins and Jasper in their latest and greatest success, "The Darktown Circus." These celebrated farceurs introduce a donkey which is said to be better perfect in his part. The act has just returned from Europe and was engaged as one of the special features at the opening of the Majestic, Chicago.

Others on the bill are Colton and Darrow in a sketch replete with comedy and wit; Tom Ripley, the minstrel comedian; Marion and Deane, the author comedians; Leonhardt, the grotesque juggler, assisted by James; Nina Barbour in new illustrated songs, and the motion pictures, the subjects of which will be "The Camera Fiend," "The Crystal Casket" and "The Ex-Convict."

STARVING TO DEATH.

Because her stomach was so weakened by useless drugging that she could not eat, Mrs. Mary H. Walters, of St. Clair St., Columbus, O., was literally starving to death. She writes: "My stomach was so weak from useless drugs that I could not eat, and my nerves so wrecked that I could not sleep, and not before I was given up to die was I induced to try Electric Bitters, with the wonderful result that improvement began at once, and a complete cure followed." Best health tonic on earth. 50c. Guaranteed by Droger & Bro., druggists.

Ranke and Nussbaum, druggists, have removed to cor. Berry and Harrison sts. 14-3t



A. H. Wilson in the "German Gypsy," Majestic Next Thursday.

MAJESTIC

M. E. RICE, Owner and Manager.

SATURDAY, MAR. 17.

Matinee 15c and 25c.

BROADHURST'S HILARIOUS

SUFFICIENCY.

What Happened to Jones

Night Prices—15, 25, 35, 50 cts.

Tuesday, March 20.

J. J. COLEMAN PRESENTS

Louis James

Supported by Norman Hackett and a company of excellent players in Shakespearean sublime comedy drama

"The Merchant of Venice"

A Production Complete in Every Detail.

PRICES—25, 50, 75, \$1 \$1.50

TEMPLE 10c
VAUDEVILLE
MATINEES DAILY
EVENINGS 10c, 20c, 30c

8 BEDOUIN ARABS
Whirlwinds of the Desert 8
And Others.

Commencing
Monday Matinee March 19
America's Favorite Comedians,
CLAYTON, JENKINS
and JASPER

In their Famous
"DARKTOWN CIRCUS"

COLTON AND DARROW,
High-Class Comedians.

TOM RIPLEY,
Minstrel Comedian.

MARION AND DEANE,
Artistic Comedy Success, "On the Avenue."

LEONHARDT,
Grotesque Juggler.

NINA BARBOUR,
Illustrated Songs.

THE KINETOSCOPE,
"The Camera Fiend," "The Crystal Casket" and "The Ex-Convict."

We Wish to Announce

That our Spring and Summer Suits, Topcoating and Trousers are open for your inspection. We can show you the largest assortment of woolsens that was ever shown in the city. Give us a call and you will be convinced. Our prices are in reach of everybody. Suits and Trousers from \$15.00 and up. Trousers \$3.00 and up.

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THE HOME OF RELIABLE TAILORING.

TRY THE SENTINEL WANT COLUMN.

AN EXPERT OPINION OF

The Packard

Mr. John Hollock, president of the Piano Tuners' Association of Philadelphia, has just selected a Packard Piano and writes the following letter upon receiving it:

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 21st, 1906.

Gentlemen:
I have received yours of the 12th inst. with bill of lading and warranty for Packard Piano, style "H." The piano arrived today. I have thoroughly and critically inspected the instrument and find it perfect in every detail. The scale is even throughout and the tone is sweet, round and full. I have tuned many Packards and never found a flaw in one of them. From a tuner's standpoint the piano should please the most fastidious.

Very truly yours,
JOHN HOLLOCK.

The Packard

COMPANY.
FORT WAYNE'S
PIANO CENTER.

We Are

Now in our new location at the Cor. Calhoun and Washington Sts. Call and see the beautiful new place.

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CANDY KITCHEN.

FORT WAYNE ART SCHOOL

Cor. West Wayne and Webster Sts. SPRING TERM OPENS MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5

For Instruction in Drawing, Painting and Modeling.

Charcoal Drawing, Mechanical Drawing, Sketching and Designing, Water Color Painting, China Painting, Clay Modeling, etc. Enquire at the School Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, or write for announcement.



Miss Effie Shannon in "The Lightning Conductor," Majestic Saturday, Matinee and Night.

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SUBJECTS OF INTEREST TO
AGRICULTURISTS DISCUSS-
ED BY ABLE AND PRAC-
TICAL WRITERS.

INTERESTING TOPICS FOR THE FARM AND HOME

PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE IN
STOCK RAISING AND GEN-
ERAL ITEMS OF INTEREST
TO THE BREEDER.

EASY TO CURE MEATS.

No Better Food Than Beef or Pork Properly Handled.

Beef may be cured or pork may be cured in the following manner: For 150 pounds take 1 pound of granulated sugar, 1 quart of table syrup, 3 ounces of saltpetre, 4 ounces soda and rock salt to make brine that will float an egg. Use enough water to cover the meat well. Boil and skim till it is white, then cool until milk warm and pour over the meat. Change the position of the meat in the barrel each week. In three weeks take out the meat and boil the brine and skim, add one-half of the above ingredients and when it is cool pour back on the meat. If pork or dried beef, take out in two or three weeks and smoke with cobs or hard wood. If you follow the directions exactly, you will never lose any meat and will have as fine meat as you can find in the market anywhere, but you must not use barrel salt for it but time in it, and you must be sure to take your meat out every week and change it around so the brine gets to every part of it. After it is smoked, wrap it in heavy wrapping paper, sew it up in cloth and paint it thick with whitewash; cover it with chrome yellow if you want to. The dry beef is made from the round divided in chunks, as the seam between the muscles will show you.

There is no safe way to keep fresh beef in hot weather, except cold storage. If you cook it and can it, it sometimes generates a deadly poison. If you use the preserving powders that are sometimes sold to keep meats sweet, there is likely to be shing at your house and you not hear it.

Sac City, Iowa. J. E. R.

EARLY VEGETABLES EASY MONEY

First in the Market Always Bring Top Prices.

While the large cities usually are abundantly supplied with early vegetables by the men who have great hot-houses in which to grow them, many of the smaller cities and towns offer great opportunities to the enterprising truck grower which are never used by the latter for the reason that they do not understand the secret of forcing, albeit it is a very simple matter indeed. The first step is the making of a hot bed.

For cucumbers, melons, squashes and all that order of vegetables merely sow the seed in drills in the bed the latter part of March. Have the dirt warm before sowing and don't fail to have plenty of coarse material banked up against the outside of the bed. On cold nights, cover the sash with some old matting or hay or straw—anything that will insure it against frost.

Within ten days the seeds will have sprouted and formed strong plants, at which time they may be transplanted to other boxes in the following manner: Cut sod four or five inches square and place them in the bed inverted, or take pint or quart boxes and set in close together, filled two-thirds full with good, rich dirt.

On a warm day, after saturating the plants in the seed bed, lift them carefully and transplant four or five in each sod or box, setting them into the earth clear up to their seed leaf. While they are growing, raise the sash on the back side on pleasant days to admit a little fresh air. As soon as they show their third rough leaf, nip the point off the vine to cause it to branch out.



The Proud Head of a Cotswold Flock.

CORN SILAGE FOR HORSES.

Corn silage can be best fed to horses in the same sparing method as it is fed to some other kinds of livestock. It contains a very large per cent. of water and when fed too freely to working horses it is somewhat liable to derange the digestion, although if fed in very moderate quantities, the effect would be the opposite. But in the case of brooding mares and growing colts it may be fed with much more freedom. With the former it has been found a very fair milk producing food and for the latter it is a very cheap food, but, of course, a considerable amount of dry fodder, and is possible nitrogenous in character, should be fed along with it.

It is also important to feed silage to horses out of doors. It is also important to use caution in feeding horses silage that are much out of doors in cold weather unless they are kept moving. Green food is furnished by nature only in warm weather, and if it is to be used in cold weather, considerable care must be exercised with reference to adjusting the conditions to meet the requirements of such food. Attention must also be given to the character of the corn fed. Suppose a man grows flint corn of some rather early maturing variety, which does not produce a large silage, there will be a large proportion of corn in the silage for the fodder, hence it would be possible to have a larger proportion of grains of corn than might be better suited to the needs of the horse. The fact will never be lost sight of that oats in the best grain food for horses that is grown for them, consequently no matter what the other grain, the aim should be to feed along with it a certain proportion of oats.

The swill barrel and often the slop pail have proved a watery grave for many a fine chick—covers over them will prevent this—moveover covered barrels and pails attract less flies than uncovered ones.

Don't overfeed fowls that have free range. They will pick up the larger part of their living from weed seeds, scattered grain and bugs. This gives them exercise, the best possible ration and will produce the largest possible results.



A Good Roosting Coop With a Sliding Door Made From a Dry Goods Box.

ERADICATING SCRUB BLOOD.

It takes five generations to breed out the blood of a grade and a life time to eradicate that of a scrub. If a grade cow is half Jersey or of any other breed, if bred to a pure-blooded bull her calf will be three-quarters of that breed and its calf, if bred in the same line, will be fifteen-sixteenths of that breed and the last one's calf thirty-two-thirty-seconds and so on to the fifth generation—when the cow is considered a pure-blood. It will be noticed that a sixty-fourth of the tainted blood still remains in her veins, but that does not figure much in the pail.

IN THE POULTRY YARD.

Insect-depredations are like weeds. They can be kept in check by preventing their getting a start. The first step in starting in with poultry should be to make sure of an ample supply of green feed for every day in the year.

GROW LEGUMES; RESTORE SOIL.

Great Value of Hairy Vetch and Soy Beans.

(W. H. Burke, Three Rivers, Mich.)

The extent of country over which the legume may certainly be grown appears to be extending as the crops come farther north and a harder type is developed. I know of at least one instance in which the cow peas have done very well as far north as central South Dakota. One farmer up there secured seed grown in Indiana, and reported to me that it grew a splendid crop and that he was delighted with it.

I have recently received from farmers in many states interesting suggestive reports concerning two great legumes—the hairy vetch and the soy bean, and I know of no better way to encourage farmers to adopt new lines of work than to give the results secured by practical farmers. I present in summarized form the information thus furnished to me.

A farmer in Bureau county, Illinois, who has been conducting some extensive experiments with the hairy vetch writes as follows:

"The hairy vetch is said to be one of the best fertilizers for light soil. In my experience no inoculation was necessary, the proper bacteria being in the soil. I have examined the roots of many legumes, but have never seen the nodules in such abundance on any other, thus showing the value of the hairy vetch gathering nitrogen from the air. It is now conceded that these legumes which have the greatest number of nodules on their roots are the best fertilizers, and this should remind us to carefully examine the roots for these little nodules, and if they are not found, then to inoculate with the proper bacteria.

"Hairy vetch is a winter annual and is sown with rye in the latter part of August, at the rate of one-half bushel each to the acre. This year I mowed and raked the vetch and rye and run it through the threshing machine, immediately after oats threshing was finished and without any change in the machine. The vetch and rye were nicely threshed and clean. A fanning mill was then used to separate the vetch seed from the rye, and five bushels of marketable seed were thus secured from less than one acre. The seed can be harvested in this way so cheaply that every farmer can grow seed for his own use or market.

"October 3rd I weighed 77 shoats, which averaged 103 pounds. November 3rd they were again weighed and showed an average gain of 42 pounds each. December 3rd they averaged 188 pounds, making a gain of 43 pounds each for that month. At this time they were turned into a two-acre lot of vetch and rye that had not been pastured, and given the usual amount of corn twice daily, with some clover and soy bean hay. January 5 they were again weighed, averaging 241 pounds—a gain of 53 pounds from December 3.

"This unexpectedly large gain during an extremely cold month was, I believe, mainly due to the succulent green pasture, although a part of the time it was covered with snow. Unquestionably the clover and soy bean hay, the leaves and blossoms of which were readily eaten, contributed to the gain also.

"And of the soy bean a Breckinridge county, Ky., farmer makes the following excellent report:

"A crop of medium soy beans on good ground, with seed, tops and roots plowed under, is estimated to impart to the soil 174 pounds of nitrogen, 44 pounds of phosphoric acid and 115 pounds of potash; and a crop of peas is estimated to contain 90 pounds of nitrogen, 23 pounds of phosphoric acid and 17 pounds of potash to the acre.

"The same acre in red clover would yield 182 pounds of nitrogen, 45 pounds of phosphoric acid and 184 pounds of potash. It would take 14 months to grow the clover, and from three to four months to grow the beans or cowpeas. "We fall to grow clover—cannot get it at all any more."

To the testimony of these practical farmers may be added that of Prof. C. G. Hopkins, of the University of Illinois. At a recent meeting he made the remark that nitrogen could be added to the soil by the cultivation of the legumes at a cost not to exceed a cent a pound. Asked if it were not true that legumes not only more than paid their way but also stored the nitrogen in the soil without cost to the grower, he replied that they did, and went on to say:

"This nitrogen has a commercial value of 15 cents a pound, and the farmer is getting a fortune by the very act of the labor of putting it into the soil. The fact that a farmer can sow clover seed in his oats at \$1.00 an acre, more or less, ought to convince anyone familiar with agricultural conditions that it is a practicable practice.

There is no food or corrective, in the way of a digestive, that equals charcoal. It is easily had, because various forms of the article may be made by the poultry raiser himself.

REQUIRES SKILL TO RAISE TURKEYS.

Must Study Their Habits and Use Great Patience.

(W. J. Bell, Ontario.)

It requires a great deal of patience and actual knowledge of the habits of the birds to be a successful turkey raiser. For the very best results there should be a range of one acre per bird. Young hens will lay a week or ten days earlier than old ones, and they usually lay more eggs with stronger shells. In using young yearling hens and old males I could never see the slightest difference in strength of poult or size at maturity.

To secure large size in the young, it is important that the tom be heavy boned, large, of good shape, and healthy. Extra large hens are about worthless as breeders, so select those fair in size and rather plump in shape in preference to large, lanky ones. During winter they should have free range and a large open shed to roost in. When spring opens allow them to hunt their own living. A very little food makes them too fat for breeding.

The first preparation for your turkey crop is to prepare, about the last of March, roosting nests, and place them in out-of-the-way corners around the yards and buildings. Large boxes and barrels will answer the purpose. Have them fixed so dogs, skunks, etc., can be prevented from molesting the hen while sitting. As each egg is laid they are gathered, marked and stored in bran in a cool room, turning them every third day. A decoy egg is placed in each nest to induce the hen to return.

When the hen becomes broody the nest is given a thorough dusting with insect powder and fifteen eggs put in. If the hen can get water when she comes off the nest she will require no further attention, other than to close her up safely each night, and open the nest in the morning.

On the 25th day of incubation snake a goodly quantity of the insect powder over the hen and on the nest around her. This is important, and must not be neglected, as it gives the young a start free from lice. With this treatment I have never had to grease a poult's head for lice.

On the 27th day stand for some time a little distance from the nest and listen for sounds of the young. If you do not hear anything unusual repeat on 28th day. After hearing the sounds leave them alone for 10 or 12 hours. Then take the hen off as quickly as possible, removing the shells and infertile eggs, and noting how many are yet to hatch. Let the hen return to the nest and close up all small holes so the poult cannot get away from the nest. Let them stay there another 12 hours, when they are taken to an A-shaped coop without bottom about three feet deep and sides about three feet six inches long, back boarded up solid, and front slatted across about four inches apart. When taking them from nest mark by punching hole in web of foot with a small poultry punch, using a different web for each clutch.

Place the coop where the grass is short, and be sure they have fine grit or gravel, also dig up a sod and place dust and ashes in coop for dust bath. A broad board will be required to close the front of the coop at night against skunks, etc. Move the coop to fresh ground each day at noon, unless ground is very wet with rain. Upon no consideration should they be allowed to brood three nights on the same spot. It is advisable to keep young turkeys some distance from flocks of chickens, with a fence or two between.

The food is generally considered the most important point, but it is not the case. Follow the above instructions and turkeys can be raised on many different foods. I don't believe in making sudden changes from one kind of food to another. The first day feed stale bread soaked in skim milk. On second day gradually change to shorts, making it all shorts on the third day. The shorts are the medium grade, and are mixed with all the skim milk they will soak up. Onion tops and dandelion leaves are cut up fine with a pair of scissors and added, each kind once a day.

I feed the poult entirely from my hands five times a day for the first five weeks, and give them fresh water at each feeding, as well as skim milk or buttermilk twice a day. By feeding on my hands I can notice if they are ailing, and there is no food left to save upon the ground. I feed what is left at each feeding to the chickens and mix fresh food for the next meal. At five weeks the hen is given her liberty and allowed to roost with brood on the fences and trees until fall. They are fed shorts mixed with milk as usual in the morning, and a feed of good clean wheat when they come in off the range at night, also milk to drink. This is their treatment right through until winter. Give all the wheat they will eat at night.

Clean, dry quarters are needed for health in summer as well as in winter.

EGG LAYING CONTEST IN IRELAND.

White Wyandottes Lead in a Test of Thirteen Weeks.

There has been concluded at the Butts poultry farm, Ashover, Chesterfield, Ireland, the great annual laying competition of the Utility Poultry Club. The season occupied thirteen weeks. Each pen contained four pullets, while the total egg yields and points for the season were as follows:

No.	Breed.	Eggs.	Pts.
5	White Wyandottes	243	474
26	White Wyandottes	218	435
28	Buff Orpingtons	213	411
6	Buff Rocks	181	360
7	Black Orpingtons	171	341
8	Buff Orpingtons	170	337
29	Buff Orpingtons	168	334
17	White Wyandottes	169	333
2	White Wyandottes	165	329
27	Lincolnshire Buffs	157	314
22	White Leghorns	151	296
14	Buff Orpingtons	147	293
10	Buff Plymouth Rocks	148	290
12	Buff Orpingtons	144	287
30	Buff Orpingtons	148	285
18	White Wyandottes	130	260
23	White Wyandottes	127	252
13	Buff Orpingtons	125	248
16	Buff Orpingtons	118	236
21	Buff Orpingtons	117	234
4	White Wyandottes	111	213
25	Anconas	104	207
11	White Wyandottes	106	207
15	White Leghorns	101	201
19	White Leghorns	97	192
24	Gold Wyandottes	102	193
20	Faverolles	96	191
1	Silver Wyandottes	67	128
3	Partridge Wyandottes	38	75
9	Black Minorcas	28	56

Two points are given for every egg over 1 1/2 ounces, and one point for every egg weighing 1 1/2 ounces or less.

Feeding—The morning meal consisted of "Uillitas" and vegetables, with meat added twice weekly. Midday, various kinds of grain scattered broadcast on fine days, and on wet days under the shelters. Evening meal, a plentiful supply of oats, barley, wheat, or maize, given according to the climatic conditions. Occasionally the midday meal was omitted with good results, according to the condition of the birds. Water was supplied twice daily, and in each drinking vessel was placed a very sharp piece of sulphate of iron. Good sharp grit and oyster shells were always before the birds.

DO NOT WASTE COTTONSEED.

In North Carolina over \$6,000,000 of commercial fertilizers are annually purchased. Fully half of this immense amount is expended for cottonseed meal. We are taking a feeding stuff and using it as a fertilizer. It should be used first as a food for farm animals and then when it becomes manure let it go to the soil.

A ton of cottonseed meal is worth \$20 for either feeding or for fertilizers. If that ton is applied to the soil, it is worth but \$21 to the user. If it is first fed to animals, the user gets \$22 return as food. But the animal has used but one-fourth of the elements in the ton, or five dollars and fifty cents worth. There is left through feeding, sixteen dollars and fifty cents worth of manure. The user, then, has a double profit. In first using as a feeding stuff and saving the voidings as a manure as follows:

Value as a feeding stuff.....	\$22.00
Value as a fertilizer.....	16.50

Total..... 38.50

Had this cottonseed meal simply been used as a fertilizer, there would have been a loss of \$16.50 per ton. Every feeding stuff contains plant food; some are very valuable as fertilizers, others relatively poor. If an animal is fed rich food, rich manure will be made; if poor, then poor manure will be made. Cottonseed, cow-peas, cow-peas, cow-peas, etc., are of distinct value in this respect, while cottonseed hulls, corn stalks and corn are relatively low.

LIGHT AND HEAVY HOGS.

The demand for light and heavy hogs, respectively, is partly influenced by the character of the market in the different centers to which they are shipped. Some of these call for a carcass 50 per cent. heavier than others. Lard is credited with taking the smallest class of carcasses and bacon with taking the heaviest. But the demand for light and heavy hogs, respectively, is also influenced by the season of the year in which they reach the market.

Generally speaking heavy hogs are not to be called for in the winter and light hogs in summer, and yet it would seem correct to say that light hogs are more numerous upon the market in winter and heavy hogs in summer. This arises from the fact probably that the heavy hogs are marketed in the autumn, thus leaving room principally for lighter hogs to come forward during the winter and early in the spring months.

FEAST OR A FAMINE.

Horses Worked Too Hard in Summer and Too Little in Winter.

The average farm horse is worked too hard in summer and given too much idleness in winter. All through the planting and harvesting season his work is ceaseless and laborious and then when snow and frost close the country roads the animal is shut up for most of the time in the stable. There are occasional drives with him, when the sleighing is good or when the ground is frozen hard, but these drives are irregular and not the most conducive to the animal's best development.

This wintering of horses is a problem that the breeder has to face as well as the farmer. He realizes the danger problem more than the man who has one or two farm horses to carry over. The breeder and trainer has enough horses to make it an object to give them regular daily exercise, and his men are employed for this special purpose. In this way the animals are kept in excellent condition through the winter, and in the spring they come out with fine, sleek coats, good round bodies and well-knit, but not over-developed muscles. Nearly every farmer has a few horses which he hopes to sell at a fair bargain when the market is good. He makes it a part of his business to breed a few colts every year for extra sales. Now a good many of these farm horses are nearly ruined through the unwise wintering which they get. It is not that the owner is not willing

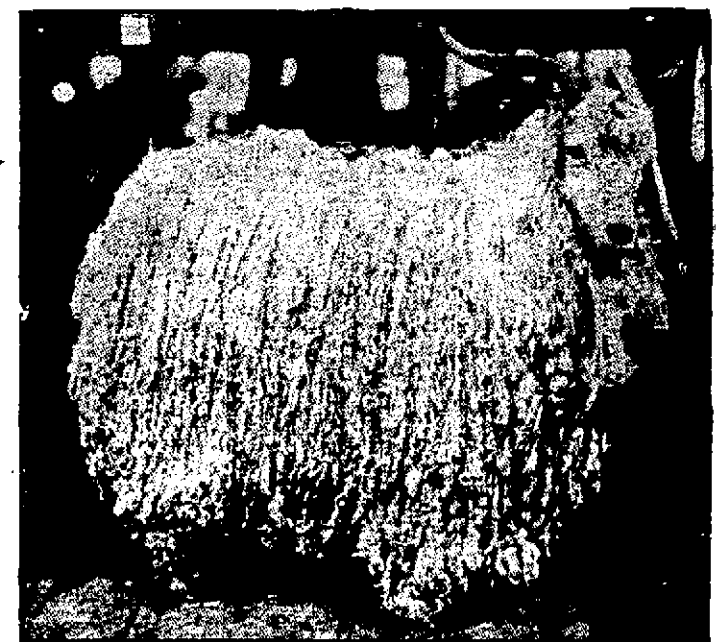
FEEDING SILAGE TO SHEEP.

Many Farmers Do Not Think Very Well Of It.

Some sheep growers are enthusiastic in their praises of corn silage as a food for sheep; on the other hand, a large number do not think so well of it. All those who have tried it have agreed with reference to the wisdom of feeding a moderate quantity to the flock when the silage has been properly cured. On the whole it is not to be considered as satisfactory food for sheep as field roots, since more especially when there is much corn in the silage, it has a tendency to produce a heated condition of the system, which with breeding ewes is not desirable.

It is not well perhaps to feed corn silage to a breeding flock more than once a day, and when so fed the aim should be to give them clover hay or alfalfa at least once a day in order to produce a proper balance in the ration. In cold weather it is probably wiser to feed the silage at noon than morning or night. When exposed to such weather for only a few minutes, to temperatures as cool as is frequently found in sheep sheds, it will freeze more or less, or if it does not freeze it becomes cold. For this reason it is better to feed it in the middle of the day in cold weather, for at that time the temperature is usually many degrees warmer than in the morning or evening.

It is not common to feed more than two to four pounds of silage per head per day to sheep, but some farmers who grow winter lambs feed as much



Angora Buck, a South African Goat, which Recently Sold for \$1,900.

to do the best by them, but because he thinks that a good winter's rest will do them good.

No animal needs such a long rest. They all do better with a fair amount of exercise. There should hardly be a day in winter that the horses do not have the freedom of some or field to run about in. If it is impossible to drive them. Farm horses turned loose in this way will do much better than those stabled carefully all winter. It will harden and toughen them to come in contact with the fresh air, and their whole system will be better for it in the spring.

They will be prepared then to enter in the spring work with more vim and vitality than if stabled all winter. The feeding is also an important question with the horses in winter. They cannot be put on a slim diet of hay and less grain without suffering therefrom. Let the diet be a fairly liberal one and then give them all the daily exercise they want.

APPLE EXPORTS GROWING.

One of the most interesting and important phases of rapidly growing export trade to the apple grower is the proportion of the entire crop which is exported. On this, unfortunately, no exact statistics are available, because of the present lack of accurate data on the actual magnitude of the apple crop of the United States.

Taking the most generally accepted commercial estimates of the crops for the past five years and comparing these with the exports of the corresponding fiscal years, an interesting increase in the proportion of the apple crop annually exported appears to exist. While the exports for the fiscal year 1900, the crop covered by the census, amounted to less than 1 per cent of the estimated crop, the proportion of the estimated crop exported through the succeeding years showed a steady increase.

During the past four years the export trade has shown an especially gratifying increase, establishing a new record of both quality and value.

Shut up the henhouse occasionally as tight as possible and burn some sulphur in it. The fumes will reach every crack and crevice, and be death to vermin hidden there.



A Short Horn cow fattened on blue grass on the Tebo farm near Clinton, Missouri. Some of the finest beef cattle in the country are produced on this farm fattened entirely on blue grass and alfalfa without grain.

"77"

Dr. Humphreys' Seventy-Seven breaks up Colds and

GRIP

At Drugists, 25 cents or mailed.
Doctor's Book mailed free.
Humphreys' Dispensary, Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

Do Not Wait Until You Get Your

Cellar
Flooded

with dirty sewer water from the heavy rains, but get a Martin BACKWATER TRAP at once. Put in by all first-class plumbers.

EMMETT MARTIN,
Expert on Celler Drainage.
Patented ofTHE MARTIN CELLAR TRAP
and the Martin System of Celler
Drainage.
Telephone 6370; 712 Buchanan St.MONDAMIN
THE WEARING OF
THE GREEN.

To celebrate St. Patrick's day fifty you should serve ice cream which is appropriate to the occasion. Brick Lee Cream which shows a green Shamrock leaf in every slice is very pretty and we have numerous other kinds of brick in green and white. Call us up and we will be glad to tell you about them.

BAKER AND FAIR-
FIELD.
Home 1010-Phones-Bell 822

START THE NEW YEAR

With a Savings Account With the
Tri-State Loan & Trust Co.

BECAUSE It pays interest on savings accounts of \$1.00 and upwards.

BECAUSE It loans its money on mortgage security on real estate, which is the basis of all values.

BECAUSE Its directors cannot borrow money from the company.

BECAUSE It is managed by Fort Wayne business men who have been in the loaning business for 16 years and are well versed in the value of real estate on which the loan money is loaned.

Tri-State Loan & Trust Co.
C. A. WILDING, President.
W. E. MOSSMAN, Vice-President.
LOUIS FOX, Second Vice-President.
GEO. W. PILE, Secretary.
F. C. HEINE, Asst. Secretary.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Ranke & Nussbaum take pleasure in announcing the removal of their store from 828 Calhoun street, to N. W. cor. Berry and Harrison streets, and invite you to call on them in their new location.

Ranke & Nussbaum
DRUGGISTS,
Corner Berry and Harrison Sts.Coal & Coke.
Consumers' Ice Co. Both
Phones 594.Pioneer Coal & Wood Co.
Coal, Wood, Coke, Charcoal and Kindling.
217-241 Murray Street.
Home Phone 6255. Bell Phone 193.
FORT WAYNE, IND.—Doctor—
Garrett Van Sweringen,
Office 828 Broadway.
Office Telephone No. 7, 2 rings.
Residence Telephone No. 182.
Hours—10 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.

TYPES OF THE RACES WHOSE STRUGGLES FOR LIBERTY HAVE CONVULSED THE RUSSIA OF TODAY.



HEBREW of RUSSIA



MINGRELIAN of KUTAI

Russia's crisis, the vital and sweeping reform in her political framework, with the resultant outbreak of passion and fanaticism, casting a shadow over the whole world, brings strangely to the front the fact of the great diversity of race groups which people the empire.

The empire is populated mainly by the Slav group of the Caucasian stock belonging to the Alpine, or brachycephalic types; but the true Russians constitute nearly three-fourths of the population of Russia in Europe, the remainder being made up of Letto-Lithuanians, Poles, Hebrews, Finns, Turco-Tatars, Mongols and Germans.

Russians proper may be divided into three separate and distinct groups, namely:
(1) Great Russians or Muscovites, numbering about 60,000,000. These occupy the center of European Russia and form about three-fourths of the population in the north and east.
(2) The Little Russians, or Malo Russians, sometimes termed Ukrainians or Ruthenians, numbering about 18,000,000. These are found mainly in the southwest, and to this branch the Cossacks may be attached, for

MERCHANTS of NIZHNI NOVGOROD, PURE RUSSIAN TYPE



BESSARABIAN TYPE



KURD in ARMENIA



LITHUANIAN

they are Little Russians in their language and have settled in Little Russia, though they have many colonies in the southeast.
(3) The White Russians, numbering 5,000,000. These are classified under four distinct governments in the west.

Then, again, there are upwards of 6,000,000 Russians in Asiatic Russia.

The other peoples are as follows:

Slavic Poles, about 8,000,000, the greater part living in Poland, the bulk of the remainder being in the western governments of Russia proper; about 200,000 Bulgarians, the Czechs and Serbs.
Teutonic—Germans, about 2,000,000, mainly in the Baltic provinces, Po-land and in the colonies in South Russia, and about 300,000 Swedes, who are settled mainly in Finland.
Finnish—Finns and Karelians, about 2,500,000 in Finland and the neighboring parts of Russia proper; Estonians, about 650,000 in the Baltic regions; Mordvins, Volgians, Tchermisses and other kindred peoples scattered over a large area in northern and eastern Russia, numbering about 1,500,000. Lapps in Lapland and Samoyeds in the extreme northern parts of Russia and Siberia.
Letto-Lithuanian—Letts and Lithuanians, numbering about 3,500,000, the Letts being found in the northern region and the Lithuanians in the western governments of Poland.
Iranian—Armenians, Kurds, Per-sians and other tribes, numbering 1, 300,000. These are found principally in the Caucasus.
Daco-Roman—Rumanians, 1,000, 000, in southwest Russia.
Semitic—Hebrews, about 5,000,000, in western and southwestern Russia and Poland.
Caucasian—Aborigines—Georgians, Mingrelians, Lezgians.
Turko-Tatars, Uzbeks, Bashkirs, Kirghiz and Turkomans, numbering about 2,000,000.
Mongol—Kalmyks, in Russia and Central Asia; Buriats, Tungus, in Siberia. The Mongols, not reckoning the inhabitants of Manchuria, recently occupied by Russia, number less than 1,000,000.

In addition there are in Russia more



OFFICIAL in the CAUCASUS



ARMENIAN of ERIVAN.

than one million Europeans of various nationalities, besides the nomadic Tsiganes, or gypsies.
It must, however, be borne in mind that the area of Russia exceeds 8, 660,000 square miles, extending, as it does, from Europe to Northern Asia. It is nearly three times the size of the United States, exclusive of Alaska, and it covers one-sixth part of the land surface of the globe. It includes more than one-half of Europe and the whole of Northern Asia, and has the largest continuous area of any realm in the world.

Like all other races of mankind, the Russian race is not a pure one, as the Russians have taken in and assimilated a variety of Finnish and Turko-Finnish elements, but, curiously enough, the Slavonian type has maintained itself with remarkable persistence, as a biological research has shown that Slavonian skulls ten and thirteen centuries old exhibit the same peculiarities and anthropological features as are seen in those of our own day.

This may be explained by a variety of causes, but the chief reason is the maintenance by the Slavonians of gentle organization and gentle marriage.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION

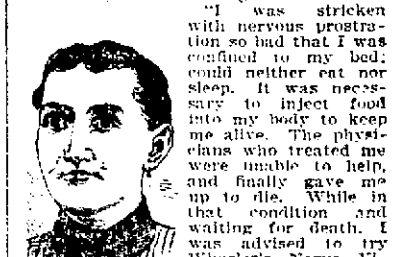
Nature Imposes a Penalty.—Wheeler.

There is a limit to human strength, brain and nerve force, and when we overstep the limit the result is nervous prostration.

The causes which are responsible for this disease are many: Over-exertion, worry, dissipation, excesses and abuses of various kinds, which result in exhausting the nervous system. Both mind and body become worn out and with palpitating heart the victim of nervous prostration is indeed in a sorry plight, and eventually drifts into confirmed despondency and invalidism.

In advising Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer as a speedy cure, it is not expected that the patient will accept the advice with zeal, because the very nature of the disease makes him doubtful and hopeless. Fortunately the medicine is not dependent upon confidence in it, in fact nearly all cured report they had absolutely no confidence in any medicine.

This is unfortunate because undoubtedly many sufferers will either refuse or neglect to take Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer and so be restored to a healthy and self-reliance, and as a result, will drift on through life hopelessly suffering and paying for the end. The letter published below from Mrs. Mary Linnea, a Nervous Vitalizer certainly saved my life, and I can recommend it to any one afflicted with any nervous trouble. Sold by druggists at 25¢ per bottle. J. W. Brandt Co., Albion, Mich.



"I was stricken with nervous prostration so bad that I was confined to my bed; could neither eat nor sleep. It was necessary to inject food into my body to keep me alive. The physicians who treated me were unable to help, and finally gave me up to die. While in that condition, and waiting for death, I was advised to try Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer. I could not feel the good effects of the CHARLOTTE MICH. third dose, and the fourth bottle helped me so much that my friends could hardly believe so much benefit could be derived from so little treatment. After using three bottles, I was entirely cured. My Nervous Vitalizer certainly saved my life, and I can recommend it to any one afflicted with any nervous trouble. Sold by druggists at 25¢ per bottle. J. W. Brandt Co., Albion, Mich."

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR COMMISSIONER.

Editor Sentinel:
Please announce that I am a candidate for county commissioner for the Second district, subject to the decision of the democratic voters at their nominating primary and convention.
JOSEPH W. FRIEDBERGER.

FOR COUNTY CORONER.

Editor Sentinel:
Please announce that I am a candidate for coroner of Allen county, subject to the will of the democratic voters at their primary.
FRANK H. BUEHLER.

TREASURER.

Editor Sentinel:
Please announce that I am a candidate for treasurer of Allen county, subject to the will of the democratic voters at their primary.
JOSEPH J. TOSKEL.

CIRCUIT JUDGE.

To the Editor of the Sentinel:
Please announce that I am a candidate for the nomination of judge of the Allen circuit court, subject to the decision of the democratic voters at their primary. To be held on June 1 and 2, 1906.
DR. A. J. KESLER.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.

Editor Sentinel:
Please announce that I am a candidate for prosecuting attorney of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic voters at their primary. To be held on June 1 and 2, 1906.
WM. C. RYAN.

AUDITOR.

Editor Sentinel:
Please announce that I am a candidate for auditor of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic voters at their primary. To be held on June 1 and 2, 1906.
GEORGE W. LANDMUTH.

CLERK.

Editor Sentinel:
Please announce that I am a candidate for clerk of Allen county, subject to the will of the democratic voters at their primary.
WILLIAM E. GERRING.

ASSESSOR.

Editor Sentinel:
Kindly announce my name as a candidate for the office of assessor of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating primary, to be held June 1 and 2, 1906.
WILLIAM EGGEMANN.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK

Capital, \$200,000. Surplus, \$300,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months; 4 per cent. interest if left six months; 5 per cent. interest if left six months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

STANDARD COAL CO.

—313 WALLACE ST.—
Hard and Soft Coal for Furnaces, Stoves or Steam Use. Orders promptly filled. Phone 6452.
"Our coal is subject to any standard scales in the city."

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PLUMBERS, STEAM
AND GAS FITTERS.
208-212 E. Fort Wayne.

MOST IMPORTANT

PROBLEMS OF LIFE

Rev. Alfred E. Street, a returned missionary to China, will give at the Rescue Home and Mission, 118 East C. Lamba street, a series of addresses applying to the simplicity of Bible teaching to the great problems of life. Prayer and praise service is held at 7:30 p. m., the address beginning at 8 o'clock, and the following is the daily program:

Sunday, March 18—"What Is Sin? How We Freed From It?"
Monday, March 19—"What Is Faith? How Acquire It?"
Tuesday, March 20—"What Is a Christian? How Does He Differ From Others? What Is His Good For?"
Wednesday, March 21—"What Is Christian Growth? From What Foundation Must It Begin?"
Thursday, March 22—"Can Anyone Form a Reasonable Idea of Sanctification? Who Needs It? How Obtain It?"
Friday, March 23—"One's Speech Is the First of His Nature and Future Destiny."
Saturday, March 24—"How Is One to Tell Which Is True Among the Conflicting Teachings Prevalent? Can We Be Sure?"

HALF A DOZEN HUSBANDS.

Accused Woman Fails to Answer to a Charge of Bigamy.

Hamilton, O., March 17.—Mrs. Ida May Knapp Spivey, who failed to appear in Squire Hughes' court to answer to the charge of bigamy, has six husbands, according to Edward Bacon, of Darvinton, a brother-in-law of the Spivey brothers, to whom she was married.

Bacon says that she was never divorced and that all her husbands are living. At 18, he says, she was married to Elmer Little, a coal miner. He lived twenty miles north of Milwaukee. Six months later she married Arthur Sherman, a shoe shiner of Milwaukee. When 21 she wedded James Spear, a Big Four brakeman, of Indianapolis.

A year later she left Indianapolis with Jack McGibbon, a cabman, and married him at Youngstown, O. She returned to Hamilton in 1901 and married George Spivey, a widower. When John Spivey returned from the regular army she eloped with him to Danville, Ill., and married him Oct. 19, 1902. She often boasted, he says, of her marriages. After her release on bonds she made preparations to leave and made her escape. Bacon was the awarded custody of the child at the instance of the Humane society and began an investigation, which, he says, disclosed the six husbands.

FORT WAYNE BUYERS.

Fort Wayne purchasers at the Daugherty horse sale at Wabash include the following:
Charles R. C. T. Rice, to George E. Smith, \$230.
Dixie Bell, Ed. S. Holder, to C. W. Allen, \$485.
Lady Dare, V. Matern, to S. M. Foster, \$210.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. Henry Wild and family wish to truly thank Rev. Mr. Rowand, the choir, their neighbors and friends for the many kindnesses shown them during the illness and death of Mrs. S. J. Wild.

MEALS FOR TOMORROW.

SUNDAY, MARCH 18, 1906.

A Lenten Menu.

—Breakfast—
Halves of Oranges, pulp loosened as Grape Fruit.
Scrambled Eggs with Chives.
Baked Potatoes.
Waffles, Maple Syrup, Coffee.—Luncheon—
Mushroom Omelet, Brown Sauce, Rolls.
Nut Bread and Orange Marmalade.
Tea.—Dinner—
Cream of Corn Soup.
Pilaf of Pilander.
Diamonds of Potatoes with Peas.
Canned Asparagus Baked with Cheese.
Orange and Date Salad.
Coffee.

Waffles may be served with butter and sugar, or honey. They may be buttered and spread with a layer of jam or marmalade, two waffles being placed together and the top one sprinkled with confectioner's sugar. Into the latter a little spice, nutmeg or powdered sugar may be added. When spice is added to the batter, they become "Spanish waffles." When the grated rind and strained juice of a lemon are added to the batter the cake is called "French waffles."

GUARD TO ROCKEFELLER.

Oil King Finds Refuge From Subpoena Servers in New Jersey.

Lakewood, N. J., March 17.—John D. Rockefeller, who is at his home here, has found a refuge from subpoena servers, but is now in deadly fear of kidnappers. For this reason, the measures for his personal protection have been changed from hasty flight from place to place to extreme military precautions. The oil magnate has recently installed powerful searchlights at his home. The place is guarded by armed men at night, and it is said that they have instructions to shoot any intruder found lurking around the place after nightfall.

Mr. Rockefeller has been seen at his home twice this week. A meter inspector met Mr. Rockefeller face to face yesterday as he was passing through the living room to reach the basement.

His immunity from subpoena servers is due to the fact that a process issued by the supreme court of Missouri is not valid in this state. Unless Attorney General Hadley should seek to have a commission appointed in New Jersey similar to the one appointed in New York, Mr. Rockefeller is free to come and go anywhere in this state.

OBITUARY.

The late Sarah Jane Wilds, who died at her East Washington street home in Fort Wayne on March 12, 1906, was born in Burnaby, Canada, March 17, 1858. She lived in Cleveland up to about two years ago, when the family removed to this city.

Mrs. Wilds leaves to mourn her loss her husband, Henry Wilds; daughters Violet, of this city, Daisy, of Cleveland, Mrs. G. H. Hollister, Buffalo, N. Y.; sons, Harry and Walter, of Fremont and Milwaukee. Deceased was a member of East End Baptist church at Cleveland, and upon her arrival here placed her letter with the First

Baptist church, where her funeral service was read by Rev. C. A. Rowand on Wednesday, March 11.

TORTURE GIRL IN JAIL.

Russian Police are Accused by Young Woman of Horrible Cruelties.

St. Petersburg, March 17.—The daughter of General Izmailovitch, who was condemned to death March 2, her sentence later being commuted to life imprisonment, has succeeded in smuggling a letter from her prison describing the horrible way in which she has been tortured and insulted by her jailers. In this letter, which was published today, Mlle. Izmailovitch says the police locked her into insensibility and subsequently at the police station torn off her clothes, subjected her to indignities, beat and cursed her, spat in her face and struck her with such force on the side of her head that an ear drum was broken.

Mlle. Izmailovitch was imprisoned for her attempt to kill the governor of Minsk, as a result of which her accomplice, Ivan Kulikov, was executed. Her story has created a sensation similar to that caused by the letter of Mlle. Spiridovitch, the 15-year-old girl who shot M. Lashonoffsky, chief of the secret police of Tamboff, and who also smuggled a letter out of her prison describing the manner in which she had been treated.

A local paper today printed statistics showing that 397 executions occurred in Russia during the month of January.

The author of the anti-Jewish circulars was M. Levroff, an employee of the ministry of the interior. He is the leader of the "League of the Russian People." He has been dismissed from the service and arrested and will be prosecuted.

SMOKES IN POWDER STORE.

Lawrence Gardner Blown Out, Together with Sides of House, but Lives.

Morgansfield, Ky., March 17.—Smoking his pipe, Lawrence Gardner went into the store of Everett Bingham to buy gunpowder.

When he came out he carried with him a goodly portion of the sides and end of the building.

His clothing also came out at the same time as Mr. Gardner, but most of it in different directions.

He did not even have on his collar and tie, but although the cold wave had struck town Mr. Gardner was not chilly, for what clothing he had left on him was burning.

He became chilly directly after, however, for his friends threw him in a trough of water.

The doctor says he is not badly hurt, although his face is much swollen.

The damage to the store amounts to several hundred dollars.

This includes two kegs of powder.

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Kills Pain!

Sloan's Liniment

Price 25¢ 50¢ & 1.00

A Live Wire

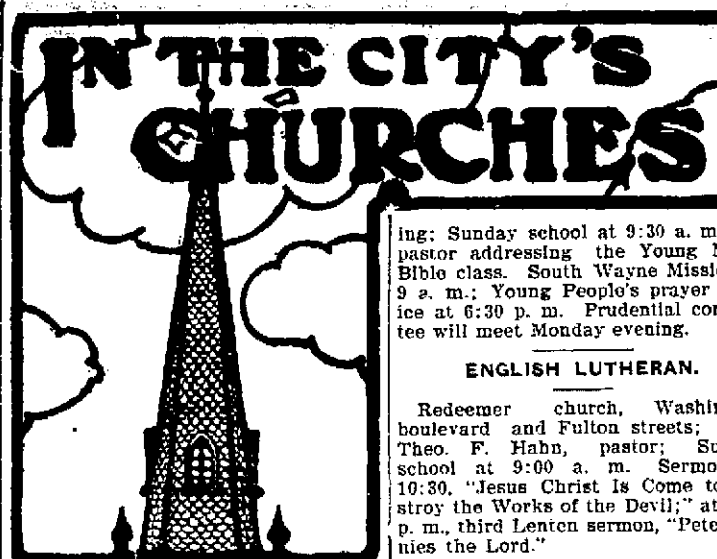
Every nerve is a live wire connecting some part of the body with the brain. They are so numerous that if you penetrate the skin with the point of a needle you will touch a nerve and receive a shock—pain it is called. Aches and pains come from a pressure, strain or injury to a nerve; the more prominent the nerve the greater the pain. When the pain comes from a large nerve it is called

Neuralgia

whether it be the facial nerves, or the heart, stomach, sciatic or other prominent nerve branch. To stop pain, then, you must relieve the strain or pressure upon the nerves. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills do this.

"I suffered intense pain, caused by neuralgia. I doctored and used various medicines without getting relief until I began taking Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. They did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They never fail to cure my headaches, and their use never leaves any bad after-effects."

MRS. W. BECKMAN, 837 W. 4th St., Erie, Pa.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails, he will return your money. Do not lose 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.



PRESBYTERIAN.

First Presbyterian church, Washington and Clinton streets, Rev. Henry B. Master, pastor. Public worship at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; strangers cordially welcome.

Westminster church, West Berry street, between Ewing and Webster; Rev. J. Budman Fleming, pastor—Sunday school at 9:45 a. m., B. J. Roberts, superintendent; morning sermon, 10:45 in the lecture room; Christian Endeavor at 6:30; no evening service.

Third church, corner Harrison and Taber streets, Frank M. Fox, pastor. Bible school, 9:30 a. m., E. G. Shulze, superintendent. At 10:45, morning sermon, "Christ's Idea of Discipleship." Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:45; sermon at 7:30, "Conversion."

Bethany church, Boone and Fry streets, Rev. J. W. Campbell, pastor. Teachers' meeting at 9 a. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; John M. Jackson, superintendent; morning service, 10:30 a. m., "The Gift of God." Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m., C. E., 6:45 p. m. Evening sermon at 7:45, "Redemption Through His Blood."

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

First Methodist Episcopal church, corner Wayne and Lafayette streets. Charles A. Rowand, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; morning worship at 10:30; subject, "Four Steps in the Divine Life." Junior League at 2:30; Epworth league devotion at 6:30; evening service at 7:30; subject, "What is the New Birth?"

Wayne Street Methodist Episcopal church, corner Broadway. Asher S. Preston, pastor. Morning sermon at 10:30 by the pastor on "The Madonna and the Child." This is the third in the series on the Apostle's creed. Sunday school at 9:30; A. S. Coverdale, superintendent; class at 12; Junior League at 2:30; Epworth league at 6:30; evening sermon at 7:30, "The Twentieth Century Conception of God." Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30; topic, "The Parables of the Sea."

St. Paul's church, Walton avenue and Selden street, Rev. Lewis D. Rehl, pastor; Sabbath school, 9:30 a. m.; S. E. Claudy, superintendent; public worship with sermon at 10:30 a. m., "Kept in Peace." Junior League at 6 p. m.; evening sermon at 7:30, "Why Girls Sin." Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30.

Trinity church, Rev. J. K. Cecil, minister—Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; F. A. McKame, superintendent; Junior Epworth League at 2:30 p. m.; Miss Georgia Warner, superintendent; Epworth league service at 6:30 p. m.

Simpson church, corner Harrison and Dawson streets, Rev. J. M. Canse, pastor—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; L. Springer, superintendent; preaching, 10:30 a. m., "Living By Faith." class meeting at 11:45 a. m.; Junior League at 2:30 p. m.; Edith Zook, superintendent; Epworth league meeting at 6:30 p. m. In the evening a program will be rendered by the boys' choir consisting of six songs by the boys, assisted by solos by Miss Elsie Franz and Miss Grace Hudson and a reading by Miss Ida Haskell. The pastor will speak on "A Boy's Religion." This is report day for the new church.

New Haven M. E. church, J. S. Cain, pastor. Sermons at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior League at 2:30 p. m.; Senior League at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at the parsonage.

RAILROAD Y. M. C. A.

Calhoun and Holman streets, J. W. Burns, general secretary. Rev. Frank M. Fox will address an open meeting at 8 p. m.; Bible study at 7:45 p. m.; Hiram A. Philley in charge.

CITY MISSION.

628 West Main street, T. J. Loring, superintendent. Services every night during the week at 7:30. Sunday school at 2:30; preaching at 7:30 by Rev. George Glor. No services tonight.

BAPTIST.

First church, on Jefferson street between Harrison and Webster, Rev. J. F. Vichet, of Chicago university, will preach both morning and evening.



When buying an infant's food, every mother wants a food that will not only tide over present troubles, but give permanent results. You want a food that will feed, a food that will make your baby grow strong, with rosy cheeks and strong limbs. Mellin's Food will do this for your baby. Send for a free sample for your baby.

The ONLY INFANT'S Food receiving the GRAND PRIZE at St. Louis, 1904. Gold Medal, Highest Award, Portland, Ore. 1905.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN.

Redeemer church, Washington boulevard and Fulton streets; Rev. Theo. F. Hahn, pastor; Sunday school at 9:00 a. m. Sermon at 10:30, "Jesus Christ is Come to Destroy the Works of the Devil." At 7:45 p. m., third Lenten sermon, "Peter Denies the Lord."

Trinity church, Wayne and Clinton street—Rev. Samuel Wagenhals, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; morning service at 10:45; Luther League, 7 p. m.; evening service, 7:30.

Christ's Lutheran church, West Jefferson and Webster streets. Rev. W. H. Schrock, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30; Luther League at 7 p. m.; regular service at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION.

Bethel church, corner DeWald and Clinton streets, D. E. Zechel, pastor—Sunday school, 9:30; William Mertz, superintendent; sermon 10:30 a. m. Junior meeting, 2 p. m. Mamie Stecher, superintendent; Y. P. A., 6:30; Frank Kelham, president; sermon at 7:30; prayer service Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

AFRICAN METHODIST.

African church, corner Wayne and Francis streets, Rev. Lewis Pettiford, pastor—Preaching at 10:45 a. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 p. m. Frank Brown and Silas Mills, superintendents; gospel meeting at 4 p. m.; preaching at 7:45 p. m.; prayer meeting Thursday night.

BIBLE TRAINING SCHOOL.

Preaching services will be held in the chapel of the Bible Training school at 3 o'clock and 7:30; Sunday school at 2 p. m. The regular Tuesday and Friday evening Bible studies will be omitted next week. There will be a service on Wednesday evening.

CHURCH OF CHRIST CHRISTIAN.

First church—Sunday services: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; morning service at 10:30 in the old Hebrew tabernacle. Harrison street; subject, "Reality." Golden text: "Ye are come unto mount Zion, and unto the city of the living God, the heavenly Jerusalem." Hebrews, 12:22. Reading room, 308 Madison st., open daily except Sunday from 2 to 5 p. m.; testimonial meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Second church—Sunday services in Harmony hall, 120 West Berry street—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; church services at 10:30 o'clock; subject, "Reality." Golden text: "Ye are come unto mount Zion, and unto the city of the living God, the heavenly Jerusalem." Hebrews, 12:22. Reading room open daily except Sunday from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. and from 7:30 p. m. to 9 p. m. in room 5, Lau building. Wednesday evening services at 8 o'clock.

REFORMED.

Saltem Reformed church, next to the postoffice. P. Ruhl, pastor. Sunday school at 9:30; morning services and preaching at 10:30; evening service at 7:30 in English.

Grace Reformed church, 316-318 East Washington street, Rev. Allan K. Zartman, D. D., pastor—Morning service at 10:30, "The Doctrine of the Second Coming of Christ." Sunday school at 9:30; Junior C. E., 2 p. m.; Young People's meeting at 6:30; evening service at 7:30 o'clock, "Facing Eternity." Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

St. John's church, corner Washington boulevard and Webster street. John H. Bosch, pastor—9 a. m., Sunday school; 10:15 a. m., morning services; evening service at 7 p. m.; Wednesday evening, discussion and explanation of Sunday school lesson; catechetical instruction every Saturday morning from 9:00 to 11:00 o'clock.

BAPTIST BRETHREN.

Baptist Brethren church, Smith and Green streets—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Christian Workers' program at 6:45 p. m. Hiram Forney, pastor.

RESCUE HOME MISSION.

Fort Wayne Rescue Home and Mission, 118 East Columbia street. Meetings every night at 7:45; prayer and praise service Thursday afternoon at 2:30; Sunday school at 3 p. m.

Y. W. C. A.

Regular Sunday afternoon service at 4 o'clock, to which all women are invited. E. A. K. Hackett will speak and Miss Nellie Lawson will lead the singing. Young women are invited to come and remain until time for the evening service in the church.

EPISCOPAL.

Trinity church, corner West Berry and Fulton streets, Rev. E. W. Averill, rector—Sunday services: Holy communion, 7:30 a. m. and on first Sunday of month at 10:45 a. m.; other Sundays, morning prayer, litany and sermon, 10:45; choral evensong and short sermon, 4:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Daily matins in parish house, 9:30 a. m.

St. Andrews Mission, South Wayne avenue, Edwin J. Bull, Jr., superintendent—Evensong and Sunday school, 3:00 p. m.

CHURCH OF CHRIST.

West Jefferson Street church, Edgar Williams Allen, pastor—9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 10:30 sermon, "Who is My Neighbor?" Christian Endeavor at 6:30; 7:30, "Why We should Obey

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Cleanses and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath. Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

Convenient for tourists.

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the Law." Special Lenten services each evening during the week, with meeting of Sunday school teachers and class practice Saturday evening.

East End Tabernacle, East Creighton avenue and Smith streets—3 p. m., Sunday school; 7 p. m., Christian Endeavor.

West Creighton avenue Church of Christ—M. F. Rickoff, pastor: Sunday school, 9:15 a. m., C. A. Howell, supt.; morning sermon at 11 o'clock, "Seeking Salvation." evening, 7:30, "The World Hunting for a Church." Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p. m. Byron Thomas, president; prayer meeting on Wednesday evening, Mrs. G. C. Miller, leader.

FREE METHODIST.

Free Methodist church, 1318 East Creighton avenue—H. C. Ingersoll, pastor: Sunday school at 9:30, S. L. Waise, supt.; preaching at 10:30 a. m.; praise meeting at 7:00 p. m.; preaching at 7:45; holiness meeting Monday evening at 7:30 at home of Abbie Berry, East Pontiac street.

UNITED BRETHREN.

Calvary church, corner East Lewis and Harmer streets. G. P. Byrer, pastor—Sunday school at 9:30, A. A. Bowser, superintendent. Sermon by pastor at 10:30 and 7:30. Subject of morning sermon, "Living Epistles." Busy Bees at 2:30, Mrs. Emma Opatz, supt.; prayer service Wednesday evening, S. Steiner, leader.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Plymouth church—Rev. J. C. Cromer, of Wellington, Ohio, a former pastor of the church will preach both morning and evening: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., A. G. Barry, superintendent; H. E. Wilkon, assistant; Will Kyle, orchestra leader; Junior Endeavor, 3:30; Senior Endeavor, 6:30; Wednesday evening, prayer meeting at 7:30.

BIBLE CLASS.

Undenominational Bible class, 1215 Lafayette street. Bible students interested in Watch Tower literature will meet for Bible study at 10 o'clock a. m. Sunday.

COLORED BAPTIST.

Hopewell church, colored, I. O. O. F. hall, 1418 Calhoun street—Rev. J. P. Burney, pastor. Sunday school, 10:00 a. m., H. H. Green, superintendent, preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Rt. Rev. Herman J. Alerding, D. D., bishop; Rev. P. F. Roche, rector; Rev. Simon Yenn, chancellor; Rev. W. D. Sullivan, assistant. Masses at 6, 8, 9:15 (children's services) and high mass at 10:15 a. m.; benediction, 2:30; children's services at 2 p. m.; vespers and benediction at 8 p. m.

The following meetings are held Sunday in rotation during the month commencing at 4 o'clock: First Sunday, Married Men's Sodality and Young Men's Sodality; second Sunday, Rosary Sodality; third Sunday, Young Ladies' Sodality; fourth Sunday, Boys' Sodality and Young Girls' Sodality. The Catholic Knights of America, branch 103, meets the first and third Sundays of each month. The Sacred Heart League has special devotions on the first Friday of each month at 7:30 p. m.

St. Patrick's, corner of DeWald and Harrison streets, Rev. Joseph F. De-



MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN. A certain cure for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Teething Troubles, and all the ailments of children. They break up colds in a few hours. At all Druggists. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

laney, pastor; Rev. Edward Mungovan, assistant. The services at the church are as follows: Mass at 7:45 a. m.; children's mass at 9 a. m.; high mass at 10:30 a. m.; catechism at 2 p. m.; vespers at 2:30 p. m.; masses at 6:30 and 8 a. m. during week days.

Following is a list of the various societies of the church and the time of meeting: Married Men's and Young Men's Societies, first Sunday in the month; Rosary society, second Sunday; Young Ladies' Sodality, third Sunday; also the first three Sundays of the month for the office of the Blessed Virgin; Boys' and Girls' Societies, fourth Sunday, at 2:30 p. m.; all other meetings at 4 o'clock, immediately after vespers; each society takes communion on Sunday of meeting; St. Vincent de Paul society meets the fourth Sunday of the month; Ladies' Catholic Benevolent association meets first and fourth Thursdays; St. Joseph Benevolent society meets third Sunday of the month. Sacred Heart devotions on the first Friday of the month at 7:30 p. m.

St. Paul's (German), corner West Washington and Griffith streets, Rev. F. J. H. Kroll, pastor—Services, 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.

St. Mary's (German), corner of Lafayette and Jefferson streets, Rev. John H. Oechtering, pastor; assistant, Rev. Gustave Hottenroth—Sunday services, 8 and 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.

Church of the Precious Blood—Corner of Barhold and Fourth streets, Rev. C. Hummer, pastor—Morning mass at 7:45; high mass, with sermon, at 10 a. m., and vespers at 3 p. m.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.

Emmanuel church, West Jefferson street, Rev. Wm. E. Moll, pastor—Sunday services: German preaching at 10 a. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m.; English preaching at 7:30 p. m.

St. John's Lutheran church, corner Washington boulevard and Van Buren streets, Rev. H. P. Danneker, pastor—Services (German), 10 a. m.; services (German), for children, 2 p. m.; services (English), 7:30 p. m.

Trinity corner of Huffman and Oakland streets, Rev. Paul Stoeckelwerth, pastor—Sunday services, 10 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

German Lutheran Zion's church, Creighton avenue and Hann street, Rev. H. Chr. Linder, pastor—Services at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Sundays.

Evangelical Lutheran Concordia congregation, southwest corner of Fletcher and Alliger streets—Sunday services: Preaching at 10 a. m. and Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Rev. August Lange, pastor.

St. Paul's, on Barr street, Rev. Jacob Miller, pastor—Services, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

Grace Lutheran church, Gay and Pontiac streets, Rev. Brandt, pastor—Sunday services as follows: At 10 a. m., German preaching; 2 p. m., children's services.

Emmanuel Lutheran, Broadway and Creighton avenue, Rev. Philip Wambas, Jr., pastor—Sunday services, 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

Sore Throat Prudence

No family medicine chest is well stocked without a bottle of TONSILINE, for you don't know what moment it may be needed to cure a suddenly developed case of Sore Throat. Don't take unnecessary chances, because Sore Throat seems a little ailment. It may be Tonsillitis, Quinsy, Croup or Diphtheria tomorrow. Cure the Sore Throat by taking TONSILINE, the one, exclusive throat remedy, and prevent these dreaded diseases. One dose of TONSILINE will give relief, and a very few doses will cure. It is the stick in time. 25c and 50c, at all druggists. The Tonsiline Co., Canton, Ohio.

WATER FILTER For Cisterns

Is your cistern water dirty? If so, telephone to Emmett Martin and have him put in your cistern, one of his patent Cistern Filters. Guaranteed pure cistern water.

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Mother Gray, for years a Nurse in Children's Home, New York, treated children successfully with a remedy, now prepared and placed in all the Drug Stores, called Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They are harmless as milk. Pleasant to take and never fail. A certain cure for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Teething and Stomach Disorders and remove Worms. Break up a cold in 24 hours. Over 10,000 testimonials of cures. Read what a few mothers say about Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children:

"I use MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS with splendid results. I regard them as the best medicine for children when feverish, or if constipated or troubled with Diarrhoea or Worms."—Mrs. E. Maroun, 336 E. Main St., Meriden, Conn.

"MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN are different from most children's preparations, as they are corrective, curing Diarrhoea or Constipation, and regulate the stomach and bowels. I gladly recommend them to all mothers."—Mrs. Paul Zimmerman, Sturgis, Mich.

"I have neglected writing you to let you know I received the MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN, as I thought I would try them first for my little child. I gave her six powders, and I never saw such a change in a child. She is so much better that she started for school this morning for the first time in nearly a year. I will not hesitate to recommend them to any mother."—Mrs. David Griffin, Hornellsville, N. Y.

"I enclose Post Office Money Order for \$1.00 for MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN. I found the last box most beneficial, not only for baby, but for others in the family, and I wish to constantly have a supply on hand. My daughter also finds it is the best medicine for children she has ever used. Please send as soon as possible and oblige."—Mrs. M. Bradstreet, South Bayfield, Mass.

"I have used the MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN. I think they have done my little boy a great amount of good, and I will recommend them to all my friends."—Mrs. A. B. Scott, Mass., Kansas.

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On account of the great merit and popularity of FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR for Coughs, Colds, and Lung Trouble, several manufacturers are advertising imitations with similar sounding names with the view of profiting by the favorably known reputation of FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR.

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If You Have any Form of Skin Disease, See Dr. Wells, the Specialist, 812 Calhoun Street.

For over three years Dr. Wells has been curing obstinate cases of eczema and other skin diseases after other physicians had failed. He cures more skin diseases than all the other specialists in Fort Wayne and can refer you to hundreds of cases he has cured who have had the disease for a great many years. He believes that practically every case will yield to his treatment. Consultation free.



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All Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.
SUNDAY EXPRESS, No. 1, 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m.
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GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA RAILWAY
FEBRUARY, 1906.—NOW IN EFFECT.
GOING SOUTH Daily Express, No. 1, 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m.
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GOING SOUTH Daily Express, No. 3, 8:00 p.m. to 12:00 a.m.
GOING SOUTH Daily Express, No. 4, 12:00 a.m. to 8:00 a.m.

REVISSED SCHEDULE WABASH SYSTEM
EFFECTIVE (1906) NOVEMBER
ALL TRAINS DAILY
Train leaving Eastport, No. 1, 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m.
Train leaving Eastport, No. 2, 12:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m.
Train leaving Eastport, No. 3, 8:00 p.m. to 12:00 a.m.
Train leaving Eastport, No. 4, 12:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

C. H. & D. RY.
Time Tables.
Leave going east, 8:30 a. m. 1:40 p. m.
Arrive from east, 10:40 a. m. 7:00 p. m.
Connections made at Ottumwa for Toledo, Detroit, Dayton and Cincinnati.

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THE FORT WAYNE & WABASH VALLEY TRACTION COMPANY
Hourly Service to
HOANOK, HUNTINGTON, WABASH, BOYD PARK, PERU, LEWISBURG AND LOGANSPORT.
Trains leave Huntington, west-bound, at 8:00 a. m. and 2:00 p. m. and arrive at Fort Wayne at 10:00 a. m. and 6:00 p. m.
The first train on Sunday leave one hour later.
For rates on chartered cars, etc., apply to C. P. Shilton, Supt. of Transportation, Fort Wayne, Ind.

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No need of cutting off a woman's breast or a man's cheek, nose, lip or ear in a vain attempt to cure cancer. No use of applying burning X-rays, caustics, black salve and caustics to the flesh and torturing those already weak from suffering. Thousands of persons successfully treated. Dr. Zimmerman's mild method kills a cancer in sixty minutes. Only one treatment required. Result, the cancer is cured forever.

25 Years of Continued Success
Curing cancer and chronic diseases. He cures catarrh of head, lungs, stomach. Dropsy, kidneys, bladder, all bad blood and skin diseases, all diseases of the sexual organs of man and woman quickly cured.

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1010 Harrison St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

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Fay Randall

TRY THE SENTINEL WANT COLUMN.



PRACTICAL TEMPERANCE.

How Engineer John F. Stevens, Now of Panama Canal, Once Kept His Workmen from Liquor.

Mr. John F. Stevens, who has undertaken what is said to be "the greatest engineering enterprise in the world," the building of the Panama canal, is a practical prohibitionist. The following from the New York Tribune describes the measures he adopted several years ago to prevent the sale of liquor to a construction gang of several hundred men who under his direction were building a new railroad. They were camped in tents many miles from the nearest settlement, and operations were expensive because provisions had to be hauled a long distance overland, and he could not afford to have the efficiency of the workmen impaired by drink.

"The work went on satisfactorily until some one possessing more enterprise than principle appeared upon the scene to profit by trading upon the vices of the laborers. He erected a rude shack and stocked it with vile whisky. The men, having no other place in which to amuse themselves or spend their money, patronized the saloon so freely that the gang soon became demoralized. It was a costly proposition for the railroad company.

"The saloon was not situated on railroad land, so Mr. Stevens had no legal authority to rid himself of it, and expropriation with the proprietor, who was a cunning money fast, was of no avail. Finally the engineer made a personal visit to the saloon and engaged in an interview with the proprietor.

"When are you going to leave here?" he asked.

"When I get good and ready," was the surly response.

"I am going now," laconically retorted Stevens, and so saying he drew from his pocket a mammoth dynamite cartridge, scratched a match on his corduroy trousers, ignited the fuse, threw the missile of destruction behind the bar and ran. The saloon keeper, decided that he was quite ready to go also and didn't argue the proposition. In 30 seconds the shack was blown to pieces and business was not resumed at the old stand.

"Soon after this a man appeared in the camp carrying in a big tin receptacle which he had on his back a considerable amount of whisky, which he sold to the men. He had been in business only a short time when a sharpshooter acting under Mr. Stevens' orders plugged the can lengthwise while the owner was carrying it on his back. The bullet made two holes in the can. The whisky gurgled out and the thoroughly frightened owner was convinced that he was up against a most effective anti-saloon law. That was the end of the whisky business in that camp."

A DRUNKARD'S SPECIAL.

Unique Midnight Train Which Was Run on the Interurban Railroad of London.

One of the interurban railways of London has, without meaning to do so, done something to promote sobriety. Drunken men on the train were a great annoyance to the sober travelers. This was especially true on the late evening trains, when the drunken men were more numerous. The railway management, besides assigning a car in each evening train for drunks, prepared a train at midnight, especially for them. The only sober persons allowed on this train were those in charge of the drunken fellows. The announcement of the arrangement has had the effect of sobering the bibulous chaps. When the drunks' special, with stalwart railway men ready to put them in the cars, was made up there were none. The drinkers were evidently ashamed to be known as travelers on such a train, and either went home before they became thoroughly drunk or ceased getting drunk. The plan which was intended to assure the comfort of sober travelers, has had a wider effect in shaming the drinkers into at least a degree of sobriety.

FACTS TO PONDER.

Every week our country spends \$22,000,000 for intoxicating drinks.

A drunken passenger threw a lighted match into some gasoline on the launch "Ben Hur," near Detroit, Mich., and in the panic which followed four passengers were drowned.

Rev. J. W. Horsley, chaplain of the house of detention, Clerkenwell, London, asserts that it is not the fogs of winter, but the fogs of summer that cause suicides to increase.

The Columbian hospital, now almost completed in Wilkeson, Pa., will be an exceptional institution. No one will be employed in any capacity who is addicted in the slightest degree to the use of drugs or intoxicating liquors.

Favor the Teetotaler.

The third teetotaler to be elected to the captaincy of the Yale varsity football team is Thomas Leonard Shevlin, who was chosen to succeed Capt. Jim Hogan as the guiding star on the Yale gridiron this season. Capt. Rafferty of the 1903 team was a temperance man, it is said, and Capt. Jim Hogan of the 1904 team prided himself on never having tasted intoxicants.

David Klump, a San Francisco machinist, who could not control his appetite for drink, received from the little daughter of the people at whose house he lived the following note: "Dave Klump, you are a very bad boy, and I wish you would stop drinking. Please satisfy me, Haggie O'Farrell." Klump read the note and killed himself.

AN EASTERN FAMINE

A Sermon by Rev. Frank DeWitt Talmage, D.D.

(Rev. Frank DeWitt Talmage, D. D., in the Christian Herald.)

God grant that gaunt, haggard, parched-skinned, death-dealing famine may never stalk through the streets of our fair cities. Dore's most vivid conceptions of Dante's hell, and Hogarth's most horrible caricatures of degradation and vice, and Vassili Verestchagin's most realistic scenes of the blood-soured battlefields of the Turkish and Russian war, cannot compare in horror with the terrible sights that have been witnessed when maddening famine gets in its work. Could any paintings be more awful than the simple photographs we saw of men and women and children, huddled together in sickening groups, who were slowly starving to death in the awful Indian famine of 1877 and 1878? Could any war be more fearful than the simple statement, which declares that in the famous Bengal famine of 1770, out of thirty millions of inhabitants, ten millions, or one-third of the whole population, were dead within a few months.

The same kind of a fearful famine that cursed Russia in 1892, to which the American states, Texas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri and Indiana carried their bread-stuffs, contributed by the generous readers of the Christian Herald, the same kind of a famine that devastated Ireland in 1847 and in 1848 and 1849; the same kind of a famine as that which destroyed two-thirds of the inhabitants of the Cape Verde islands in 1859; the same kind of a famine which blasted the land of Africa during Joseph's premiership, and is now devastating the land of Japan, was depopulating Palestine. "Oh, God, give us rain!" is crying the rich man in his palace. "Oh, God, give us rain!" cries the poor peasant in his hut. "Give us rain! Give us rain, or we die!" were the universal pleadings. But no rain came. On account of King Ahab's sins, God had decreed that no rain was to descend upon Palestine hills and valleys for three long years.

We leave the hills and the valleys of the interior. We come down towards the Mediterranean shore, to the beautiful city of Zarephath, situated near Tyre and Sidon. There we find the desolation appalling. The horses, cattle and sheep died months ago. The drought has already lasted two long years. The cattle had no food to live on. They had to die. The grass and the wheat had long since disappeared. Men and women and children were dying by the scores and the hundreds. Fever and scurvy were every day adding to the death list. The whole city was becoming one great charnel-house. The fields were bare and the harvest was as hard as baked and cracked clay. As I stand in imagination upon the outskirts of the city, amid these scenes of desolation and death, I see a humble woman, weak and tottering, gathering a few sticks to build a fire. Along comes a tall, gaunt, dignified man. He looks like a horn leader of men. He needs the woman something like this:

"Woman, I pray thee, hasten and bring me drink." She turns to do his bidding. Then, in a matter-of-fact way, the stranger says, "Bring me, I pray thee, a morsel of bread in thine hand." He practically says: "When you go for water, bring a little food, too. The woman, weak and tottering from starvation, turns and looks at him in amazement. Then she speaks in this wise, 'Man, what are you talking about. Are you mad? We are starving. We are dying. The dead in our streets lie unburied! I have starved and starved. I have cut the daily supply of food down and down, until now we are at the end. I have but a handful of meal and a little oil. I am going to cook this, and then you and I shall both lie down and die.' With that Elijah the Tishbite, said, 'Woman, do as I say and God will take care of thee. For this saith the Lord, the God of Israel, that thou wilt not waste, neither shall the cruse of oil fail, until the day the Lord sendeth rain upon the face of the earth.' Such is the simple story of how God saved the poor widow and her son during the Zarephath famine, because she was willing to do what God's prophet commanded.

The Zarephath famine, in the first place, teaches that the good and the innocent must conjointly suffer from the evil results of the deeds of the bad. Sir Walter Scott's business partner, Walter Scott, had to suffer. The owner of Abbotsford had to shoulder \$600,000 debt. The son-in-law of Francis Grady proved to be a scoundrel. Innocent Francis Grady had to resign the presidential chair of France, because his son-in-law, Wilson, was convicted of selling the decorations and the offices of the government for cash. And the unjust, unrighteous, and the tares alike. The evil deeds of a husband curse not only himself but his wife and his children also. When the wayward Hebrew prince was hung, David, the broken-hearted father, went to his "chamber over the gate, and wept; and as he went, thus he said, O my son Absalom, my son, my son, why didst thou hate me, O Absalom, my son, my son?" The prodigal, in his rags and in disgrace, in the far country, tending the herd of swine, sharing with them their fodder and chewing the husks thrown to the four-footed, unclean, filthy beasts, is not more pathetic than the mourning parent, waiting and watching for his youngest boy to come back home. Yes, yes, sin brings the famines which afflict the good and the bad, the innocent and the guilty alike. The evil deeds of an Ahab and a Jezebel caused the poor widow of Zarephath and her only son to starve.

Cannot you find any direct connection between the sins of Ahab's palace and the hunger gnawing at this poor widow's vitals? We ascend the beautiful hills of Samaria. We find there a heathen temple. We find there the king's palace, a place of licentiousness and immoral filth and drunken carousals. Then, we hear the prophet say, "Ahab, and Jezebel, on account of your sins, I will send a drought upon the land. For three long years not a drop of rain shall fall." Ah! I laughed at the simple story. "I am not afraid. Such a beautiful country and such rich farm lands as ours will never be turned into a desert. Threatening prophet, I defy thee!" But, day after day, the hot sun burned. Day after day, week after week, month after month, no rain or dew. Two long years of drought had passed over the land. The vineyards were gone. The harvests were gone. The orchards were gone. God was starving Ahab and Jezebel. But while he was starving the king and queen, the poor widow and her only son were also suffering in the Zarephath hut. The sin of the father visited upon a child, even unto the third and the fourth generations. The good and the innocent suffer for the evil deeds of the corrupt and the befoiled. Oh, man, be not an Ahab. Oh, woman, do not become a Jezebel. Avoid the sin which will bring a curse and blight on the hearts of the innocent ones by your side, as well as on your own lives.

This Eastern famine teaches us another lesson. God always honors the men and the women who honor his messengers. He honored this poor starving widow of Zarephath. Why? She was ready to care for and house his ambassador, Elijah the Tishbite. He honored Rahab the harlot. He secreted the spies that Joshua sent to Jericho. He honored Abraham. Abraham, because of his faith, the three angels who came to him on the plains of Mamre. He honored Naaman. Naaman was ready to obey the commands of Elisha. He honored David. David went before Nathan. He honored Hezekiah. Hezekiah honored Isaiah. All through the Bible, you can find this mighty and far-reaching law enunciated and illustrated, whereby God blesses those who honor his messengers and despise or turn their backs upon his ambassadors.

TEXT:
I Kings, 17:14: "The barrel of meal shall not want, neither shall the cruse of oil fail."

friend was put upon the operating table. The dreaded morning came. You were down bright and early to the hospital. She lay in bed a little flushed and her eye bright. Neither you nor she made any reference to the danger, but just as the doctors and nurses came into the room, dressed in white aprons, to give the anesthetic, she gave her arms about your neck and whispered, "Good-by, mamma, dear. I don't wake up, good-by, good-by!" Oh, yes, you remember that day. They laid her out on the stretcher. The door of that artificial operating room was shut. You could not see, you dare not go in. You waited up and down the hall, up and down. You came to the door and you heard. You kept saying, "Oh, God, save her! Oh, God, give me back my darling! Oh, God, save her, save her! Give me back to me!" Then you remember the hallowed prayer you uttered, when the doctors opened the door and put her head out of the room and said, "She is all right. Everything is all right."

This was the feeling of relief and gratitude of yonder mother of Zarephath, when she knew that her boy was not going to starve to death. The danger of starvation was past. We can see the boy growing fat and plump. The mother's sin has become strong and elastic. As the lad moves before her door we can see her smile as she hears his happy laugh. Methinks, perhaps, she has even given a little careless and forgetful of late towards God, as some of us do, when we are surrounded by many apparently permanent blessings. But only the long arm of death reaches through the opened window of this woman's hut. The arm may be covered with flesh. The arm may not be a skeleton from starvation, but it is the arm of death. Within a few hours the child is dead. At once the widow goes to Elijah and begs of him, by the power of God, to restore unto her the life of her boy. Elijah, by God's power, does so. What is the practical Christian's answer to this? In every drought of Zarephath there is a famine within a famine. There is always a death within a death—a temptation within a temptation. If you or I are ever going to be spiritually safe, we must always keep living near to God, else the second death will be as bad as the first death.

When the first moral or spiritual dangers of life are past, it is easy to blind our eyes to the second and the third, and the fourth and the fifth and the sixth and the seventh and the eighth and the ninth and the tenth. Let him that thinks he stands, take heed lest he fall. Here, for instance, is a man, who for years has been addicted to intoxicating drink. He has fought it and fought it, until at last, by the grace of God, he has triumphed. But though for years, he has never tasted a glass of liquor, he has become so absorbed in making money that he has gradually drifted away from walking with God. One day he has an awful awakening. He finds that his faith in Jesus Christ is gone, or that his only boy, who is now more to him than his life, is a drunkard, a libertine or a thief. This is a danger he never dreamed about or guarded against. Famine within famine; death within death. And so, my friends, no matter how many dangers God has rescued us from in the past, that is no reason why we should turn our backs upon God now. Like the poor widow of Zarephath, we must live and continue to live close to God, for there are moral and spiritual dangers everywhere we turn and everywhere we look.

But did you ever stop to consider how long this supply of meal and oil lasted? Just as long as the famine lasted. No more, no less. No sooner did the rain descend upon the earth and the orchards began to give forth their fruits and the gardens their vegetables and the fields their harvests than this miraculous supply of food stopped, as suddenly as the manna of the wilderness ceased when the children of Israel passed over the Jordan into the Promised Land. When man can help himself God always expects him to do so. God never takes care of a man who is not willing to help take care of himself.

Methinks I can hear a conversation between two lazy men of the Israelite army the day after they had passed over into the Promised Land. Joshua was sending forth his foraging parties to provide food for the encampment. "Oh," says one of these men to the other, "there may be lots of rich grapes around here, and lots of deer and birds; but I guess I will not hunt after them. Hunting always makes me tired. Come, let's go out and get the manna." The second man says, "The manna is good enough for me. We do not have to work for that." And so they go forth to collect their daily supply. What has happened? For the first week-day in over forty years the ground is bare. God never helps a man when he can help himself. And so, methinks, I can see this poor widow, after the gardens are moistened with the rain, say to her son, "Come, my boy, let's go out and get the dinner." But when she looks into the barrel it is empty. The manna is gone and the oil is gone. God said, "The barrel of meal shall not waste, nor the cruse of oil fail until the day the Lord sendeth rain upon the earth." God never helps a man when he is able to help himself.

Standing by Zarephath of the East, are you ready to go to work in God's vineyard and do the best you can for God? Showers of blessings are falling everywhere around us. Are you ready to give up your life to the service of the Master? Remember that when this poor widow gave to Elijah of the little she had there was not only enough for the Tishbite, but also enough left for herself and her boy. Are you ready to give your all for Christ and trust him that he will care and provide for you? Are you ready to give of your portion to help others who need it sorely, like those poor farmer-folk in famine-stricken Japan? The reason some of us do not grow in spiritual life is because we expect God to do all, and we are not willing to give all.

Is the cruse of comfort failing? Rise and share it with another. And through all the years of famine, it shall serve thee and thy brother; Love-thine will fill thy storehouse, and the handful still remain. So, for the first time often make a royal feast for two.

And who was this Zarephath woman? Was she a Hebrew? Was she a believer in the true God? Can we, not in the beginning. She was a native of a city of Sidon. The city was not a Hebrew province. She was a Gentile. In other words, when Elijah spoke to this widow of Zarephath, he became as Dr. Lightfoot expresses it, "the first

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On such accounts 4 per cent interest is paid by
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prophet to the Gentiles." Today, like Elijah, I seem to be appealing not only to those who love Christ, but also to those who are of Sidon, or outside of the church of God. Like this woman of Zarephath, will you receive me as the messenger of God? Will you accept my Savior as your Savior? May we, in this famine of sin, be succored and saved by the God of Elijah, the God who saved the poor widow of Zarephath.

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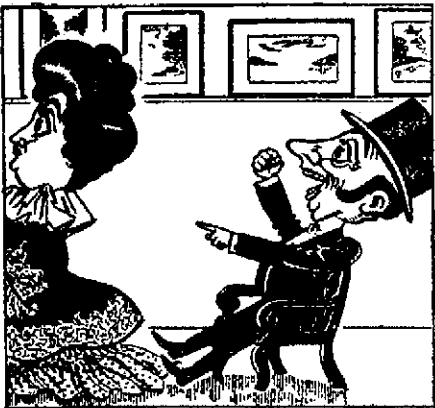
DR. E. F. SITES
Has removed his dental office from 228 Calhoun Street, where he has been for eighteen years, to 112 West Wayne street, four doors from Calhoun, near Sentinel.

The Jolt Wagne Sentinel

FUN BY 20th CENTURY FUN MAKERS



1. MRS. AB. SENTMIND—It is going to be an awfully swell affair to-night, dear. Oh, by the way, Ab, don't sit in that chair. I varnished it this afternoon. Now don't forget.
MR. AB. SENTMIND—Don't forget! You always say that. You appear to think I have no memory at all.



2. MRS. AB. SENTMIND—Oh, dear me, I forgot my handkerchief.
MR. AB. SENTMIND—Ha, ha! Ho, ho! Now who forgets?



3. MRS. AB. SENTMIND—O-o-h-h! Ab! You are sitting in that freshly varnished chair, after I told you not to.
MR. AB. SENTMIND—! ! ! ? d!



4. MRS. AB. SENTMIND—Boo, hoo, hoo! You are varnish from head to foot. Oh, you forgetful brute! Your suit is ruined! Now we can't go to the dinner. Oh, you shall pay dear for this!

LITTLE REGGIE IS MISTAKEN FOR A MASHER.



REGGIE—I'm counting the seconds until the girls arrive; they ought to be here soon.
MR. SMITH—Why, bless my soul, if that young fellow isn't trying to flirt with me, and if I'm not mistaken he's the same one that tried it the other day. I'll call the officer and have him arrested.



REGGIE—Why, this is outrageous! Preposterous! Trying to flirt! Why, I'm waiting for two friends of mine. They'll be here directly, and they'll clear me.
MR. SMITH—Don't talk back, young man. You did make eyes at me.
OFFICER—Well, I'll have to take you along if this lady presses the charge.



REGGIE—Ah! Here are two friends of mine. They'll tell you the truth. (Reggie to his chums)—Boys, do I ever flirt? Am I a masher?
OFFICER—Speak up, young fellows; this lady has made a charge against him. Is he a flirt?
CHUMS—You just bet he is. Why, there are very few people can withstand him. He is a regular Lothario.



OFFICER—Then you'll have to come along with me.
MR. SMITH—Oh, yes, I'll take the trouble to appear against him. I knew I wasn't mistaken in him. You see, his friends claim he is an old offender.
CHUMS—By, by, Reggie. Don't worry about the girls; we'll take care of them. The next time you have to wait, try to refrain from flirting.

AIN'T MEN THE WRETCHES?

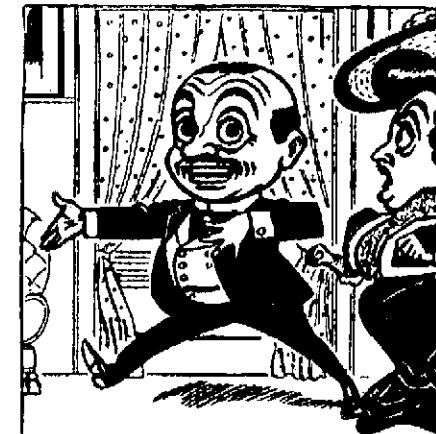
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1.—MRS. SNOOKS—John, you must go to church this morning; I insist on it. Now, I'll take no excuse whatever. My word is going to be law THIS time, sure.
MR. SNOOKS (aside)—Hawwaw! I must get out of THIS.



2.—MR. SNOOKS—Am I going to church? Well, you can just bet your life I am. That lovely Mrs. Peachblow and that divine Mrs. Prettyman are going to be there. Oh, such grace, such loveliness, such figures.



3.—MR. SNOOKS (continuing)—Gee! let me get my hat and coat. GOING TO CHURCH? Well, I should say, YES. Why couldn't I sit for hours gazing at these two lovely creatures. I—



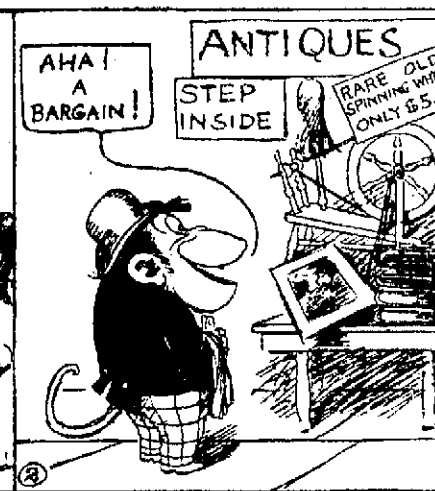
4.—MRS. SNOOKS—John! Snooks! BRUTE! DON JUAN! COME BACK! You shall not go to church if that is what you go for. Such outrageous sacrilege I never heard of in my life. YOU stay home, you do. I wouldn't let you go to church now for anything. So, there.

IN JUNGLE SOCIETY.

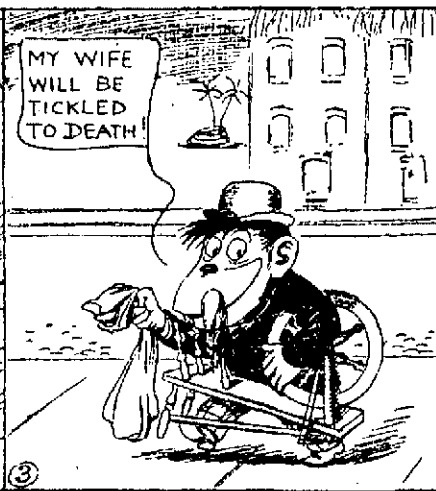
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YES DEAR!
NOW HURRY, HURRY OUT AND GET ME A SACK OF COAL FOR THE RANGE, AND BE SURE AND BRING BACK THE RIGHT CHANGE!



AHA! A BARGAIN!
ANTIQUES
STEP INSIDE
RARE OLD SPINNING WHEEL ONLY \$5.98



MY WIFE WILL BE TICKLED TO DEATH!

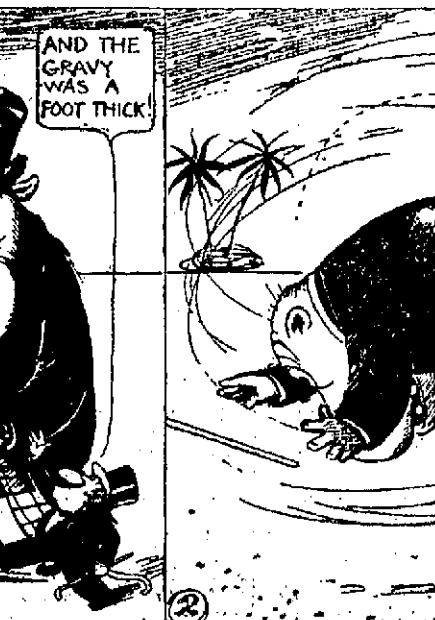


IF YOU WON'T BUY COAL, I'LL HAVE TO BURN THIS WORTHLESS THING!

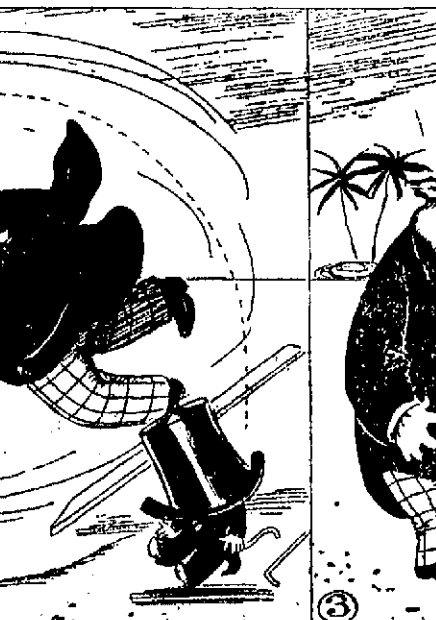
Mr. Monk Thought a Spinning Wheel So much More Artistic Than a Sack of Coal.



YOU DON'T SAY!



AND THE GRAY WAS A FOOT THICK!



I WONDER WHAT'S BECOME OF HIM!



WHAT IS HOME WITHOUT MOTHER'S PRIDE?

NOW, WHAT D'YE THINK OF THAT?

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"John is so horsey," his sister averred. The charge was too true to deny.



"You can lead him to water, or so I have heard, But you can't make him drink it," said I.



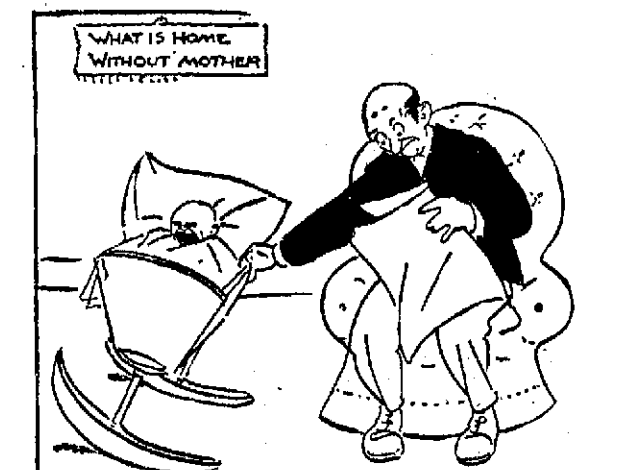
Whereat, womanlike, she declared the euphon That I was defaming her dear brother John.

JUST FOR FUN.

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BARBER—Like your eyebrows brushed wet or dry, sir?



The hand that rocks the cradle is the hand that rules the world.

four doors from Calhoun, near Sentipal

JUST KIDS.



"Now! I don't want to play William Tell. S'posin' you hit me 'old o' the crackers now fer? Why don't you wait 'till the Fourth?"

"Dat's all right, Percy. Dere's a hose. 'I might be sick on the Fourth."

"What are you shootin' your fire at?"

"Dat's all right, Percy. Dere's a hose. 'I might be sick on the Fourth."

"What's de matter wid Chimie?"

"Aw, he had a straight tip on de race yesterday."

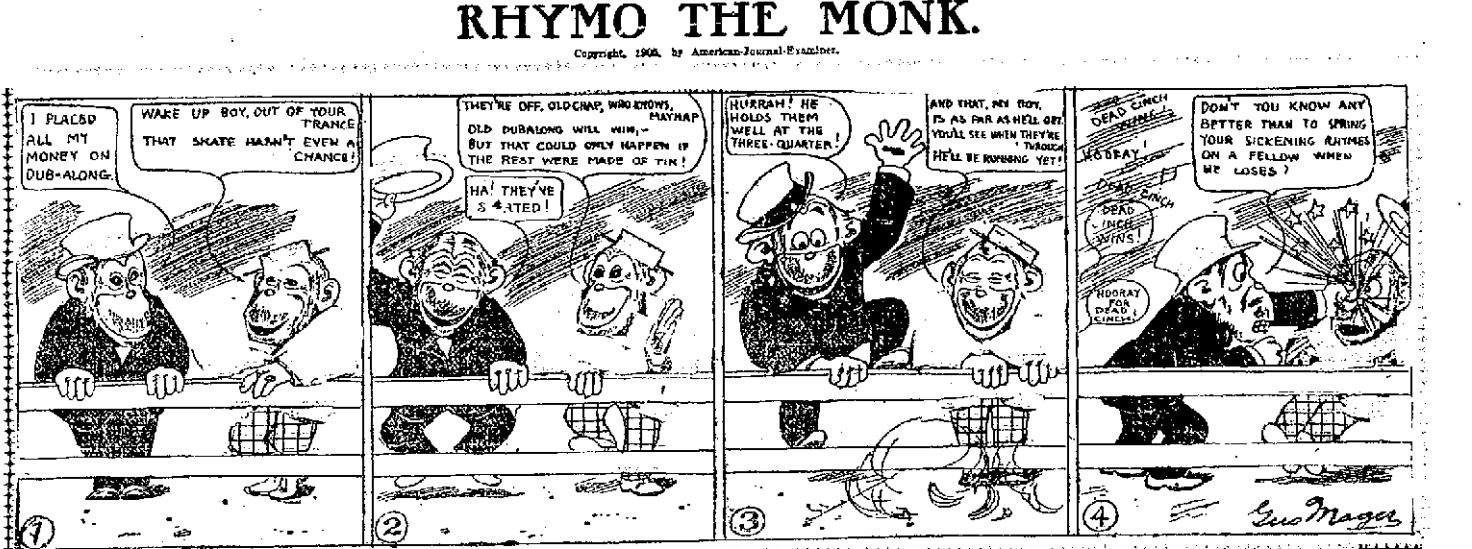
"Let's run away from home an' go to sea."

"Wet! An' miss all de ball games?"

"Nix!"

RHYMO THE MONK.

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THE ODDS WERE LONG, THE RACE WAS SHORT; AND RHYMO'S FRIEND WAS A BUSTED SPORT.

STRANGE WHAT A DIFFERENCE A MERE MAN MAKES.

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MR. E. Z. MARK IS SUBPOENAED FOR THE JURY.

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THE HALL-ROOM BOYS.

THEY DO IT ON \$7.50 PER.

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